

Homework №3

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- 1 Let x_1, \dots, x_n be a sample from a uniform distribution $\text{Unif}(0, \theta)$. Denote by Z the following:

$$Z = x_{\max}/\theta, x_{\max} = \max(x_1, \dots, x_n)$$

- Prove that random variable Z has the following distribution function

$$F_Z(z) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } z < 0 \\ z^n, & \text{for } z \in [0, 1] \\ 1, & \text{for } z > 1 \end{cases}$$

- For a fixed θ find the lower boundary L_{low} of a confidence interval for a parameter θ , such as for given $1 - \alpha$

$$P(\theta \geq L_{\text{low}}) = 1 - \alpha.$$

1.1 Distribution

First of all let's denote that $\xi = \text{Uniform}(0, \theta) \Rightarrow F_\xi(x) = \frac{x}{\theta}$

$$F_Z(z) = P(Z < z) = P(\max(x_1, \dots, x_n)/\theta < z) = P(\max(x_1, \dots, x_n) < \theta z) = P(x_1 < z\theta) \cdot \dots \cdot P(x_n < z\theta) = P^n(\xi < z\theta) = F_\xi^n(z\theta) = z^n$$

Taking in account that objects in a sample are independent we can rewrite the following as: $P(\max(x_1, \dots, x_n) < z) = P(x_1 < z) \cdot \dots \cdot P(x_n < z)$

1.2 Interval

Using the found distribution function let's find the left-sided confidence interval for our variable:

$$P(Z < \phi) = \gamma = 1 - \alpha = F_Z(\phi) = \phi^n \Rightarrow 1 - \alpha = \phi^n \Rightarrow \phi = \sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}$$

Let's rewrite the confidence interval:

$$Z < \phi$$

$$Z < \sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}$$

$$\frac{x_{\max}}{\theta} < \sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}$$

$$x_{\max} < \theta \sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}$$

$$\theta > \frac{x_{\max}}{\sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}}$$

So, we get the that $L_{\text{low}} = \frac{x_{\max}}{\sqrt[n]{1 - \alpha}}$