EVNDISP Manual IACT event analysis and display v4.00

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.

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Abstract

event display is a complete package for VERITAS and CTA analysis (whatever 'complete' means...) The package consists of several analysis steps and tools:

- 1. evndisp (calibrate and parametrize images, event reconstruction, stereo analysis)
- 2. mscw_energy (use lookup tables to produce msw, msl, and energies)
- 3. anasum (produce maps and calculate analysis results)
- 4. shared library tools and macros (see EVNDISP/lib/libVAnaSum.so and EVNDISP/macros/) (produce the energy spectrum and integral fluxes, plot maps, etc.)
- 5. makeEffectiveArea (calculate effective areas)
- 6. makeOptimizeBoxCutsTMVA (tools to optimize cuts)
- 7. ...

This is a very incomplete manual, started in September 2009. Please help updating it.

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Documentation

EVNDISP is work-in-progress and the documentation is not in the state it is supposed to be. Apart from the information in this manual, other sources for help are:

README files

INSTALL: information on installation the analysis package, dependencies, environmental variables

README.CTA: short description of a typical CTA analysis

README.VTS: description of a typical VERITAS analysis

AUTHORS: author description

Description and command line options for the different software parts:

README.EVNDISP:

README.MSCW_ENERGY:

README.ANASUM:

README.EFFECTIVEAREA:

README.ANALYSISLIBRARY:

README.SCRIPTS:

README.MACROS:

WIKI pages

The EVNDISP manual for VERITAS users:

http://veritas.sao.arizona.edu/wiki/index.php/Eventdisplay_Manual

Introduction

eventdisplay - calibration, image analysis and stereo reconstruction

Input data format

4.1 VBF - VERITAS Bank Format

4.2 DST - data summary tree

The DST format is a simple ROOT tree containing standard C++ variables only (no class data).

4.2.1 Limitations

The implementation requires the hardwiring of the maximum number of telescopes, channels, etc. These values can be found in inc/VGlobalRunParameter, for example:

```
// HARDWIRED MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TELESCOPES AND CHANNELS, etc.

// maximum number of telescopes

#define VDST_MAXTELESCOPES 100

// maximum number of channels per telescopes

#define VDST_MAXCHANNELS 12000

// maximum number of summation windows

// (=maximum number of samples per FADC trace)

#define VDST_MAXSUMWINDOW 16

// maximum number of time slices for pedestal calculation

#define VDST_PEDTIMESLICES 5000

// maximum number of arrayreconstruction method

#define VDST_MAXRECMETHODS 100

// maximum number of timing levels

#define VDST_MAXTIMINGLEVELS 10
```

NOTE: These numbers determine the memory requirements of *evndisp* and *CTA.convert_hessio_to_VDST*. **NOTE:** *evndisp* must be compiled with the same settings as the writing program.

CTA analysis

5.1 General concept

To use Eventdisplay for CTA analyses, you first have to convert the *simtel.gz* file into ROOT format. This you have to do for each subarray separately. Afterwards you can analyze this subarray file running *eventdisplay* in the standard way, which means:

\$EVNDISPSYS/bin/CTA.convert_hessio_to_VDST Convert simtel.gz files into ROOT format

\$EVNDISPSYS/bin/eventdisplay ImageCleaning & Calculation of telescope parameters & Reconstruction of the direction

\$EVNDISPSYS/bin/mscw_energy Use lookup tables to estimate the energy

\$EVNDISPSYS/bin/makeEffectiveArea Make effective areas

\$EVNDISPSYS/macros/plot_sensitivity.C plot sensitivity curves

(For most of the stuff there are scripts to run the analysis on the DESY batch system. Use them to simplify your life!)

5.2 Analysis

NOTE: By converting a CTA.simtel.gz file into evndisp.root format you have to specify a subarray! EVNDISP is not able to handle the complete 275 telescopes at once!

5.2.1 Step 1: Converter

EVNDISPSYS/bin/CTA.convert_hessio_to_VDST (run it to all the possible inputparameter)

5.2.2 Display (event-by-event)

EVNDISPSYS/bin/evndisp

e.g.

 $\$ = 10.0 -border thresh=5.0 -sourcefile $\$ = 10.2 -border thresh=5.0 -sourcefile $\$ = 2TA_USER_DATA_DIR/simtel.root 5.2 Analysis 7

5.2.3 Step 1 & 2 combined [USE]

Run the converter and Eventdisplay for a specific subarray: use script $EVNDISPSYS/script-s/CTA/CTA.EVNDISP.sub_convert_and_analyse_MC_VDST.sh$

NOTE: The image cleaning thresholds can be specified in the file \$EVNDISPDATA/ParameterFiles/EVNDISP.reconstruction.runparameter file either for all telescopes to the same values or for each telescope type seperately.

5.2.4 Step 3: mscw_energy

If you use standard configurations maybe some lookup tables already exist (ask Gernot or Heike where you could find them).

If not, you have to create them yourself with

\$EVNDISPSYS/scripts/CTA/CTA.MSCW_ENERGY.sub_make_tables.sh

If you have your lookup tables you have to run mscw_energy for estimating the energy of each event:

 $\verb§EVNDISPSYS/scripts/CTA/CTA.MSCW_ENERGY.sub_analyse_MC.sh$

Step 4: Effective Areas —

To calculate effective areas, look at:

 ${\tt \$EVNDISPSYS/scripts/CTA/CTA.EFFAREA.sub_analyse.sh}$

For the first time you have to use mscw files as input since MCpars has to be analysed once. If you change your cuts afterwards (but not the number of input files) you can use the faster version by using the effective area file as input (helps a lot for protons).

coordinate systems