#### **ABSTRACT**

Cloud computing is latest emerging technology for large scale distributed computing and parallel computing. Cloud computing gives large pool of shared resources, software packages, information, storage and many different applications as per user demands at any instance of time. Cloud computing is emerging quickly; a large number of users are attracted towards cloud services for more satisfaction. Balancing the load has become more interesting research area in this field. Better load balancing algorithm in cloud system increases the performance and resources utilization by dynamically distributing workload among various nodes in the system. Cloud load balancing refers to distributing client requests across multiple application servers that are running in a cloud environment. Like other forms of load balancing, cloud load balancing enables you to maximize application performance and reliability; its advantages over traditional load balancing of on-premises resources are the (usually) lower cost and the ease of scaling the application up or down to match demand.

#### INTRODUCTION

cloud computing is called as internet based computing in which many different services such as server, storage, virtualization and various application are given to the users and organization over the internet. There are several issues in cloud computing paradigm but balancing the load is major issue (challenge) in cloud computing environment. Load balancing is a methodology which provides methods to maximize throughput, utilization of resources and performance of system. As a part of its services, it gives easy and flexible process to keep data or files and make them available for large scale of users. To make the use of resources most efficiently in cloud system, there are several load balancing algorithms.

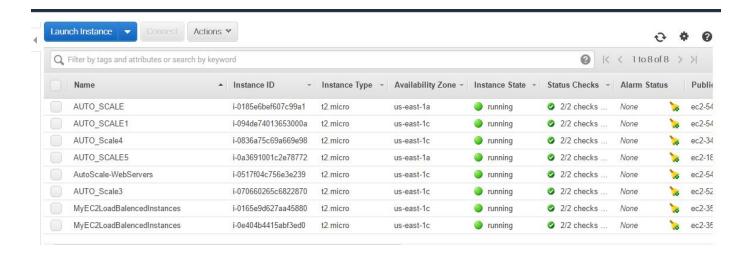
### ADVANTAGES OF A LOAD BALANCER

- Increased Scalability
- Redundancy
- Reduced Downtime, Increased Performance
- Efficiently Manages Failures
- Increased Flexibility

### **STEPS**

# **Step1: Instances On AWS:**

The two instances are created on AWS. The following is the list of instances. Our two instances are with the name 'MyEC2LoadBalancerInstances'.



#### Information For Instance 1:

The instance is identified by its unique ID. The following is the information about Instance1.

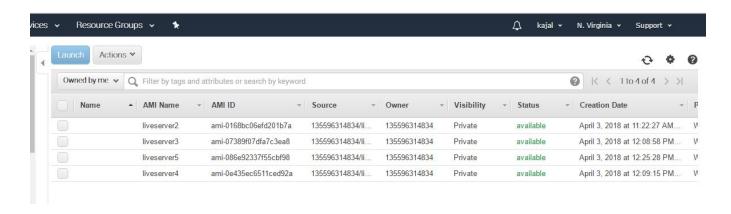


• Information for Instance 2:

The instance is identified by its unique ID. The following is the information about Instance2.

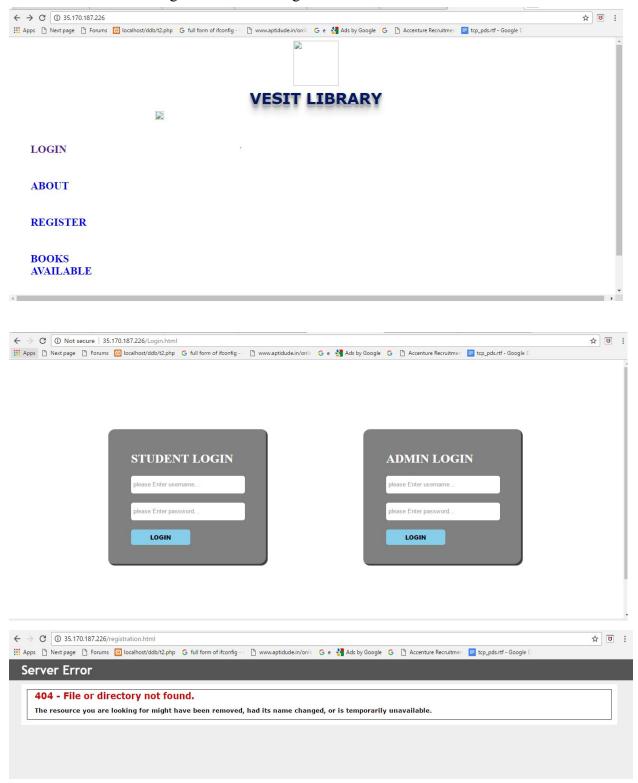


Step2. Creation of AMI's

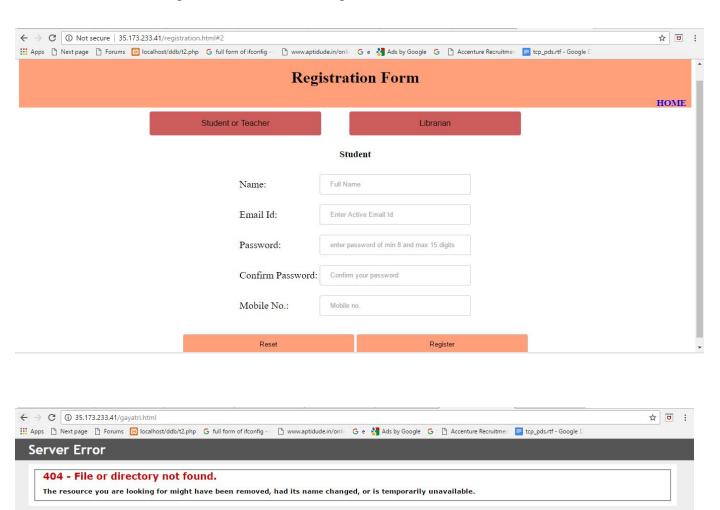


# Step3: Content available.

• On Instance 1: Login is available. Registration is not available

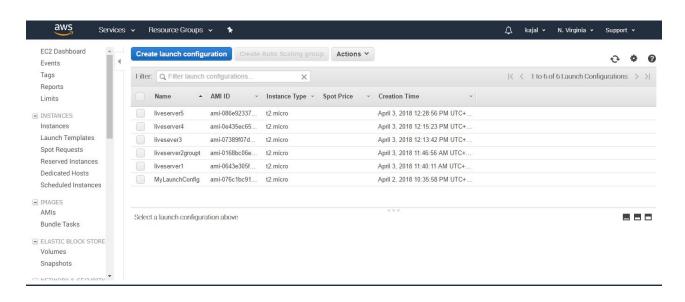


• On Instance 2: Registration is available. Login is not available.

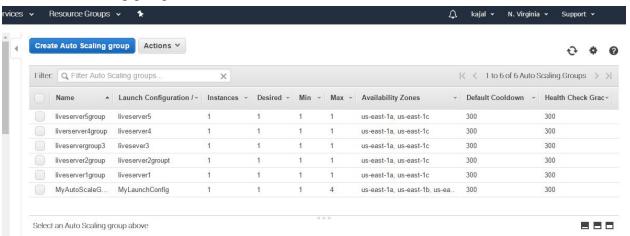


# **Step4: Creation of Auto scaling groups:**

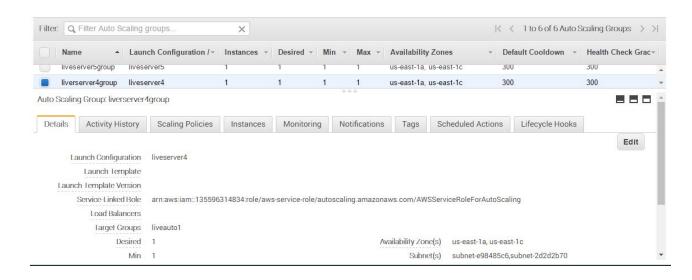
• Launch Configuration:

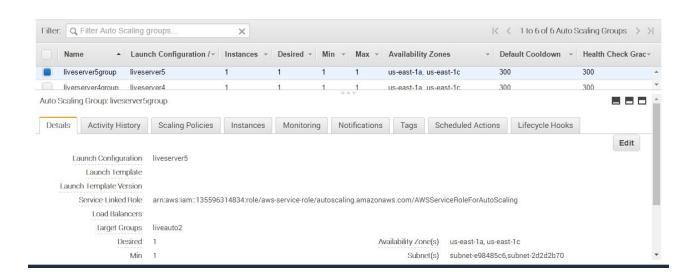


Auto scaling groups



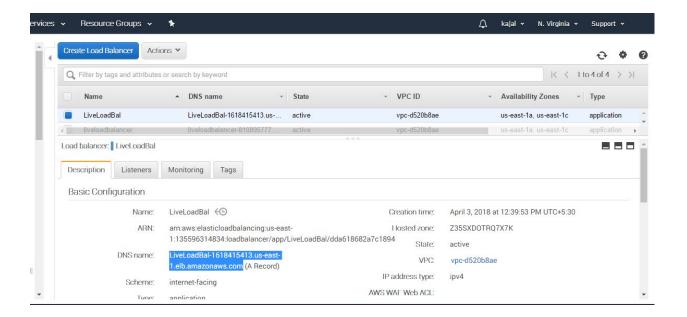
# Set target for auto scaling groups





### Step5: Creation Of Load Balancer.

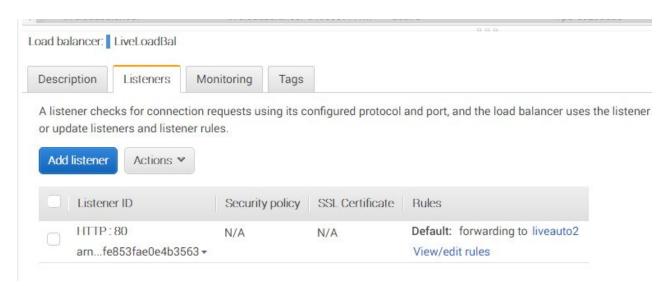
Amazon EC2 Auto Scaling integrates with Elastic Load Balancing to enable you to attach one or more load balancers to an existing Auto Scaling group. After you attach the load balancer, it automatically registers the instances in the group and distributes incoming traffic across the instances.



### **Step6: Set Rules for Load Balancer**

The rules that you define for your listener determine how the load balancer routes requests to the targets in one or more target groups.

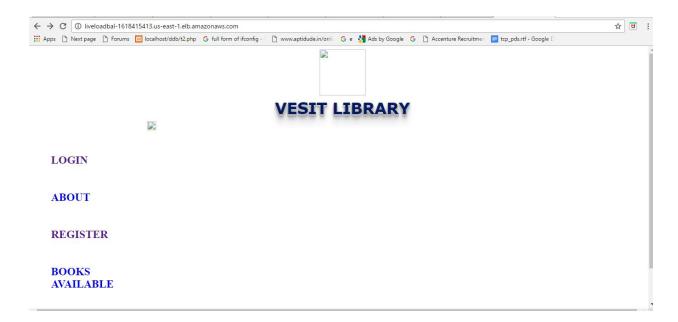
- To add a rule using the console
- 1. Open the Amazon EC2 console at <a href="https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/">https://console.aws.amazon.com/ec2/</a>.
- 2. On the navigation pane, under LOAD BALANCING, choose Load Balancers.
- 3. Select the load balancer and choose **Listeners**.
- 4. For the listener to update, choose View/edit rules.
- 5. Choose the **Add rules** icon (the plus sign) in the menu bar, which adds **Insert Rule** icons at the locations where you can insert a rule in the priority order.

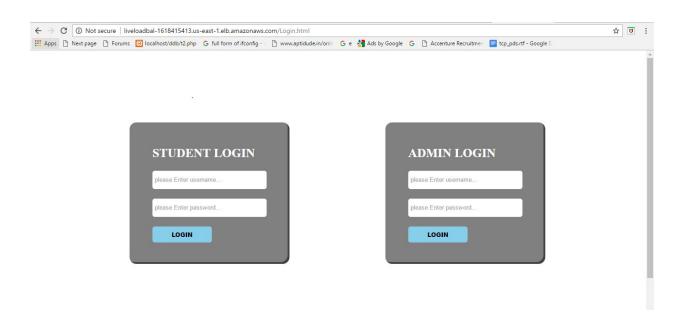


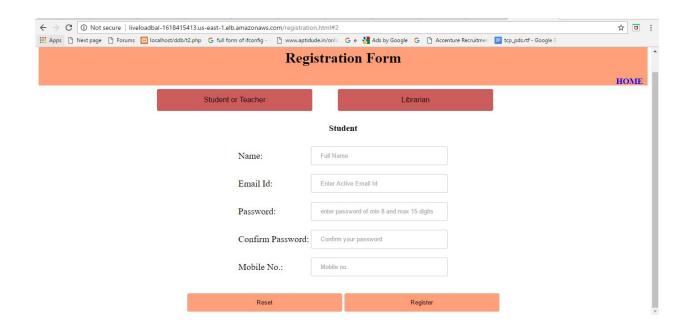


# Step7: Accessing Load balancer using DNS name.

Here Both Registration and Login are available.







### **Conclusion:**

By introducing load balancing, the traffic can be spread across multiple servers and the increase in the traffic can be handled in a much easier manner. When you use load balancing for maintaining a website on more than one web server, the impact of hardware failure on a site's overall uptime can be limited significantly. By implementing load balancing you can achieve redundancy. This means that when the website traffic is sent to two or more web servers and one server fails, then the load balancer will automatically transfer the traffic to the other working servers. Load balancing helps in detecting failures early on and manages them efficiently, making sure that failure of any kind doesn't affect the servers or the workload.