Mining Transcriptomics Data on VEuPathDB: An Exercise

Genes up-regulated in mosquito tissues during Wolbachia infection



The search question



Wolbachia pipientis is a maternally inherited intracellular bacterium that is found in a wide range of arthropod species. It induces diverse reproductive abnormalities in its hosts. The virulent Wolbachia strain wMelPop has been introduced into the Dengue virus mosquito vector, Aedes aegypti, as a strategy to reduce disease transmission by shortening mosquito lifespan.

wMelPop grows to high densities particularly in the brain but also in the somatic tissues of its mosquito host. In this exercise, the goal is to find *Aedes aegypti* genes that are upregulated in both head and muscle during infection with Wolbachia. Additionally, we want to determine possible functions shared by these genes.



What platform is best suited for this question?



This knowledgebase has data and informatics resources for vectors of human pathogens, including Aedes, Anopheles, Culex, Glossina, Ixodes, etc.

What search is best suited for this question?

▼ Transcriptomics

Q Microarray Evidence

Q RNA-Seq Evidence

Q Single Cell RNA-Seq Evidence

VectorBase has a microarray data set that compared Wolbachia infected and uninfected mosquito head and muscle. The Direct Comparison search for this dataset returns genes whose expression varies between samples in pairwise comparisons.

What is a possible search strategy that will answer this question?

Use the Microarray Evidence data and the Direct Comparison search in two steps- (1) identify genes that are up-regulated in **infected vs. uninfected head** samples, (2) intersect with another search that returns genes up-regulated in **infected vs uninfected muscle** samples.

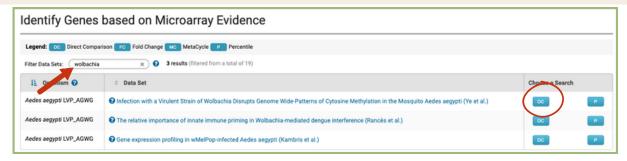
1. Navigate to the appropriate search

- Navigate to VectorBase.org
- From the sidebar or header, search for "microarray" and click on Microarray
 Evidence





2. Choose appropriate experiments & parameters within the search



- Choose the **Direct Comparison** search for the dataset titled 'Infection with a Virulent Strain of Wolbachia Disrupts Genome Wide-Patterns of Cytosine Methylation in the Mosquito Aedes aegypti (Ye et al.)'
- Configure the search to returns genes that are up-regulated 2 fold in infected head vs. uninfected.

How many genes did you get?

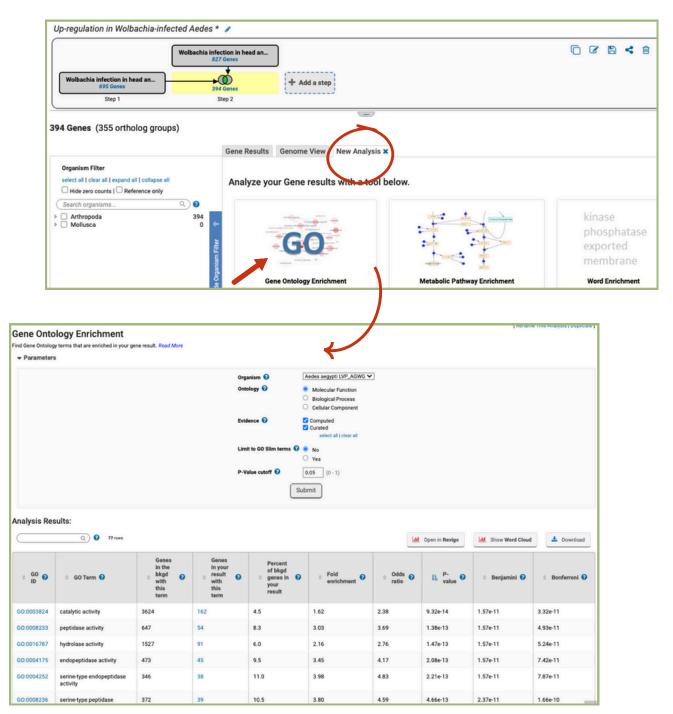


3. Add a step to your search strategy to intersect with genes up-regulated in muscle



4. Explore the molecular functions of the up-regulated genes

Determine enriched Molecular Function **Gene Ontology** (GO) terms for the upregulated genes. Make sure you are viewing the combined result (the Step 2 result will be highlighted yellow) and click Analyze Result to open the Enrichment Tool.



What gene functions are shared by the combined result? What biological role can you envision for these mosquito genes during the *Wolbachia* infection?