## Tron 3D

### tron3d.jutge.org

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# 1 Introduction

Hello student! This semester you will compete against your classmates playing **Tron 3D**. Lucky you!

In this game, programs written by the students will fight against each other in successive rounds. The worst program at the end of each round will be out of the competition. Your qualification will depend on the number of rounds your program stays in the game.

The best 16 programs will get the maximum score and will be classified for the Grand Final, a match to find the greatest Tron light-bike rider. This player will be honored with the entrance to the **Tron 3D Hall of Fame** and will be given a lollipop.

To enter the competition and have a chance to win this prize, you only need to write a program capable of defeating our "Dummy" program.

### 2 Game rules

In this game 2 or 4 players will compete at the same time. Each player will command several Tron-like bikes, that will spawn in predefined spots of the board.

There are several boards where the games can be played. Each map is just a graph made of connected vertices. The cool part is that those graphs have the topology of 3D models, so the game can be represented in awesome 3D graphics!

At each round, players must move their bikes. When bikes move, they leave a solid trail behind them. Bikes that crash into those trails will explode, reducing the score of the player who commands them. Bikes that just do not move for one round will overheat and explode, too! When a bike explodes, its trail will disappear.

The goal of the game is keeping your bikes alive for as long as possible, while trying to make the others crash. The players' score is calculated based in the number of movements their bikes did. Each movement is worth 10 points so the more rounds you keep your bikes alive (and thus moving), the greater your score will be.

When, each round, the players command their bikes, they have no way to know the movements of the other players for that same round. The execution order of the actions of the different players is chosen at random, so if two or more bikes try to move to the same vertex, one at random will be allowed to move, while the others will crash!

#### 2.1 Bonus

To keep the game interesting, we have bonus items too!

In a given round, bonus items will spawn at some vertices of the board (if those are not occupied by bikes or their trails). The bikes that pick up those items by moving to those vertices and will be able to use them to gain superpowers. Note that, until used, items are kept per bike and not per player, and that a bike can only have a single item at a time, i.e. picking up a second item will replace the previous one. The following bonus items exist:

- Turbo: When activated, it allows the bike to move in turbo mode for some rounds. Turbo mode is explained later on this document.
- Ghost: When activated, it allows the bike to go through walls and other bikes for some rounds.
- Extra points: Increases the score of the player by a small amount. This item is consumed automatically upon picking it up. Thus, it will not replace others items the bike could have.

#### Turbo mode

To implement turbo mode without adding extra complexity, the following decision was taken: The total game duration is doubled, but the normal (nonturbo) bikes are only allowed to move in even rounds, while the turbo bikes can move in both odd and even rounds (thus doubling their move speed). Okay, we know it's not the most elegant solution on the Earth, but the monkeys we have as interns were not able to find a better one. When writing your strategy, take into account that most of the times you will only be able to move half of the rounds! Also note that it is mandatory for bikes in turbo mode to be moved those extra rounds or they will explode too!

Using the turbo can be dangerous because the bike has to move the extra rounds it is given. However, those extra moves will also give the player movement points.

### 2.2 Game parameters

A game is defined by a given graph (the game board) and the following set of parameters:

- *nb\_players*: Number of teams in the game (will be 2 or 4).
- *nb\_bikes*: Number of bikes per player (usually 2).
- *nb\_rounds*: Number of rounds that will be played (usually 200, that means 100 without turbo).
- *bonus\_round*: The round where the bonus items will appear (usually 50).
- *turbo\_duration*: The movements a bike can perform in turbo mode after using a turbo item (usually 8, that means 4 extra movements).
- ghost\_duration: The movements a bike can perform in ghost mode after using the ghost item (usually 3).
- score\_bonus: The points given when picking up an extra points item (usually 50).

All these parameters can be accessed by the players during the game.

Each board also defines a starting point for each bike and a set of vertices where the bonus items will appear, intended to be fair.

# 3 Programming

The first thing you should do is to download the source code.

The source code includes a C++ program that runs the games and an HTML5/Javascript viewer to watch them in a nice animated format. Also, a "Demo" player is provided to make it easier to start coding your own player.

## 3.1 Running your first game

Here we will explain how to run the game under Linux, but it should work under Windows, Mac, FreeBSD, OpenSolaris... You will only need g++ and make installed on your system, plus a modern browser like Mozilla Firefox or Chromium.

- 1. Open a console and cd to the directory where you extracted the source code.
- 2. Run make all to build the game and all the players. Note that the Makefile will identify as a player any file matching the expression "AI\*.cc".
- 3. Make should create an executable file called Game. This executable allows you to run a game using a command like:
  - ./Game Demo Demo Demo Demo < icosahedron.gam > icosahedron.t3d Here, we are starting a match with 4 instances of the player "Demo" (included with the source code), in the board defined in "icosahedron.gam". The output of this match will be stored in "icosahedron.t3d".
- 4. To watch the game, open the viewer (viewer.html) with your browser and load the "icosahedron.t3d" file.

Use --help to see a list of parameters you can use. Particularly useful is --list, that will show a list with all the recognized player names.

If needed, remember you can run make clean to delete the executable and object files and start over the build.

### 3.2 Adding your player

To create a player copy the file AINull.cc or AIDemo.cc to a new file with the same name format (AIWhatever.cc).

Then, edit the file you just created and change the playername line to your own player name, as follows:

#define PLAYER\_NAME Whatever

The name you choose for your player must be unique, non-offensive and less than 12 letters long. This name will be shown in the website and in the matches.

Then you can start implementing the virtual method *play* (), inherited from the base class *Player*. This method will be called every round and is where your player should decide what to do, and do it.

Of course, you can define auxiliary methods and variables inside your player class, but the entry point of your code will always be this *play* () method.

From your player class you can also call functions to access the board state (defined in the *Board* class in Board.hh) and to command your units (defined in the *Action* class in Action.hh). Those functions are made available to your code using multiple inheritance, but do not tell your Software Engineering teachers because they might not like it. The documentation about the available functions can be found in the header files of each class. If you have Doxygen installed on your syste, you can also generate a separate document with all the documentation running "make doxygen".

Note that you should not modify the *factory* () method from your player class, nor the last line that adds your player to the list of available players.

### 3.3 Restrictions when submitting your player

When you think your player is strong enough to enter the competition, you should submit it to https://tron3d.jutge.org. Since it will run in a secure environment to prevent cheating, some restrictions apply to your code:

- All your source code must be in a single file (AIWhatever.cc).
- Your code cannot use global variables (use attributes in your class instead).
- You are only allowed to use standard libraries like vector, map, cmath...
- Your code cannot open files nor do any other system calls (threads, forks...).
- Your CPU time and memory usage will be limited when executed on the server. The time limit are 2 seconds for the execution of the entire game.
   When watching a game evaluated by the game judge, you will be able to see the percent of the total time limit that your program has used.
- Your program should not write to cout nor read from cin. You can write
  debug information to cerr, but remember that doing so on the code you
  upload can waste part of your limited CPU time.

# 4 The game judge

The judge website is used to submit your code, see the competition results in real time and play matches against your friends.

Do not worry if your browser warns you when accessing the website because we are using a self-signed certificate. Wildcard certificates are too expensive for our university!

#### 4.1 Submissions

When submitting the source code of your player, it will go through the following process:

- The source code will be built on release mode with -02. If the compilation fails, your submission will be rejected.
- A game with 4 instances of your player will be started. If any of them
  crashes o reaches the CPU time or memory limits, your submission will
  be rejected.
- Your player will play 4 successive games against 3 other "Dummy" players (a simple player with an easy to beat strategy). If your player does not win the 4 games, your submission will be rejected.

If your submission is rejected, you will be able to know the cause to be able to fix it before submitting your player again.

If your submission is accepted, it will be able to start playing matches online. Also, its name will be reserved so that no other program can be sent with the same name.

Note that the code you submit will never be published and you should neither distribute it yourself. It is ok to distribute its object file.

## 4.2 Friendly matches

From the website you can play matches against your friends. The results of these matches do not have any effect on the classification and are only visible to the owners of the players.

For any program you have submitted, you can choose if it will be *private* or *public*. Note that this does not mean to publish your source code!

Any other player can start a match against your public program, and only your friends can start a match against your private players. You can add your friends by email on the same website, but remember that your friends have to add you too before being considered friends. A private program cannot play a match if its owner is not friend with all the other users in the game.

By default an uploaded program will be private, but once made public it cannot be made private again.

### 4.3 Official matches

When the official matches start (see "Important Dates" below), each day the players will compete in successive rounds, discarding the player that gets worst results in each round. These results and the matches themselves will be publicly available to everybody.

To determine the player that has to be discarded, the following process will be used:

- Random groups of 4 players will be created. If there are less of 4 players in a group, "Dummy" players will be added.
- Each group of 4 players will play a match.
- Any player that gets a better result than 2 of its 3 rivals, will move to the next round.
- The remaining players will be regrouped again in groups of 4 players and start the process over, until there is only 1 player left.
- That player will be out of the competition.

You will be able to choose which of your submitted programs will play in the official matches, or even upload a new one, but the changes will not take effect until a new round starts.

## 4.4 Issues, news and updates

Any new information will be made available through the game website.

#### 4.5 Results

The results for each round will be made public in real time on the website.

### 4.6 Forum

You can find a topic for the game in the Racó forum.

### **4.7** Bets

You will be able to place bets for your favourite players. The website we will made public later on.

# 5 Tips

- Read the headers of the classes you are going to use. Do not worry about the private parts nor the implementation.
- Start with simple strategies, easy to code and debug, since this is exactly what you will need at the beginning.
- Before competing with your classmates, focus on defeating the "Dummy" player.
- Try to keep your code clean, it will be easier to change it and to add new behaviours to your strategy.
- Define simple (but useful) auxiliary methods, and *make sure they work* properly.
- Keep a copy of the old versions of your player. When you try to improve
  it, make it fight against its previous incarnations to measure the improvement.
- As always compile and test your code often. It is *much* easier to trace a bug when you only have changed few lines of code.
- Use cerr to output debug information and add asserts to make sure the code is doing what it should do. Remember to remove the cerrs before uploading your code, because it makes the execution slower.
- When debuging a player, remove the cerr you may have in the other player's code, to make sure you only see the messages you want.
- If using cerr is not enough to debug your code, learn how to use valgrind, gdb or any other debugging tool, they are quite useful!
- Switch on the DEBUG option in the Makefile, it will allow you to get useful backtraces when your program crashes. There is also a PROFILE option you can use.
- Make sure your program is fast enough, the CPU time you are allowed to use is rather short.
- Try to figure out the strategies of the other players by watching the games. This way you could try to defend against them or even improve them in your own player.
- Do not give your code to anybody. Not even an old version. We are using JPlag and other plagiarism detectors to check the programs, not only between them but also against other years submissions.
- You could, however, share the compiled .o files or (the easy way) just use the website to play against your friends.

- You can submit new versions of your program at any time.
- Do not wait to the last minute to submit your player. When there are lots of submisions at the same time, it will take longer for the server to run the games, and maybe it is too late!
- Most of the game parameters (number of rounds, duration of bonuses...)
  won't change, but if your strategy can adjust to them, you will be extrasafe in case we need to change some of them.
- If you create your own map for the game, send it to us before the competition starts and maybe we will include it! The maps should be OBJ models with a single mesh, made of triangles and/or quads, and have equidistant starting points for the bikes. In case you want to change some game parameters for your map (e.g.: ultra-long turbos, only one bike per player...), the previous point will apply:)
- And again: Keep your code simple, build often, test often. Or you will regret.

