E05 - ANN

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1 Gauss-Seidel - Implementação

```
from pprint import pprint
from numpy import array, diag, diagflat
from numpy import dot, linalg, triu, tril
def gauss_seidel(A,b,N,x):
    D = diagflat(diag(A))
    L = tril(A, -1)
    U = triu(-A, 1)
    D_L = D + L
    D_{-}L_{-} = linalg.inv(D_{-}L)
     for i in range (N):
         x = dot(D_L_, (dot(U, x) + b))
          print('X(\%d) = '\%(i+1), end = '')
          print(x)
     return x
A = array([ [10.7, -2.3, 2.4, -2.2, -0.9],
               [-0.7, 12.6, 2.7, -2.0, 1.8]
               \begin{bmatrix} 1.1 & 1.0 & 11.1 & -2.2 & 2.0 \end{bmatrix}
               [-2.5, -1.4, 0.3, 9.5, 2.4],
               \begin{bmatrix} -2.1 & 1.2 & -0.3 & -1.5 & 7.5 \end{bmatrix}
       = \, \operatorname{array} \, ( \, [ \, 3.8 \ , \ 1.6 \ , \ -4.4 \ , \ 1.9 \ , \ 0.8 \, ] \, )
chute = array ([1.4, -4.6, 2.8, 1.7, -2.5])
sol = gauss\_seidel(A, b, N=9, x=chute)
```

2 Resposta

Pontando, a resposta correta é o $item\ c$