Perceptive Reach

Integrated Reach Database System

(IRDS)

Dashboard Design Document



Department of Veterans Affairs

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Version 1.1

Revision History

| Date | Version | Description | Author |
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| 1/6/2014 | 1.1 | January 2015 update with revisions to content and focus on patient care | Matthew Robinson |
| 12/10/2014 | 1.0 | Final review | Paul Bradley and Monica Mohler |
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Artifact Rationale

The Dashboard Design Document is a dual-use document that provides the conceptual design as well as the as-built design of the IRDS dashboard. This document will be updated as the product is built, to reflect the as-built product. Wireframes are to be considered “proof of concept” drawings that may differ from the finalized design in the application.

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# About this document

This document is a “work in progress.” The dashboard will be designed through a series of mockups and iterative development sprint cycles in collaboration with VA stakeholders and users. The document will be populated with content as the design evolves with each sprint, including all potential data options, configurability rules and options. The early versions of the document will focus on the conceptual dashboard design, key business requirements, and the primary end-user features related to the design of the dashboard. Future versions will add additional detail as it becomes available.

# Introduction

VA is seeking to expand suicide prevention to include upstream approaches designed to reduce initiation or escalation of a risk factor. Upstream suicide interventions target individuals or groups who exhibit biological, psychological, or social risk factors that are more prominent among high-risk groups than among the larger population. Understanding the unique needs of our nation’s Veterans and the military culture as it relates to stigma and mental health is important for early intervention. The goal of the Integrated Reach Database System (IRDS) innovation is to promote the general health of the Veteran population and effectively intervene in issues before they escalate in crisis.

The IRDS innovation will serve to bolster the three major components of the Veteran Health Administration’s (VHA) Strategic Plan for Suicide Prevention: surveillance, risk and protective factors, and prevention interventions. The IRDS innovation will target antecedent events specific to Veteran populations prior to the onset of risk to mitigate the development of risk.

The dashboard component is a key feature of the IRDS solution. Within the dashboard, end users such as frontline outreach and intervention specialists, VA leadership, clinicians, and other staff with an interest in suicide outreach and intervention will be able to see data visualizations related to individual at-risk Veterans. The solution will provide visual screen elements that will provide quick, intuitive “at a glance” type information, in addition to visual screen elements that will allow users to “deep dive” into the data and create more customized views of the data depending on user preference.

The dashboard’s design is informed by Human Centered Design (HCD) principles and techniques. HCD is a discipline in which “the needs, behaviors, and experiences of an organization's customers (or users) drive product, service, and/or technology outputs.[[1]](#footnote-1)” In the case of IRDS, researchers and designers have used qualitative research techniques, primarily interviewing and document review, to understand how VA users currently do their work today and what they desire from the IRDS, including the dashboard. To that end, the dashboard’s design emphasizes display of information that is directly relevant to the target end user groups’ goals and desired outcomes in their work, in a way that is both easy to access and understand.

## Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe how the proposed dashboard will be designed. The Dashboard Design Document translates requirement specifications into a document from which the developers can create the actual system. A related document, the System Design Document (SDD), translates requirement specifications into a document from which the developers can create the actual system from a technical and architectural perspective. For more information, please see the [SDD](https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html) at<https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html>

## Scope

The lists below describe what content is considered inside and outside the scope of the Dashboard Design Document.

In scope:

* The visual and functional design of a surveillance dashboard consisting of custom visualization tools that depict the results of analyses conducted by the IRDS, including data trends, events and performance metrics, Veteran demographics, Veteran medical history, clinical care support, outreach and intervention resources and guidelines, links to other tools and resources, etc.
* Data visualizations to include charts, tables, maps, animations, other graphics and visual technology.
* Dashboard configurability, providing different user groups distinct views that meet their business needs.
* Support for interactive viewing and formatting.
* Consideration of user interface (UI) and user experience (UX) practices that will enable the dashboard to present data in a manner that is accessible to a broad range of users.

Out of scope:

* End-user profiles and characteristic research (to be included in the User Research Report)
* Descriptions of the IRDS architecture or technical capabilities (to be included in the System Design Document)

## User Scenarios

There are five user interaction scenarios envisioned for the IRDS: upstream at-risk notification, surveillance, research, reporting, and system sustainment.

1. Upstream At-Risk Notification – The primary users in this usage model are the VA outreach and intervention teams. The system will provide secure notification via a Direct Message of at-risk populations and at-risk individuals to these teams.
2. Surveillance – The primary users in this model shall include VA leadership, VA Center of Excellence for Suicide Prevention staff, VA Mental Health leaders, and VA Suicide Prevention Coordinators. The surveillance dashboard will be available through a standard web browser that will be updated in near real-time (minimum weekly) with results produced from the continuous monitoring and processing of linked data sources.
3. Research – The users in this usage model are researchers and statisticians looking to leverage the tools and data available through Reach data analytics platform. The solution will provide a framework for these users to utilize the interfaces provided by the assembled tools to perform required research functions.
4. Reporting – This model shall include both direct and indirect users. The direct users are the individuals required to assemble reports. The indirect users are the consumers or target audience of the reports. The direct users will utilize the interfaces provided by the assembled tools to assemble reports. The report generation process shall be automated.
5. Sustainment - The Contractor shall provide the capability for users to edit and add to the IRDS Risk Stratification Model, permit creation to new models and mapping to interfaces.

User interaction with the dashboard is broadly described in the “Surveillance” scenario above, however it is conceivable that users will access the dashboard in parallel or in conjunction with other interaction scenarios during the course of a regular workday. Additional user research and characteristics are included in the User Research Report.

## Relationship to Other Documents and Plans

The following IRDS documents may be referenced in tandem with the information recorded here:

* [IRDS Requirements Specification Document (RSD)](https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html)
* [IRDS System Design Document (SDD)](https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html)
* [IRDS Requirements Traceability Matrix (RTM)](https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html)
* [IRDS User Research Report](https://internal.vacloud.us/wiki/pages/81X0Z7X5/Perceptive_Reach_Deliverables.html)

## Acronyms and Abbreviations

Table 1: Acronyms and Abbreviations

| Acronym | Term |
| --- | --- |
| EHR | Electronic Health Record |
| DoD | Department of Defense |
| GUI | Graphical User Interface |
| HCD | Human Centered Design |
| HHS | U.S. Department of Health and Human Services |
| ICD | International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems |
| IPT | Integrated Project Team |
| IRDS | Integrated Reach Database System |
| IT | Information Technology |
| MDD | Major Depressive Disorder |
| PWS | Performance Work Statement |
| RSD | Requirements Specification Document |
| RTM | Requirements Traceability Matrix |
| SDD | System Design Document |
| SPC | Suicide Prevention Coordinator |
| TRM | Technical Reference Model |
| UI | User Interface |
| UX | User Experience |
| VA | Department of Veterans Affairs |
| VACI | VA Center for Innovation |
| VHA | Veterans Health Administration |
| VISN | Veterans Service Area Network |

# Background

## Assumptions and Constraints

### Design Assumptions

The primary user goals and objectives related to dashboard functionality are related to providing effective, timely, and well-informed outreach, intervention, and clinical care services to at-risk Veteran patients. Data visualizations related to Veteran populations at the state, Veteran Integrated Service Network (VISN), region, or national levels are of lower priority for development. The ability to view data aggregated at these levels will be limited to users in leadership positions within VA who have appropriate system access.

In accordance with industry standard Agile best practices, the design team will present the design of the dashboard to project stakeholders regularly to garner feedback and better-inform future iterations of the design. As more assumptions are identified, this section will be updated.

### Design Constraints

* System designers have attempted to utilize open source tools wherever possible. This includes design of the user interface / front end presentation layer of the system, testing tools, and statistical / analytics tools.
* System designers used VA tools approved for use in the VA Technical Reference Model (TRM) or have requested a waiver for any tools not included in the TRM.
* The design team will comply with VA-recommend UI/UX best practices as defined in the project’s RSD.
* The design of the dashboard is both driven and constrained by the data available within the IRDS. As new datasets are incorporated into the IRDS or when new statistical techniques and models are applied to the data, new design features or data visualizations may be feasible.
* The dashboard must operate within VA-approved web browsers.

### Design Trade-offs

The dashboard’s design must be created using open source tools meaning that adoption of a design based on non-open source or commercial tools is not feasible. In addition, access to the dashboard must be web-based and accessible by VA supported/approved browsers. Therefore, design features must be readable for viewers using standard 1024×768, 1366×768, and 1280×800 screen resolutions. Lastly, given the diverse set of target end users of the dashboard, the design will emphasize configurable features and data visualizations to enhance user ability to customize dashboard views to their own unique needs.

# Conceptual Dashboard Design

At the highest level, a dashboard is “a visual display of the most important information needed to achieve one or more objectives, consolidated and arranged on a single screen so the information can be monitored at a glance.[[2]](#footnote-2)”

In the case of the IRDS dashboard, the “most important information needed” will be information directly related to Veteran patient outreach, intervention, and clinical care. This information includes:

* Veteran contact information
* Veteran demographics
* Veteran medical history
* Care recommendations, guidelines, resources, and other supplemental information

The Veteran’s demographics and key insights into the Veteran’s medical record will provide users with information that can help guide development of an outreach approach. The application will provide this information coupled with guidance and resources related to the Veteran’s specific information. For example, if a Veteran’s health record indicates a previous diagnosis of Major Depressive Disorder (MDD), the application will use logical business rules to then display clinical care guidelines, evaluation tools, and resources at local VA facilities that are relevant to outreach and care for patients with MDD. The dashboard will also feature administrative functions related to the management of this content so that users can add new resources, updated care guidelines, and care recommendations as they are developed and identified. These features will help care providers identify at-risk Veterans, understand the Veteran’s circumstances, and devise targeted outreach and intervention strategies, custom-tailored to each Veteran’s needs.

The following sections describe the specific screen features of the Dashboard in further detail.

## Primary View: Individual Veteran

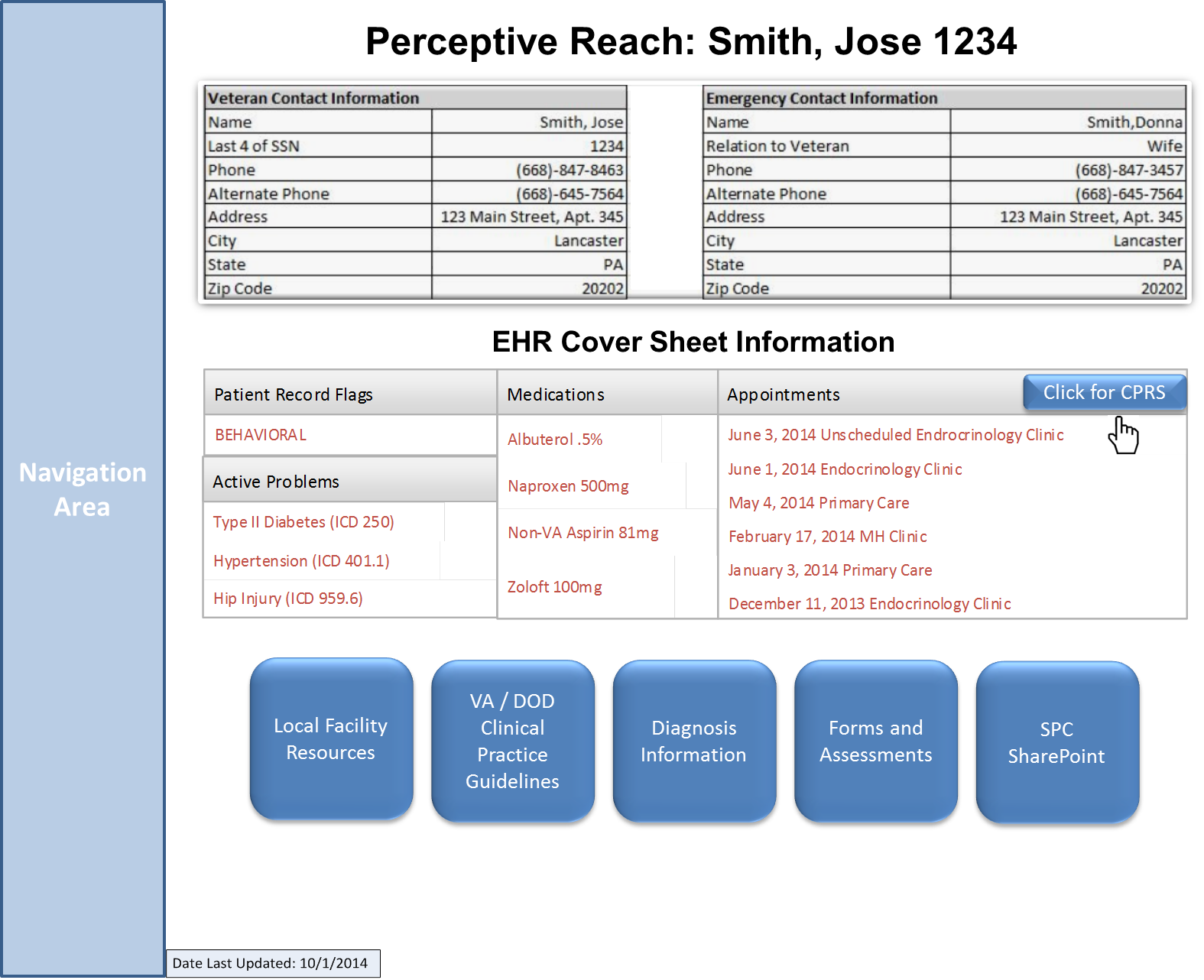


Figure 1: Individual Veteran View

The Individual Veteran View allows an outreach provider, such as a Suicide Prevention Coordinator (SPC), the ability to view details associated with an individual Veteran’s risk profile. The view will display the Veteran’s contact information in addition to his or her emergency contact information. Displaying this information clearly and prominently is a key feature, as an outreach provider will want to frequently access Veteran contact information (especially phone number) during the course of their regular work.

The view also features data pulled from the Veteran’s electronic health record (EHR). The data points have been selected from those displayed in the EHR’s Cover Sheet tab as those directly related to suicide outreach, intervention, and overall mental health. The Cover Sheet fields to be pulled are:

* Current Patient Record Flags
* Active Problems (from the Problem List)
* Medications
* Appointments, Visits, and Admissions

The dashboard must feature easy to read, easy to consume “at a glance”-style content. Therefore, the view will provide the most recent flags, problems, medications, and appointments. If the user wishes to see either more details or information from further in the past, the user will be able to launch the health record directly from within the Dashboard.

The view will provide additional information to users based on the Veteran’s previous problems and diagnoses. By selecting the “Local Facility Resources” option, users will be able to view programs, groups, tools, and applications available at their facility directly related to Veteran’s condition. For example, if a Veteran has been diagnosed with Type II Diabetes, the application will display information about local resources such as the local VA endocrinology clinic, Veteran support groups, and VA’s MOVE! weight loss program. The VA / Department of Defense (DoD) Clinical Practice Guidelines option will provide links to the complete clinical guideline for relevant conditions. The Diagnosis Information option will provide additional resources related to the care of specific diseases and conditions, and the Forms and Assessments will include links to various tools care providers can use to assess and track Veteran progress over time, such as the Personal Health Questionnaire (PHQ)-9 or the PTSD Checklist. Finally, the SPC SharePoint option will provide a direct link to the existing SPC SharePoint VA manages which hosts a wealth of information related to care of Veterans in addition to information VA policies and procedures regarding suicide prevention.

## Other Views

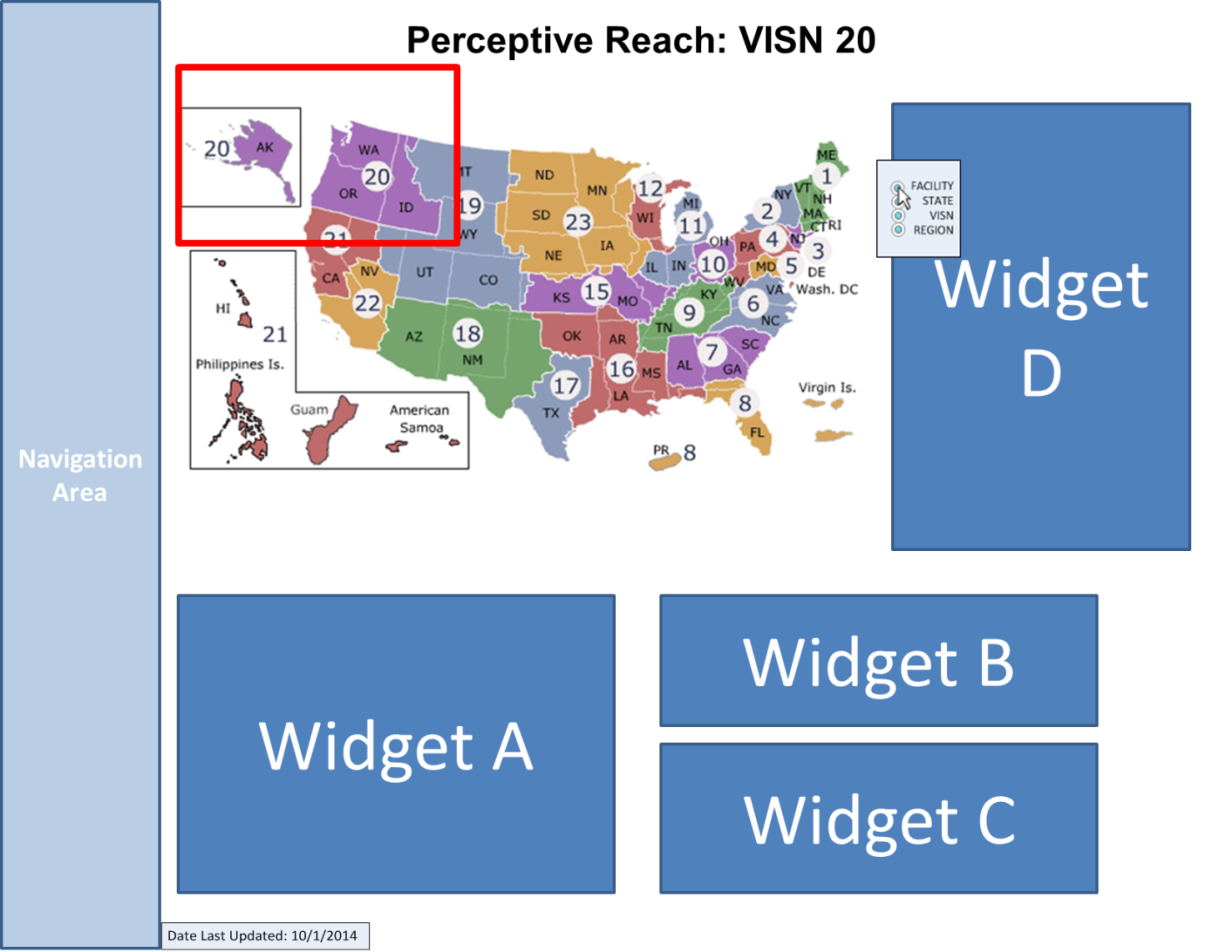
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Figure 1: VISN View

The primary view for IRDS users will be the Individual Veteran View. Other views will give users the ability to view visualizations of data related to Veterans and / or Veteran suicide within a specific geographic area, to include Facility Service Area, State, VISN, Region, or Nation. In Figure 2 above, data provided is aggregated at the VISN level, meaning that users will be able to see summary statistics related to Veteran incidence across individual VISNs. Users will have the ability to then navigate to other levels of aggregation using a screen menu. These views are lower in priority for development compared to the Individual Veteran View and will only be accessible to users in leadership positions with appropriate access. The view will feature a navigational menu to allow users to change the data aggregation level as desired.

Users will be able to customize these views by selecting and rearranging widgets visually on the screen, as described in [Section 4.3](#_Widget_Design_1).

## Widget Design

Users will have the ability to choose what features they want to see on the screen as “widgets,” while also being able to change the widgets’ size and position on the screen. The following widgets are either in development or under consideration for development in future sprints.

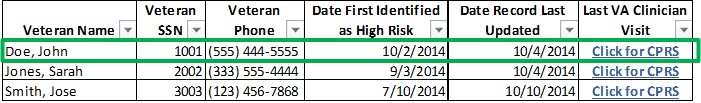


Figure : Veteran Roster

The Veteran roster allows a user to view a list of Veterans within a specific area (service area, state, etc.). It includes a visual indicator to highlight Veterans who have been recently identified – in this case, a green box. The last column represents a user story that allows the user to click a direct hyperlink into the Veteran’s EHR, bypassing the Individual Veteran View and going straight to the medical record.



Figure : Stratification Widget

The stratification widget allows a user to see how many Veterans within a particular area (state, VISN, etc.) are within a specific risk stratification. In this example, 27 Veterans are in the top .1% of the risk model. Users can click the stratification to view a roster of the Veterans included.

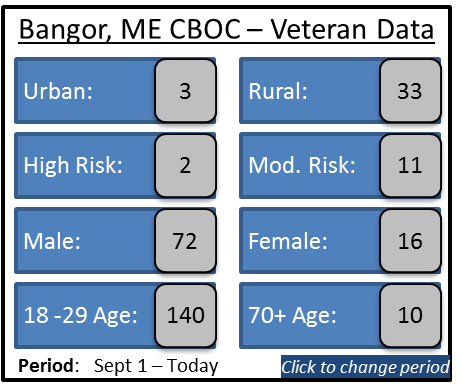


Figure : Attributes Summary Widget

The attributes summary widget provides a list of summary data about Veterans within a specific area (in this case, within the Bangor, ME Community Based Outpatient Clinic’s service area). This widget could be customizable by user to show various summary data attributes related Veteran demographics, location, social and familiar factors, etc.

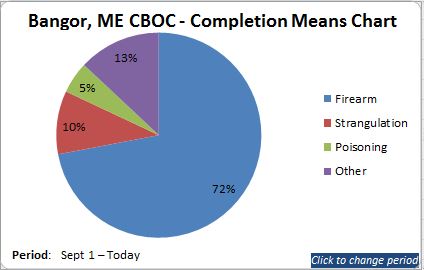


Figure : Means Chart

The means chart shows what percent of suicides were completed by a certain means (firearm, poisoning, etc.) These means are associated with an International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD) code in the underlying database. Users would be able to see this information for a specific geographic area such as state or VISN.

Figure : Suicide Rate Chart

The suicide rate chart shows the trend of suicide rates over time. Users will be able to make this chart specific to a geographic area, and be able to specify the time frame displayed.

Figure : Suicide Risk Chart

The suicide risk chart shows the trend for how many Veterans are within certain risk stratification. Users will also be able to specify the time frame and geographic area to define charts of interest to them.

1. PWS for VA Contract No. VA118-14-C-0046 [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Stephen Few (March 20, 2004) “Dashboard Confusion” *Intelligent Enterprise.*  [↑](#footnote-ref-2)