API Documentation

Georgii

December 2, 2024

1 Introduction

This API provides functionalities for managing categories, transactions, and user authentication. Below is an overview of the key routes and functions available in the API.

1.1 Available Routes and Functions

• User Authentication:

- POST /register Register a new user.
- POST /login Log in and receive a JWT token for authorization.

• Categories Management:

- GET /categories Fetch a list of all categories.
- POST /categories Create a new category.
- PUT /categories/id/update Update an existing category by ID.
- DELETE /categories/id/delete Delete a category by ID.

• Transactions Management:

- GET /transactions Fetch a list of all transactions.
- POST /transactions Create a new transaction.
- PUT /transactions/id/update Update an existing transaction by
 ID
- DELETE /transactions/id/delete Delete a transaction by ID.

Request Methods: All requests require the appropriate HTTP method, such as GET, POST, PUT, or DELETE. Each request should include a valid JWT token for authorization in the Authorization header, except for the registration and login requests.

Security: To access most endpoints, you need to provide a valid JWT token in the Authorization header as a Bearer token. This token is issued after successful login.

1.2 Example Authentication Flow

1. Register: Create an account by sending a POST request to /register.
2. Login: Authenticate with the POST request to /login, receiving a JWT token.
3. Use Token: Use the JWT token in the Authorization header for subsequent requests to /categories, /transactions, and other protected routes.

2 Authentication

2.1 User Registration

```
To register a new user, send a POST request to the /register endpoint.
POST / register
  "username": "exampleUser",
  "email": "user@example.com",
  "password": "securePassword123"
}
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch ('https://api.example.com/register', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  },
  body: JSON.stringify({
    username: 'exampleUser',
    email: 'user@example.com',
    password: 'securePassword123'
  })
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  . then(data \Rightarrow console.log(data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "User created successfully",
  "token": "jwt_token_here"
}
```

2.2 Login

```
To log in a user, send a POST request to /login.
POST /login
  "username": "exampleUser",
  "password": "securePassword123"
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch ('https://api.example.com/login', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json'
  body: JSON.stringify({
    username: 'exampleUser',
    password: 'securePassword123'
  })
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  . then(data \Rightarrow \{
    if (data.token) {
      console.log('Login successful, token:', data.token);
    }
  })
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "token": "jwt_token_here"
```

3 Categories

3.1 Creating a Category

```
To create a new category, send a POST request to /categories.

POST /categories
{
    "name": "Groceries",
    "description": "All grocery-related expenses"
}
```

JavaScript Example Using Axios:

```
axios.post('https://api.example.com/categories', {
  name: 'Groceries',
  description: 'All grocery-related expenses'
})
  .then(response => console.log(response.data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "Category added successfully"
}
3.2
     Fetching Categories
To retrieve all categories, send a GET request to /categories.
fetch ('https://api.example.com/categories', {
  method: 'GET',
  headers: {
    'Authorization': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => console.log(data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
    "id": 1,
    "name": "Groceries",
    "description": "All grocery-related expenses"
    "id": 2,
    "name": "Utilities",
    "description": "Electricity, water, and other utilities"
```

3.3 Updating a Category

```
To update an existing category, send a PUT request to /categories/id/update.
```

```
PUT / categories / 1 / update {
```

```
"name": "Updated Groceries",
  "description": "Updated grocery-related expenses"
}
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch('https://api.example.com/categories/1/update', {
  method: 'PUT',
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
    'Authorization ': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
  },
  body: JSON. stringify ({
    name: 'Updated Groceries',
    description: 'Updated grocery-related expenses'
  })
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  . then (data => console.log(data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "Category updated successfully"
}
     Deleting a Category
To delete a category, send a DELETE request to /categories/id/delete.
DELETE / categories / 1 / delete
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch('https://api.example.com/categories/1/delete', {
  method: 'DELETE',
  headers: {
    'Authorization ': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  . then (data => console.log(data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "Category deleted successfully"
```

4 Transactions

4.1 Creating a Transaction

```
POST /transactions
  "amount": 100,
  "description": "Monthly grocery shopping",
  "type": "expense",
  "category_id": 1
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch('https://api.example.com/transactions', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: {
    'Content-Type': 'application/json',
    'Authorization': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
  },
  body: JSON. stringify ({
    amount: 100,
    description: 'Monthly grocery shopping',
    type: 'expense',
    category_id: 1
  })
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => console.log(data))
  . catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "Transaction added successfully"
4.2
     Fetching Transactions
To retrieve all transactions, send a GET request to /transactions.
fetch('https://api.example.com/transactions', {
  method: 'GET',
  headers: {
    'Authorization': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
})
```

To add a new transaction, send a POST request to /transactions.

4.3 Updating a Transaction

```
To update an existing transaction, send a PUT request to /transactions/id/update.
```

```
PUT /transactions/1/update
{
    "amount": 120,
    "description": "Updated grocery shopping",
    "type": "expense",
    "category_id": 1
}
    JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch('https://api.example.com/transactions/1/update', {
    method: 'PUT',
    headers: {
```

```
hethod: FUT,
headers: {
    'Content—Type': 'application/json',
    'Authorization': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
},
body: JSON.stringify({
    amount: 120,
    description: 'Updated grocery shopping',
    type: 'expense',
    category_id: 1
})
})
.then(response => response.json())
.then(data => console.log(data))
.catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
```

```
Successful Response:
  "msg": "Transaction updated successfully"
}
4.4 Deleting a Transaction
To delete a transaction, send a DELETE request to /transactions/id/delete.
DELETE /transactions/1/delete
  JavaScript Example Using Fetch API:
fetch \ (\ 'https://\ api.\ example.\ com/\ transactions/1/\ delete\ ',\ \{
  method: 'DELETE',
  headers: {
    'Authorization': 'Bearer jwt_token_here'
})
  .then(response => response.json())
  .then(data => console.log(data))
  .catch(error => console.error('Error:', error));
  Successful Response:
  "msg": "Transaction deleted successfully"
}
```