

$$W_T = W_F + W_N + W_{Mg} + W_{fr}$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{\Delta x} = F \Delta x \cos \theta$$

$$W_F = F \Delta x \cos \theta_1$$

$$\theta_1 = 0$$

$$\cos 0 = 1$$

$$|\Delta \vec{x}| = d$$

$$W_F = F \Delta x$$

$$W_F = F d$$

$$W_N = N \Delta x \cos \theta_2$$

$$\theta_2 = 90$$

$$\cos 90 = 0$$

$$W_N = 0$$

$$W_{Mg} = (Mg) \Delta x \cos \theta_3$$

$$\theta_3 = 270$$

$$\cos 270 = 0$$

$$W_{Mg} = Mg \Delta x \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$W_{Mg} = 0$$

$$W_{fr} = f_r \Delta x \cos \theta_4$$

$$\theta_4 = 180$$

$$\cos \theta_4 = \cos 180 = -1$$

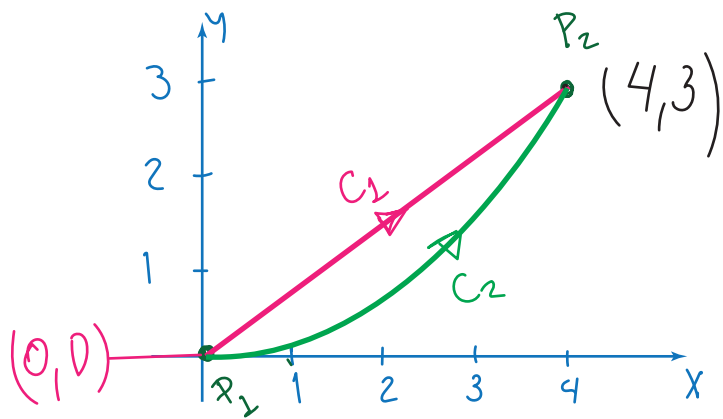
$$W_{fr} = f_r d$$

$$W_T = Fd + 0 + 0 + f_r d = d(F + f_r)$$

$$W_T = d(F - f_r)$$

Se tiene una fuerza $\mathbf{F} = (2y^2x \mathbf{i} + 2x^2y \mathbf{j})$ N, verifique si la fuerza es o no conservativa.

R. Si



$C_1 \Rightarrow$ Recta ($Y = A + BX$)
 $C_2 \Rightarrow$ Parábola ($Y = aX^b$)

$$\vec{F} = \underbrace{2y^2x}_{F_x} \hat{i} + \underbrace{2x^2y}_{F_y} \hat{j}$$

Caso I $W_{C_1} = ?$

$$W = \int F_x dx + \int F_y dy + \int \cancel{F_z} dz$$

$$W_{C_1} = \int 2y^2x dx + \int 2x^2y dy$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \int y^2x dx + 2 \int x^2y dy$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x \quad x = \frac{4}{3}y$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \int \left(\frac{3}{4}x\right)^2 x dx + 2 \int \left(\frac{4}{3}y\right)^2 y dy$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \left(\frac{9}{16}\right) \int_0^4 x^3 dx + 2 \left(\frac{16}{9}\right) \int_0^3 y^3 dy$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \left(\frac{9}{4^2}\right) \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^4 + 2 \left(\frac{4^2}{3^2}\right) \frac{y^4}{4} \Big|_0^3$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \left(\frac{3^2}{4^3}\right) (4^4 - 0^4) + 2 \left(\frac{4}{3^2}\right) (3^4 - 0^4)$$

$$W_{C_1} = 2 \left(\frac{3^2}{4^3}\right) 4^4 + 2 \left(\frac{4}{3^2}\right) (3^4)$$

$$= 8(3^2 + 3^2) = 8(9 + 9)$$

$$W_{C_1} = 144 \text{ J}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} F_x = 2y^2x \\ F_y = 2x^2y \end{array} \right\}$$

$$s: Y = A + BX$$

$$A = 0$$

$$B = \frac{\Delta Y}{\Delta X} = \frac{Y_2 - Y_1}{X_2 - X_1}$$

$$B = \frac{3 - 0}{4 - 0} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$W_{c_1} = 2 \int y^2 x dx + 2 \int x^2 y dy$$

$$\underline{y = \frac{3}{4}x} \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{3}{4}x \right) = \frac{3}{4} \frac{dx}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \underline{dy = \frac{3}{4} dx}$$

$$W_{c_1} = 2 \int \left(\frac{3}{4}x \right)^2 x dx + 2 \int x^2 \left(\frac{3}{4} \right) \left(\frac{3}{4} dx \right)$$

$$W_{c_1} = 2 \left(\frac{3^2}{4^2} \right) \left\{ \int x^3 dx + \int x^3 dx \right\}$$

$$W_{c_1} = 2 \left(\frac{3^2}{4^2} \right) \left\{ 2 \int x^3 dx \right\} = \frac{9}{4} \int_0^4 x^3 dx$$

$$W_{c_1} = \frac{9}{4} \cdot \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^4 = \frac{9}{4^2} (4^4 - 0^4)$$

$$W_{c_1} = \frac{9}{\cancel{4^2}} \cdot 4^{\cancel{4}^2} = 9 \cdot 16$$

$$W_{c_1} = 144 \text{ J}$$

$$\underline{W_{C_2} = ?}$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \int y^2 x dx + 2 \int x^2 y dy$$

$$\underline{y = \frac{3}{16} x^2} \Rightarrow \underline{x^2 = \frac{16}{3} y}$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \int \left(\frac{3}{16} x^2 \right)^2 x dx + 2 \int \left(\frac{16}{3} y \right) y dy$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \left(\frac{3}{16} \right)^2 \int x^5 dx + \frac{32}{3} \int y^2 dy$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \left(\frac{3}{16} \right)^2 \frac{x^6}{6} \Big|_0^4 + \frac{32}{3} \cdot \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^3 = \frac{3}{16^2} (4^6 - 0^6) + \frac{32}{3} (3^3 - 0^3)$$

$$W_{C_2} = \frac{3}{16^2} \cdot 4^6 + 32 \cdot 3 \Rightarrow \boxed{W_{C_2} = 144 \text{ J}}$$

$$\frac{y = a x^2}{a = \frac{y}{x^2} = \frac{3}{4^2}}$$

$$a = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{16} x^2$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{3}{16} x^2 \right) = \frac{3}{16} \frac{dx^2}{dx} = \frac{3}{16} (2x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3}{8} x \Rightarrow dy = \frac{3}{8} x dx$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \int y^2 x dx + 2 \int x^2 y dy = 2 \left\{ \int \left(\frac{3}{16} x^2 \right)^2 x dx + \int x^2 \left(\frac{3}{16} x^2 \right) \left(\frac{3}{8} x dx \right) \right\}$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \left\{ \frac{3^2}{16^2} \int x^5 dx + \frac{3^2}{16 \cdot 8} \int x^5 dx \right\}$$

$$W_{C_2} = 2 \cdot \frac{3^2}{16} \left\{ \frac{1}{16} \int x^5 dx + \frac{1}{8} \int x^5 dx \right\}$$

$$W_{C_2} = \frac{2 \cdot 3^2}{8 \cdot 16} \left\{ \frac{1}{2} + 1 \right\} \int_0^4 x^5 dx = \frac{3^2}{8^2} \left(\frac{3}{2} \right) \frac{x^6}{6} \Big|_0^4$$

$$W_{C_2} = \frac{3^3}{8^2 \cdot 2 \cdot 6} (4^6 - 0) = \frac{3^2}{8^2 \cdot 2^2} \cdot 4^6 = \left(\frac{3}{8 \cdot 2} \right)^2 \cdot 4^6 = \left(\frac{3}{16} \right)^2 \cdot 4^6$$

$$\boxed{W_{C_2} = 144 \text{ J}}$$

$$W_{C_4^I} = 0 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{C_4^{II}} = 2 \int_0^4 9x \, dx$$

$$W_{C_4^{II}} = \cancel{2} \cdot 3^2 \frac{x^2}{\cancel{2}} \Big|_0^4 = 3^2 \cdot 4^2 = (3 \cdot 4)^2 = 12^2$$

$$W_{C_4^{II}} = 144 \text{ J}$$

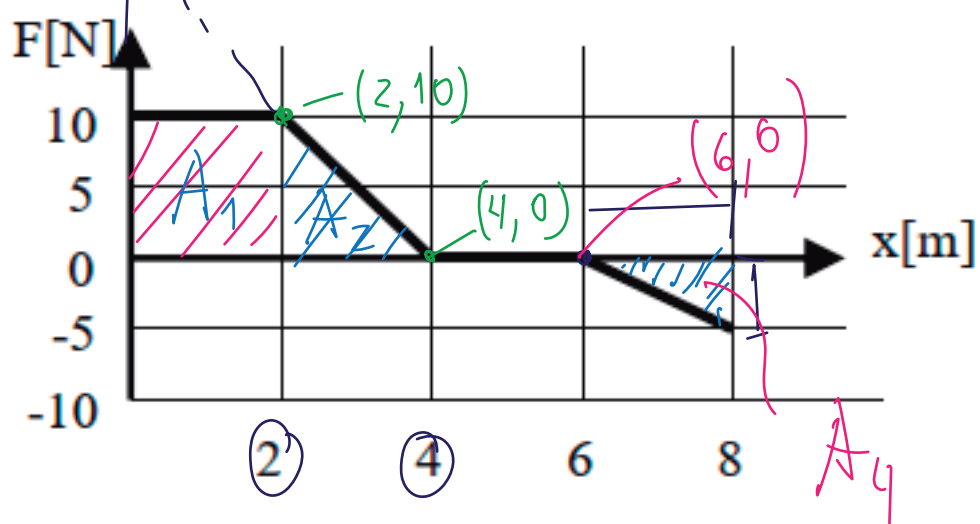
$$W_{C_4} = \overset{0}{W_{C_4^I}} + \overset{144}{W_{C_4^{II}}}$$

$$W_{C_4} = 144 \text{ J}$$

$\vec{F} \rightarrow$ Es conservativa

7.- Un bloque de 5.0 kg se mueve en línea recta sobre una superficie horizontal sin fricción bajo la influencia de una fuerza que varía con la posición, como se muestra en la figura. ¿Cuánto trabajo efectúa la fuerza cuando el bloque se mueve desde el origen hasta $x=8.0$ m?

R. 25J



Prob. 7

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \Delta \vec{x}$$

$$W = F \Delta x \cos \theta$$

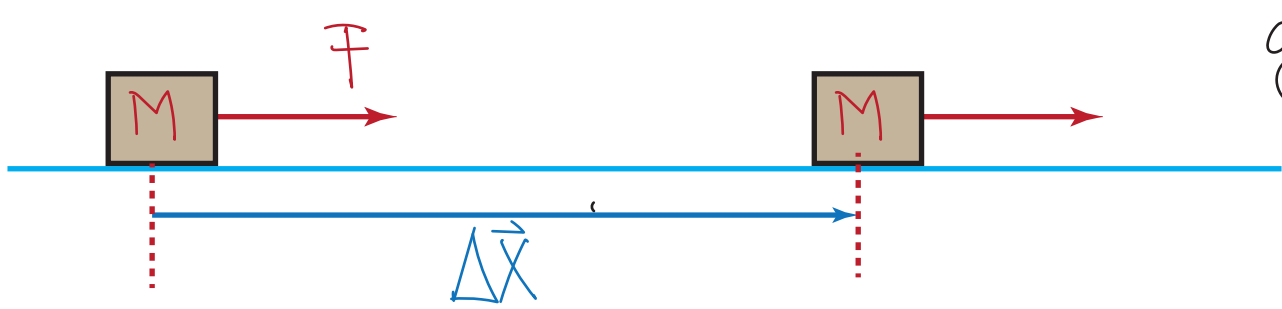
$$\theta = 0 \quad \cos 0 = 1$$

$$\Delta x = d$$

$$W = Fd$$

$$W = A$$

para $F = f(x)$



$$W_1 = F_1 \Delta x \quad 0 < x < 2$$

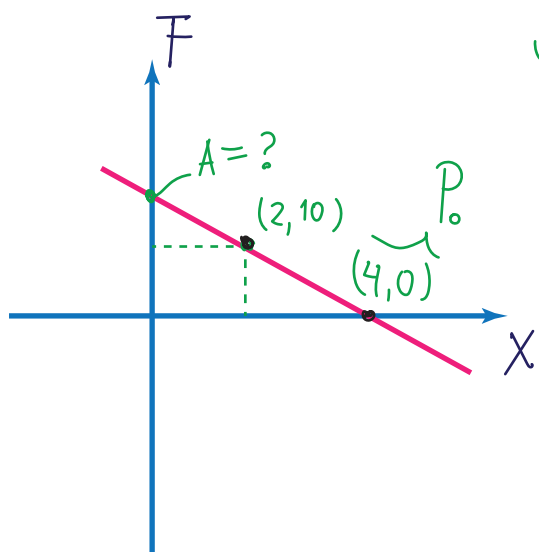
$$F_1 = 10 \text{ N} \quad \Delta x = 2 - 0 = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$W_1 = 10 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow W_1 = 20 \text{ J}$$

$$W_1 = A_1 = b \cdot h = 2 \cdot 10 = 20 \text{ J}$$

$$2 < x < 4$$

$$F \neq \text{const} \quad W = \int F_x dx + \int F_y dy + \int F_z dz$$



$$y = (y_0 - Bx_0) + Bx$$

$$A = y_0 - Bx_0$$

$(x_0; y_0) \rightarrow$ Punto conocido
 $(4; 0)$

$$A = 0 - (-5)(4) = 20$$

$$B = \frac{0 - 10}{4 - 2} = -\frac{10}{2}$$

$$B = -5$$

$$F = 20 - 5x$$

$$W_4 = A_4 = \frac{1}{2} b h = \frac{1}{2} (2 \cdot (-5))$$

$$W_4 = A_4 = -5 \text{ J}$$

$$W_T = W_1 + W_2 + W_3 + W_4$$

$$W_T = 20 + 10 + (-5)$$

$$W_T = 25 \text{ J}$$

sol.

$$W = \int_2^4 (20 - 5x) dx = 20 \int_2^4 dx - 5 \int_2^4 x dx$$

$$W = 20x \Big|_2^4 - 5 \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_2^4$$

$$W = 20(4-2) - \frac{5}{2}(4^2 - 2^2)$$

$$W = 20(2) + \frac{5}{2} \underbrace{(16-4)}_{12}$$

$$W_2 = 40 - 30 = 10 \text{ J} \checkmark$$

$$A_2 = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(2 \cdot 10)$$

$$A_2 = 10 \text{ J}$$

$$4 < x < 6 \text{ m} \quad F = 0$$

$$W_3 = 0$$

$$A = y_0 - Bx_0$$

$$B = -\frac{5}{2} \quad (6, 0) = P_0$$

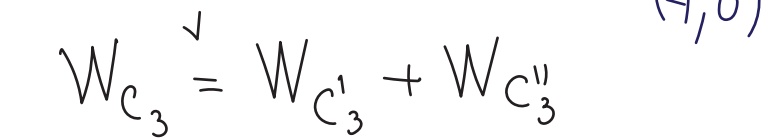
$$A = 0 - \left(-\frac{5}{2} \cdot 6\right)$$

$$A = 15 \Rightarrow y = 15 - \frac{5}{2}x$$

$$W_4 = \int (15 - \frac{5}{2}x) dx = 15 \int_6^8 dx - \frac{5}{2} \int_6^8 x dx$$

$$W_4 = 15x \Big|_6^8 - \frac{5}{2} \frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_6^8 = 15(8-6) - \frac{5}{4}(8^2 - 6^2)$$

$$W_4 = 30 - 35 = -5 \text{ J}$$



$$y = 0 \Rightarrow dy = 0$$

$$W_{C_3} = 0 \text{ J}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dy} = 0$$

S: $x = 4$

$$W_{C_{11}_3} = 4^2 (3^2 - 0^2) = 4^2 \cdot 3^2 = (4 \cdot 3)^2 = 12^2$$

$$W_{C_3} = 144 \text{ J}$$

$$W_{C_3} = \cancel{W_{C_3}'} + \cancel{W_{C_3}'} \quad \begin{matrix} 0 \\ 144 \end{matrix}$$

$$y = \underbrace{y_0 - \beta x_0}_A + \beta x$$

$$\underline{A = 0}$$

$$\underline{B = 0}$$

$$y = 0$$

$$B = \frac{3-0}{4-4} = \frac{3}{0} = \infty$$

$$\Rightarrow W_{C_3} = 144 \text{ J}$$