Started on	Friday, 24 January 2025, 3:16 PM		
State	Finished		
Completed on	Friday, 24 January 2025, 3:24 PM		
Time taken	7 mins 45 secs		
Grade	80.00 out of 100.00		

Question 1

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 20.00

Write a python program to implement quick sort using last element as pivot on the given list of integers.

For example:

Test	Input	Result
quickSort(arr,0,n-1)	6	Sorted array is:
	21	6
	54	10
	30	12
	12	21
	10	30
	6	54

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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```
Syntax Error(s)
```

File "__tester__.python3", line 1

Rat In A Maze Problem

SyntaxError: invalid syntax

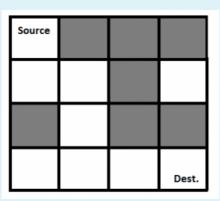
Marks for this submission: 0.00/20.00.

Question **2**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

Rat In A Maze Problem

You are given a maze in the form of a matrix of size n * n. Each cell is either clear or blocked denoted by 1 and 0 respectively. A rat sits at the top-left cell and there exists a block of cheese at the bottom-right cell. Both these cells are guaranteed to be clear. You need to find if the rat can get the cheese if it can move only in one of the two directions - down and right. It can't move to blocked cells.



Provide the solution for the above problem Consider n=4)

The output (Solution matrix) must be 4*4 matrix with value "1" which indicates the path to destination and "0" for the cell indicating the absence of the path to destination.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

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```
N = 4
def printSolution( sol ):
    for i in sol:
        for j in i:
            print(str(j) + " ", end ="")
        print("")

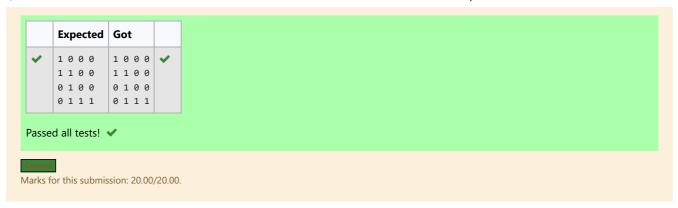
def isSafe( maze, x, y ):

    if x >= 0 and x < N and y >= 0 and y < N and maze[x][y] == 1:
        return True

    return False

def solveMaze( maze ):
    sol = [ [ 0 for j in range(4) ] for i in range(4) ]

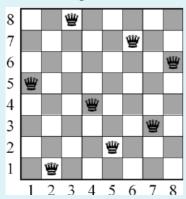
if solveMazeUtil(maze, 0, 0, sol) == False:
        print("Solution doesn't exist");
    return False</pre>
```



Question **3**Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

You are given an integer **N**. For a given **N** x **N** chessboard, find a way to place '**N**' queens such that no queen can attack any other queen on the chessboard.

A queen can be attacked when it lies in the same row, column, or the same diagonal as any of the other queens. **You have to print one such configuration**.



Note

Get the input from the user for N . The value of N must be from 1 to 8

If solution exists Print a binary matrix as output that has 1s for the cells where queens are placed

If there is no solution to the problem print "Solution does not exist"

For example:

Input	Result					
5	1	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	1	0	
	0	1	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	1	
	0	0	1	0	0	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

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```
global N
N = int(input())
def printSolution(board):
    for i in range(N):
        for j in range(N):
            print(board[i][j], end = "")
        print()
def isSafe(board, row, col):
    for i in range(col):
        if board[row][i] == 1:
           return False
    for i, j in zip(range(row, -1, -1),
                    range(col, -1, -1)):
        if board[i][j] == 1:
            return False
    for i, j in zip(range(row, N, 1),
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	~
		00100	00100	
~	2	Solution does not exist	Solution does not exist	~
~	8	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	•

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

Question **4**Correct

Mark 20.00 out of 20.00

SUBSET SUM PROBLEM

We are given a list of n numbers and a number x, the task is to write a python program to find out all possible subsets of the list such that their sum is x.

Examples:

Input: arr = [2, 4, 5, 9], x = 15

Output: [2, 4, 9]

15 can be obtained by adding 2, 4 and 9 from the given list.

Input : arr = [10, 20, 25, 50, 70, 90], x = 80

Output: [10, 70]

[10, 20, 50]

80 can be obtained by adding 10 and 70 or by adding 10, 20 and 50 from the given list.

THE INPUT

1.No of numbers

2.Get the numbers

3.Sum Value

For example:

Input	Result		
4	[2,	4,	9]
2			
4			
5			
9			
15			
5	[4,	5]	
4			
16			
5			
23			
12			
9			

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

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	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 2 4 5 9 15	[2, 4, 9]	[2, 4, 9]	~
~	6 10 20 25 50 70 90 80	[10, 70] [10, 20, 50]	[10, 70] [10, 20, 50]	*
~	5 4 16 5 23 12 9	[4, 5]	[4, 5]	*

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.

```
Question 5
Correct
Mark 20.00 out of 20.00
```

GRAPH COLORING PROBLEM

Given an undirected graph and a number m, determine if the graph can be coloured with at most m colours such that no two adjacent vertices of the graph are colored with the same color. Here coloring of a graph means the assignment of colors to all vertices.

Input-Output format:

Input:

- 1. A 2D array graph[V][V] where V is the number of vertices in graph and graph[V][V] is an adjacency matrix representation of the graph. A value graph[i][j] is 1 if there is a direct edge from i to j, otherwise graph[i][j] is 0.
- 2. An integer m is the maximum number of colors that can be used.

Output:

An array color[V] that should have numbers from 1 to m. color[i] should represent the color assigned to the ith vertex.

Example:

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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```
class Graph:
    def __init__(self, vertices):
        self.V = vertices
        self.graph = [[0 for column in range(vertices)] for row in range(vertices)]

def isSafe(self, v, colour, c):
    for i in range(self.V):
        if self.graph[v][i] == 1 and colour[i] == c:
            return False
    return True

def graphColouringUtil(self, m, colour, v):
    if v == self.V:
        return True

for c in range(1, m + 1):
        if self.isSafe(v, colour, c):
            colour[v] = c
```

	To	Test Test	Expected	Got	
•	g 1	g = Graph(4) g.graph = [[0, 1, 1, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0], [1, 1, 0, 1], [1, 0, 1, 0]] n = 3 g.graphColouring(m)	Solution exist and Following are the assigned colours: 1 2 3 2	Solution exist and Following are the assigned colours: 1 2 3 2	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Marks for this submission: 20.00/20.00.