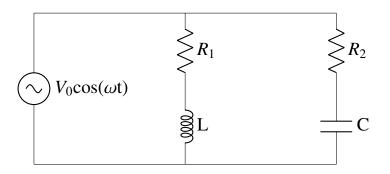
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GATE 2023 Assignment EE1205 Signals and Systems

Kurre Vinay EE23BTECH11036

Question: In the circuit shown $\omega = 100\pi \text{rads/s}$, R1=R2=2.2 Ω and L=7mH. the capacitance C for which Y_{in} is purely real is ____ mF



(GATE IN 2023)

Solution:

variable	value	description	formulae
Y_{in}		Admittance of circuit	$\frac{R_1 - Ls}{R_1^2 - (Ls)^2} + \frac{R_2 - \frac{1}{sC}}{R_2^2 - \left(\frac{1}{sC}\right)^2}$
X_L	$7s\Omega$	Inductive reactance	sL
X_C	$\frac{1}{sC}\Omega$	Capacitive reactance	$\frac{1}{sC}$
S	100πj	Laplace complex frequency	jω
ω	100πrads/s	Angular frequency	
V	$V_0\cos(\omega t)$	voltage of source	
R_1, R_2	2.2Ω	resistance of resistors	
TABLE I			

TABLE: INPUT PARAMETERS

According to the question given, Y_{in} is purely real, so imaginary part should be equal to zero

$$\implies \frac{-L\omega}{R_1^2 + (L\omega)^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{\omega C}}{R_2^2 + \left(\frac{1}{C\omega}\right)^2} = 0 \tag{1}$$

$$\implies \frac{-7(100\pi)}{(2.2)^2 + (7(100\pi))^2} + \frac{\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{C(100\pi)}\right)^2} = 0$$
 (3)

$$\implies \frac{-1}{4.4} + \frac{\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}\right)^2} = 0 \tag{4}$$

$$\implies \frac{\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{4.4}$$
 (5)

$$\implies (2.2)^2 - \frac{4.4}{(100\pi)C} + \left(\frac{1}{(100\pi)C}\right)^2 = 0 \tag{6}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \left(2.2 - \frac{1}{(100\pi)C}\right)^2 = 0\tag{7}$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{(100\pi)C} = 2.2 \tag{8}$$

$$\implies C = \frac{700}{484} \text{mF} \tag{9}$$

$$\implies C = 1.446281 \text{mF} \tag{10}$$

The capacitance of capacitor C is 1.45mF

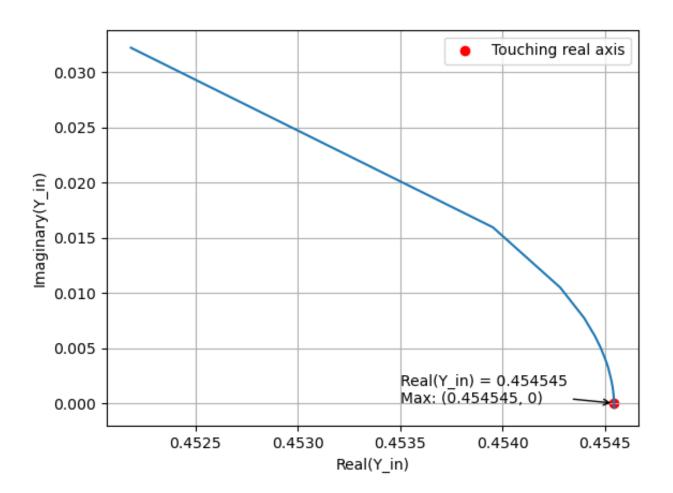


Fig. 1. the graph opf admittance (Y_{in}) amplitude