

Discrete Assignment

EE1205 Signals and Systems

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Question 11.9.3.8: Find the sum to indicated number of term in each of the geometric progressions in $\sqrt{7}, \sqrt{21}, 3\sqrt{7}, \dots, n$ terms

Solution: Sum of the geometric progression of $\sqrt{7}, \sqrt{21}, 3\sqrt{7}, \dots, n$ terms is

Input Table:

variable	value	description
$x(0)$	$\sqrt{7}$	first term of the geometric progression
r	$\sqrt{3}$	common ratio of the geometric progression
$x(n)$	$\sqrt{7} * 3^{(n)}$	n^{th} term of the geometric progression
n		no of the term in the geometric progression
S_n		Sum of the n term of the geometric progression

$$r = \frac{a_2}{a_1} \quad (1)$$

$$r = \frac{\sqrt{21}}{\sqrt{7}} \quad (2)$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \quad (3)$$

$$x(0) = \sqrt{7} \quad (4)$$

$$x(n) = x(0) * r^{(n)} \quad (5)$$

$$x(n) = x(0) * \sqrt{3^{(n)}} \quad (6)$$

$$x(n) = \sqrt{7 * 3^{(n)}} \quad (7)$$

$$S_n = \frac{x(0)(r^n)}{r - 1} \quad (8)$$

$$S_n = \frac{\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{3}^n)}{(\sqrt{3} - 1)} \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{3}^n)}{(\sqrt{3} - 1)} \quad (10)$$

Z-Transformation:

$$x(n) = x(0) * r^{(n)} \quad (11)$$

$$X(z) = \mathcal{Z}\{x(n)\} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n} \quad (12)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n} \quad (13)$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x(0) * r^n * z^{-n} \quad (14)$$

$$= x(0) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} r^n z^{-n} \quad (15)$$

$$= x(0)(z^0 * r^0 * U(z) + r^1 * z^{-1} * U(z) + r^2 * z^{-2} * U(z) + r^3 * z^{-3} * U(z) + r^4 * z^{-4} * U(z) + \dots) \quad (16)$$

$$= x(0)(1 + r^1 * z^{-1} + r^2 * z^{-2} + r^3 * z^{-3} + r^4 * z^{-4} + r^5 * z^{-5} + r^6 * z^{-6} + \dots) \quad (17)$$

$$X(Z) = x(0) * \frac{1}{1 - r * z^{-1}} \quad \text{wherer } * z^{-1} < 1 \quad (18)$$