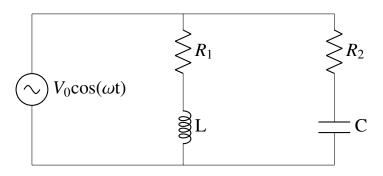
GATE 2023 Assignment EE1205 Signals and Systems

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Question: In the circuit shown $\omega = 100\pi \text{rads/s}$, R1=R2=2.2 Ω and L=7mH. the capacitance C for which Y_{in} is purely real is mF



(GATE IN 2023 Q46)

Solution:

variable	value	description
Y_{in}		Admittance of circuit
X_L	$7s\Omega$	Inductive reactance
X_C	$\frac{1}{sC}\Omega$	Capacitive reactance
ω	100πrads/s	Angular frequency
V	$V_0\cos(\omega t)$	voltage of source
TABLE I		

TABLE: INPUT PARAMETERS

$$X_L = sL \tag{1}$$

$$=7s\Omega \tag{2}$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{sC}\Omega\tag{3}$$

$$Y_{in} = \frac{1}{2.2 + 7s} + \frac{1}{2.2 + \frac{1}{sC}} \tag{4}$$

$$s = j\omega \tag{5}$$

$$s = j\omega$$

$$\Longrightarrow Y_{in} = \frac{1}{2.2 + 7j\omega} + \frac{1}{2.2 + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}$$
(6)

$$\implies Y_{in} = \frac{1 - j}{4.4} + \frac{2.2 + \frac{j}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2} \tag{7}$$

According to the question given, Y_{in} is purely real, so imaginary part should be equal to zero

$$\implies \frac{-1}{4.4} + \frac{\frac{1}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2} = 0 \tag{8}$$

$$\implies \frac{\frac{1}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{4.4} \tag{9}$$

$$\implies (2.2)^2 - \frac{4.4}{\omega C} + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2 = 0 \tag{10}$$

$$\Longrightarrow \left(2.2 - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2 = 0 \tag{11}$$

$$\implies \frac{1}{\omega C} = 2.2 \tag{12}$$

$$\implies C = \frac{700}{484} \text{mF} \tag{13}$$

$$\implies C = 1.446281 \text{mF} \tag{14}$$

The capacitance of capacitor C is 1.45mF