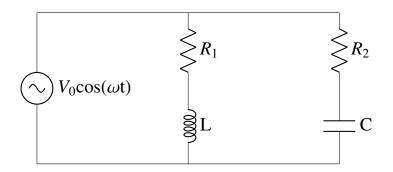
## **GATE 2023 Assignment** EE1205 Signals and Systems

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**Question 11.9.3.8:** In the circuit shown  $\omega = 100\pi \text{rads/s}$ , R1=R2=2.2 $\Omega$  and L=7mH. the capacitance C for which  $Y_{in}$  is purely real is mF

## Circuit Diagram:



## **Solution:**

variable	value	description
$Y_{in}$		Admittance of circuit
$X_L$	2.2jΩ	Inductive reactance
$X_C$	$\frac{-j}{\omega C}$	Capacitive reactance
ω	100πrads/s	Angular frequency
Z		Impedance of circuit

$$X_L = \omega L j \tag{1}$$

$$=100\pi \times 7 \times 10^{-3}j\tag{2}$$

$$=2.2j\tag{3}$$

$$X_C = \frac{-j}{\omega C} \tag{4}$$

$$X_{C} = \frac{-j}{\omega C}$$

$$Y_{in} = \frac{1}{2.2 + 2.2j} + \frac{1}{2.2 - \frac{j}{\omega C}}$$
(4)

$$= \frac{1-j}{4.4} + \frac{2.2 + \frac{j}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2}$$
 (6)

(7)

According to the  $Y_{in}$  is purely real, so imaginary part should be equal to zero

$$\frac{-1}{4.4} + \frac{\frac{1}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2} = 0 \tag{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4.4} = \frac{\frac{1}{\omega C}}{(2.2)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2} \tag{9}$$

$$(2.2)^2 - \frac{4.4}{\omega C} + \left(\frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2 = 0 \tag{10}$$

$$\left(2.2 - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)^2 = 0\tag{11}$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega C} = 2.2 \tag{12}$$

$$C = \frac{700}{484} \text{mF}$$
 (13)

$$C = 1.446281 \text{mF}$$
 (14)

The capacitance of capacitor C is 1.47mF

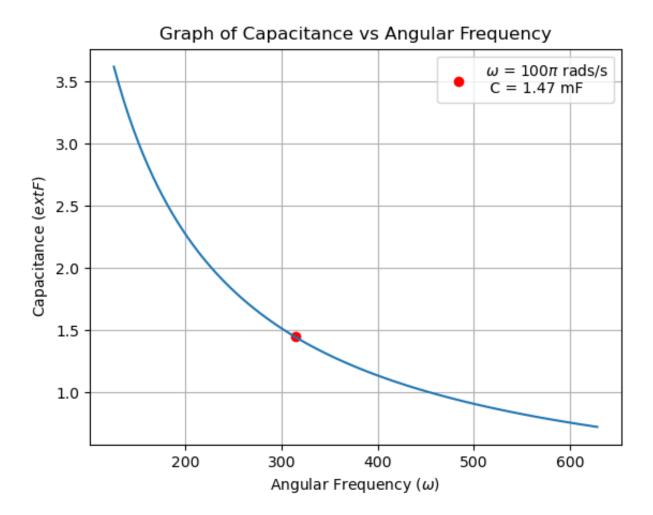


Fig. 0. Graph of Capacitance(mF)0 vs Angular Frequency( $\omega$ )