## Data Structures

Reversing of a linked list

## printing the data reversely:

data 1 add 2<sup>nd</sup> → data2 add 3<sup>rd</sup> → data3 NULL

- Base condition is if head equal to null return nothing.
- Traverse through the end of a linked list recursively.
- print the data of the node after recursive step so that we traverse through until the last node of linked list and then during return we print the data.

```
void PrintElements(lin_list *head) {
    //base condition
    if(head==NULL) {
        return;
    }
    //recursive step
    PrintElements(head->next);
    printf("%d ",head->data);
}
```

## **Function for reversing a linked list:**

data 1 add 2<sup>nd</sup> → data2 add 3<sup>rd</sup> → data3 NULL

- create a new linked list(tail) and point it to NULL.
- Traverse through each node of linked list.
- Point the next pointer of head to tail.
- > push each node to the newly created linked list(tail).

```
Reverse the elements in the linked list */
lin list *ReverseList(lin list *head)
    lin list *next, *tail = NULL;
    while (head) {
        //storing the linked list without first node into next.
        next = head->next;
        head->next = tail;
        tail = head;
        //restoring the linked list into head.
        head = next;
    return tail;
```

## **Whole program:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//creating a node.
typedef struct lin list{
   int data;
    struct lin list *next;
}lin list;
//inserting nodes
lin list *insertnode(lin list *head, int data)
   lin list *newnode=(lin list*)malloc(sizeof(lin list));
   newnode->data=data;
   newnode->next=head;
   head=newnode;
   return head;
//printing the linked list.
void PrintElements(lin list *head) {
    //base condition
```

```
if (head==NULL) {
        return;
    printf("%d ",head->data);
    PrintElements (head->next);
void RecursiveReverse(lin list *head) {
    //base condition
    if (head==NULL) {
        return;
    //recursive step
    RecursiveReverse(head->next);
   printf("%d ", head->data);
/* Reverse the nodes in the linked list */
lin list *ReverseList(lin list *head) {
   lin list *next, *tail = NULL;
   while (head) {
        //storing the linked list without first node into next.
        next = head->next;
        head->next = tail;
```

```
tail = head;
        //restoring the linked list into head.
        head = next;
   return tail;
int main() {
   lin list *head=NULL;
    head=insertnode(head, 4);
    head=insertnode(head, 3);
   head=insertnode(head, 2);
   head=insertnode(head, 1);
    PrintElements(head);printf("\n");
    //reversing of linked list
   head=ReverseList(head);
    PrintElements(head);printf("\n");
    //printing elements reversely.
    RecursiveReverse(head);
    return 0;
   234
  4321
  1234
```