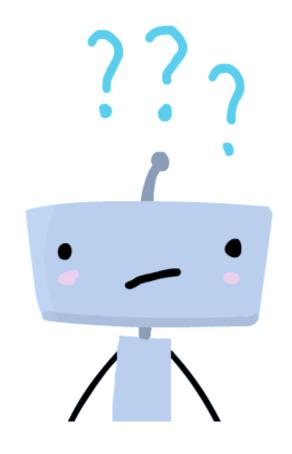
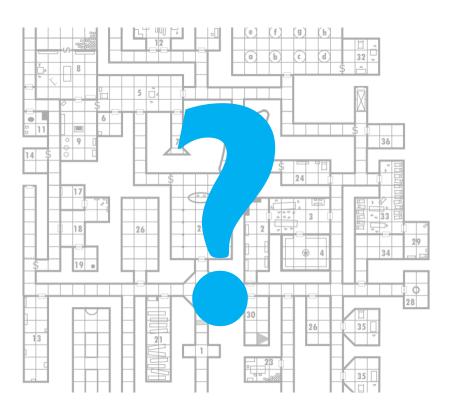




David Schmidig
Supervised by
Patrik Schmuck
Marco Karrer
Margarita Chli

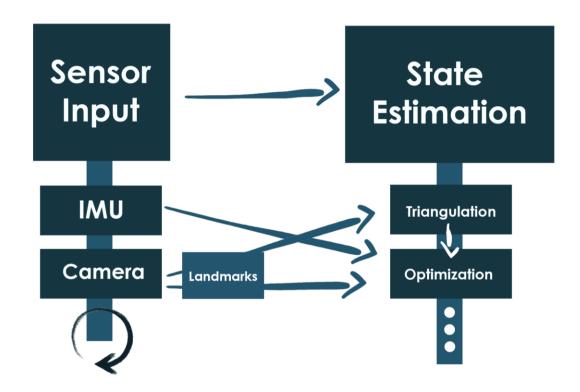




Simultaneous Localization and Mapping



Simultaneous Localization and Mapping



Simultaneous Localization and Mapping **Trajectory** Sensor State Input **Estimation** Map IMU **Triangulation** Camera Optimization Landmarks

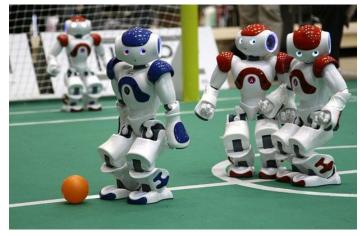
Simultaneous Localization and Mapping



Trajectory

Map







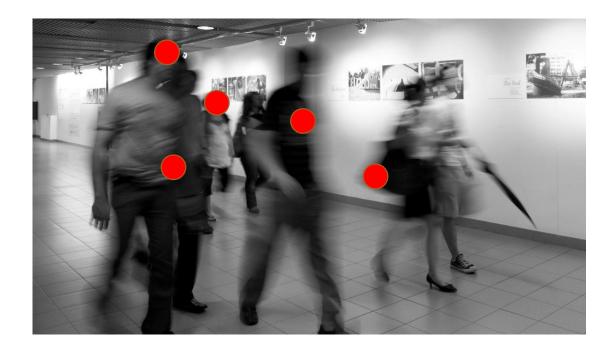
SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

What is reliable for state estimation



SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

- What is reliable for state estimation
- Consistent movement of dynamic objects (no outlier removal)



SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

- What is reliable for state estimation
- Consistent movement of dynamic objects (no outlier removal)



SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

- What is reliable for state estimation
- Consistent movement of dynamic objects (no outlier removal)
- Inconsistent object type





SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

- What is reliable for state estimation
- Consistent movement of dynamic objects (no outlier removal)
- Inconsistent object type
- System initialization

SLAM for Dynamic Environments Challenges

- What is reliable for state estimation
- Consistent movement of dynamic objects (no outlier removal)
- Inconsistent object type
- System initialization
- Realtime

SLAM for Dynamic Environments Possibilities

- More robust SLAM systems

SLAM for Dynamic Environments Possibilities

- More robust SLAM systems
- Autonomous robots in dynamic environments

Existing Work

- CoSLAM,
- D. Zou and P.Tan, 2013
 - Multiple cameras needed
- Mobile Robot SLAM in Dynamic Environments,
- D. Wolf and G. S. Sukhatme, 2005
 - 2D Scene
- Robust vSLAM in Dynamic Scenes,
- P. F. Alcantarilla et al., 2011
 - AR setup, No Quantitative Evaluation
- Robust Monocular SLAM in Dynamic Environemnts, Wei Tan et al., 2013
 - AR setup, No Quantitative Evaluation

Approach General Idea



Approach General Idea



Approach General Idea



Approach

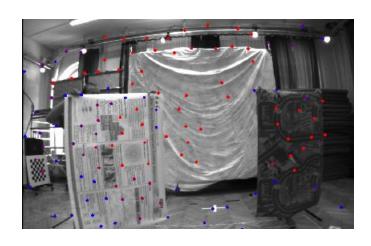
General Idea non-binary classifier



Approach Datasets



Mixed Reality, EUROC



Vicon-Room, ETHZ

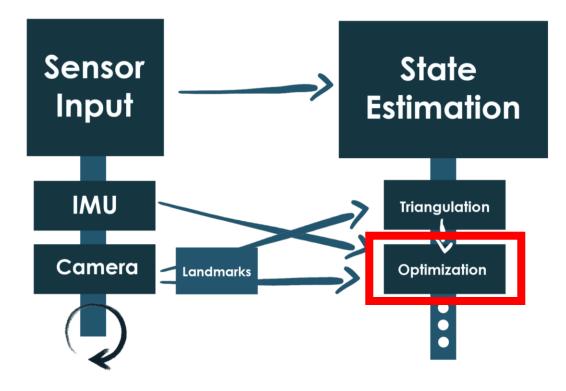


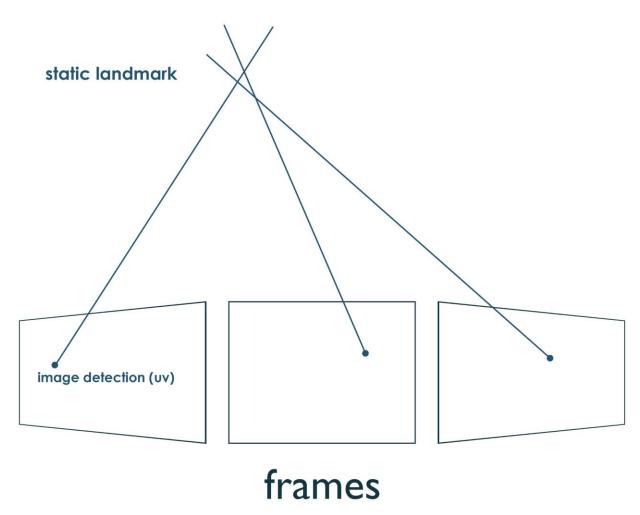
Bahnhofstrasse, Zurich

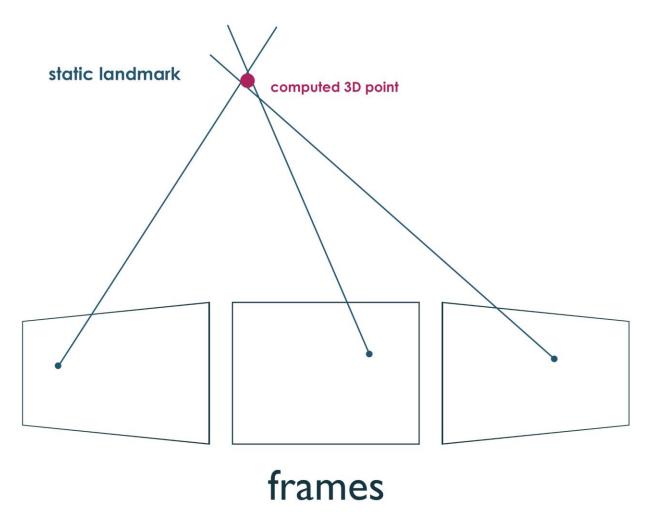
Approach Algorithm Design

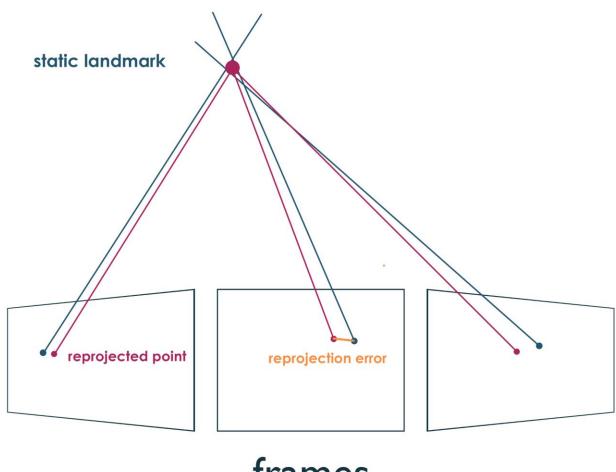
Approach Algorithm Design



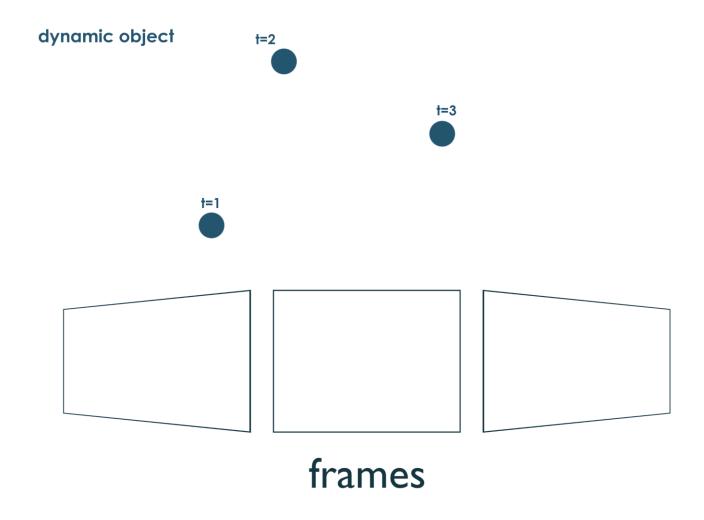


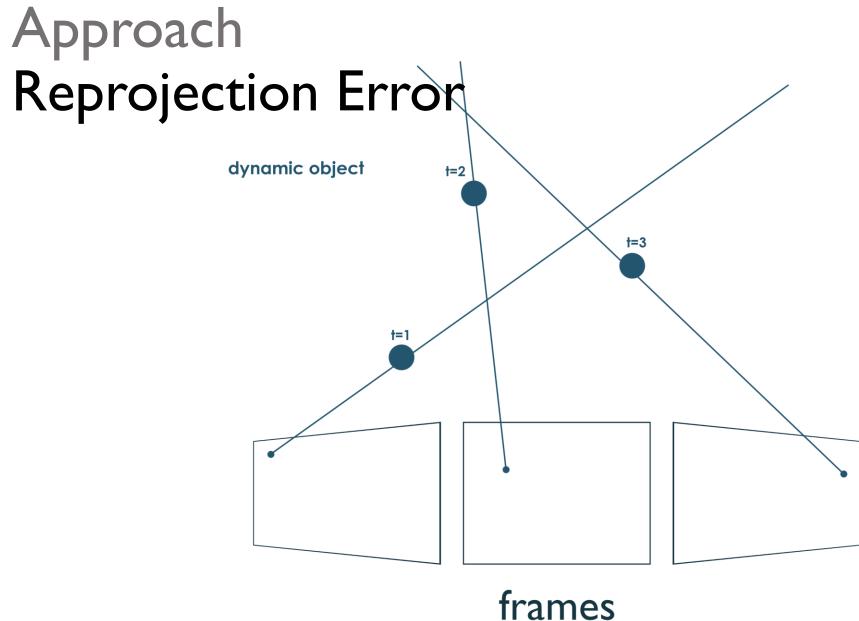


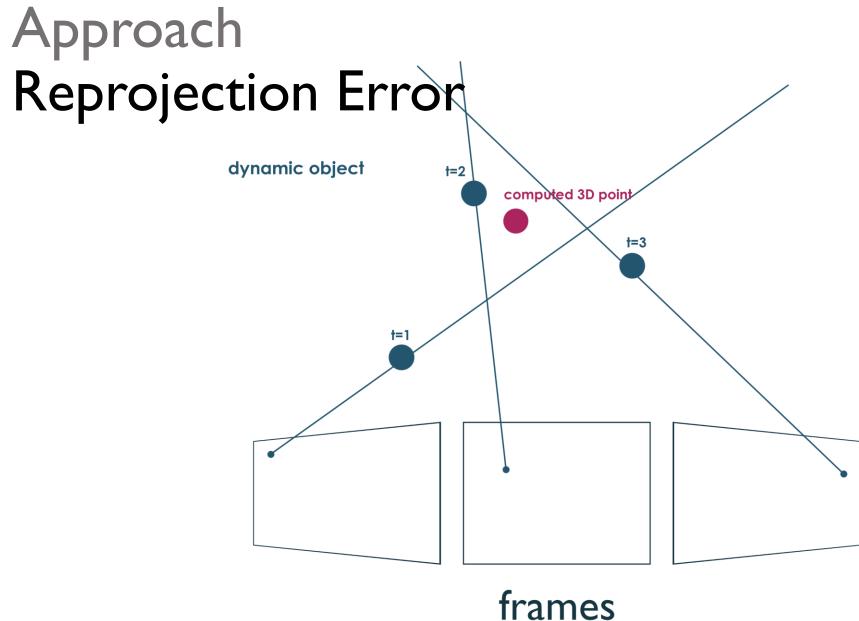


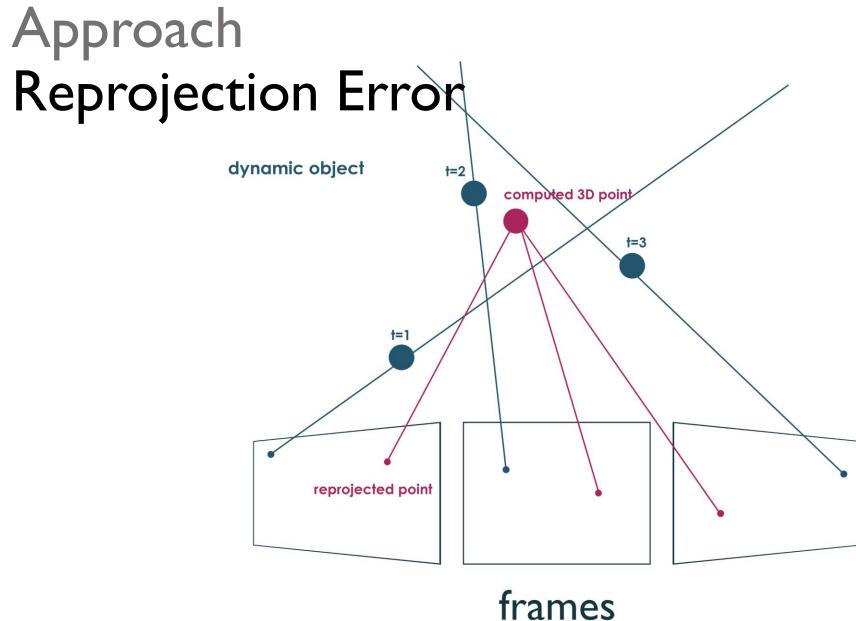


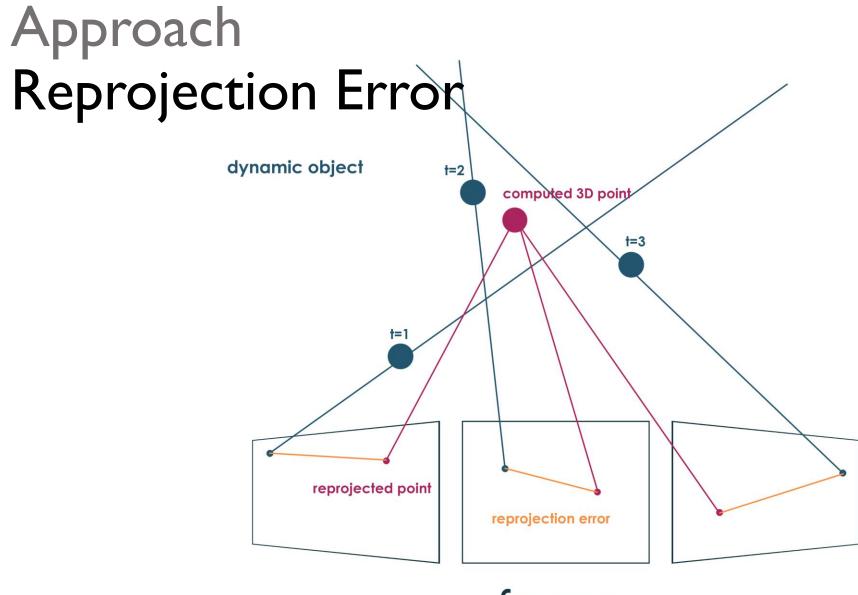
frames





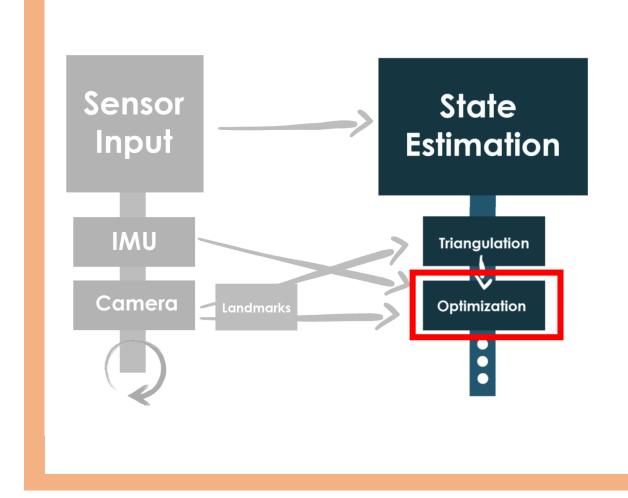




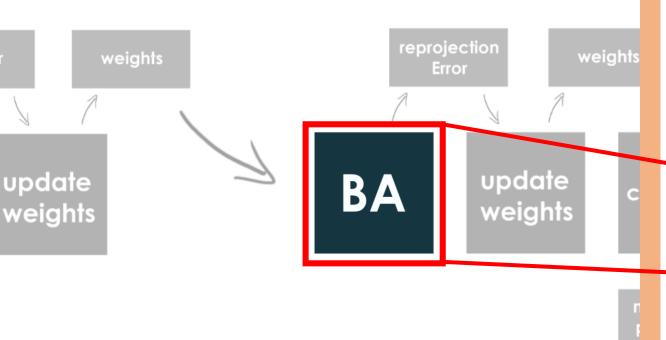


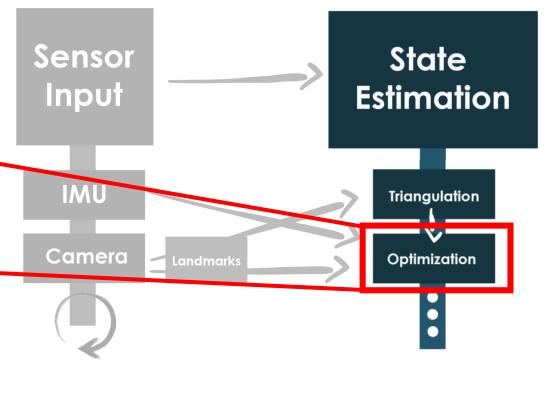
frames

Approach Algorithm Design

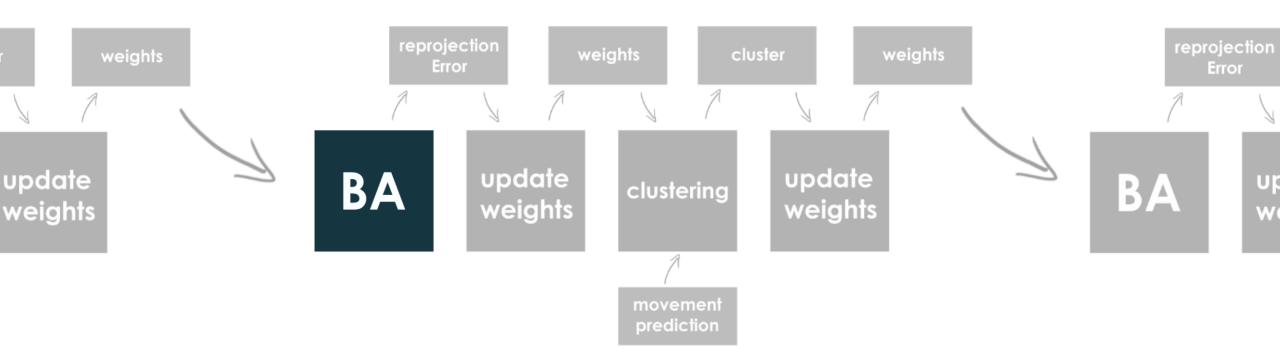


Approach Algorithm Design

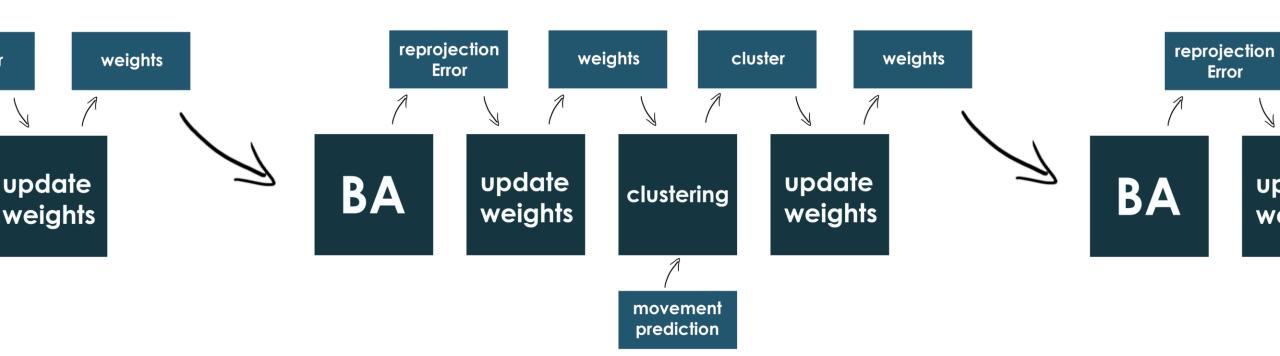


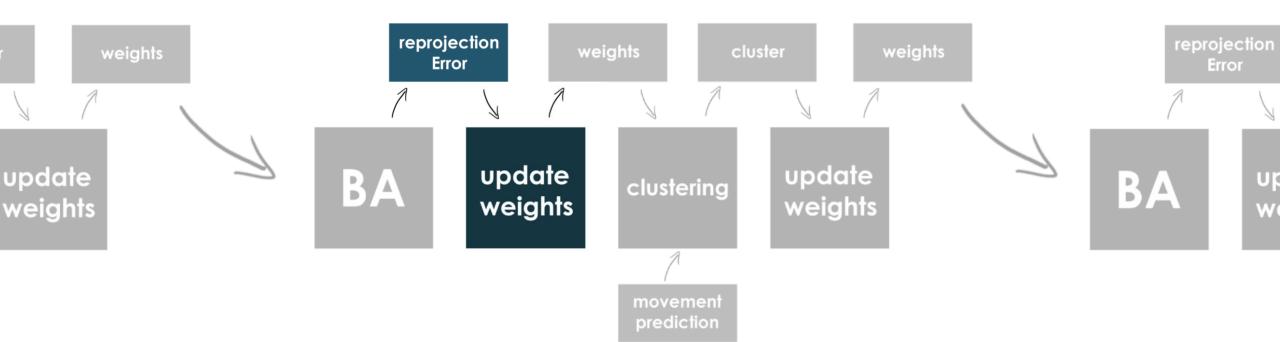


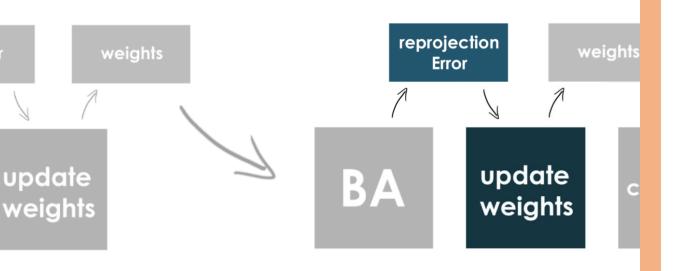
Approach Algorithm Design



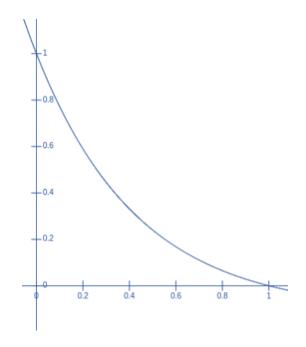
Approach Algorithm Design

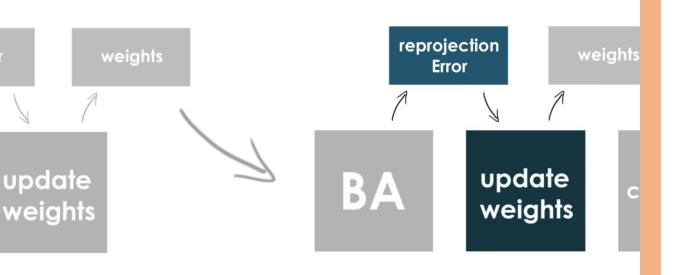




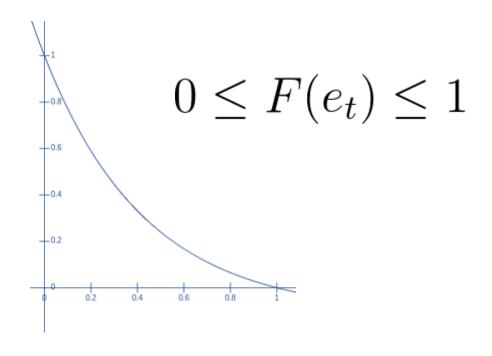


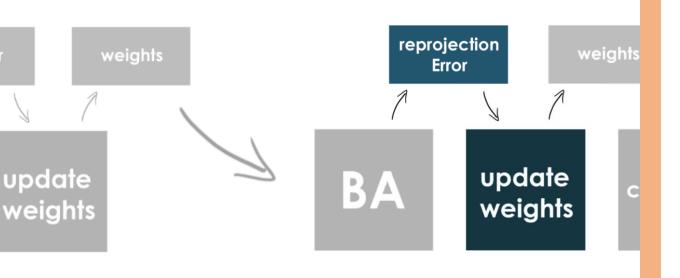
$$W_t(W_{t-1}, e_t) = \frac{1}{2}W_{t-1} + \frac{1}{2}F(e_t)$$





$$W_t(W_{t-1}, e_t) = \frac{1}{2}W_{t-1} + \frac{1}{2}F(e_t)$$

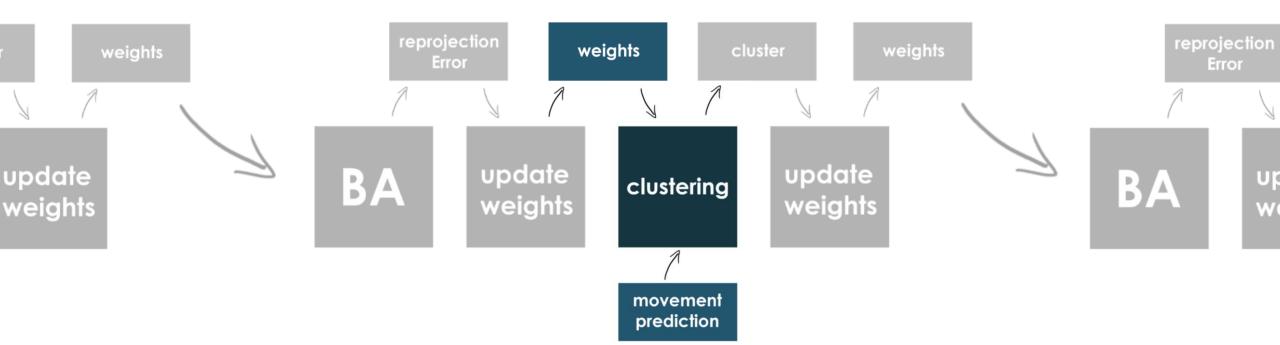


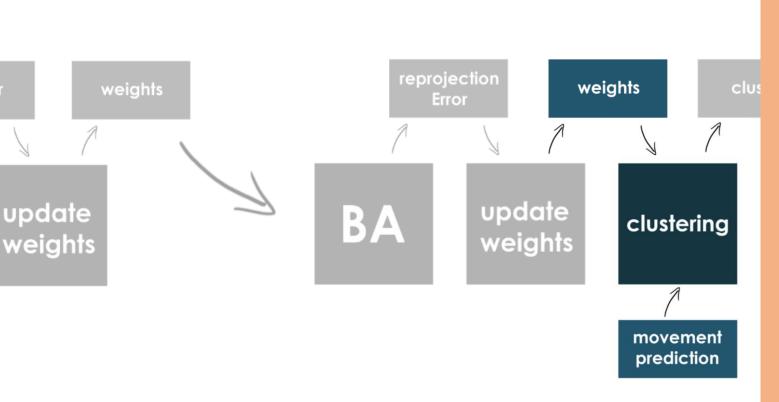


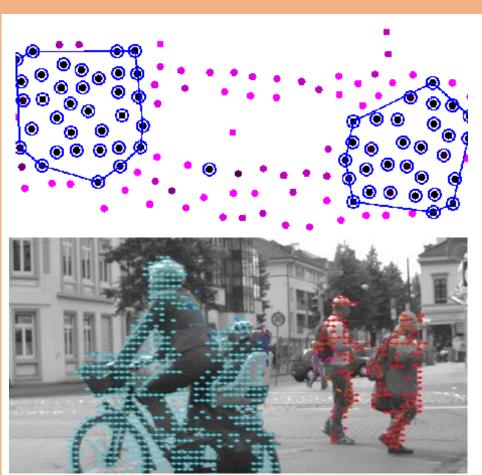
$$W_t(W_{t-1}, e_t) = \frac{1}{2}W_{t-1} + \frac{1}{2}F(e_t)$$

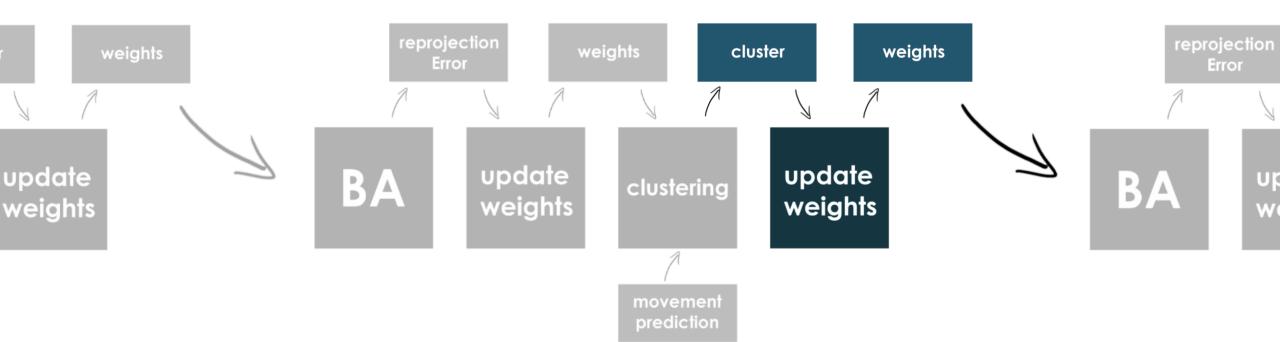
$$0 \le F(e_t) \le 1$$

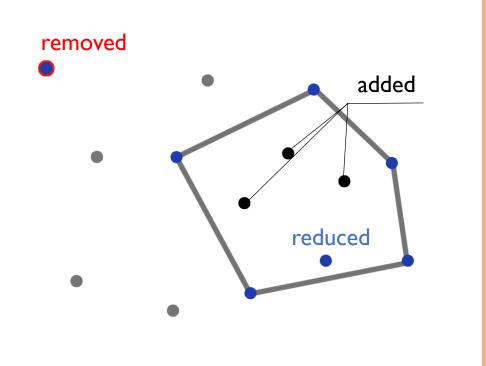
$$e_t = \frac{\hat{e}_t}{e_{max}}$$
 Threshold

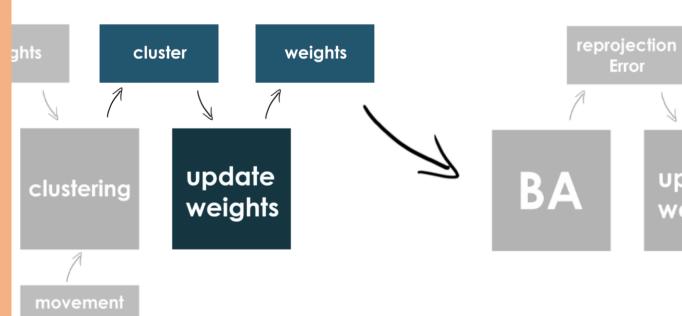


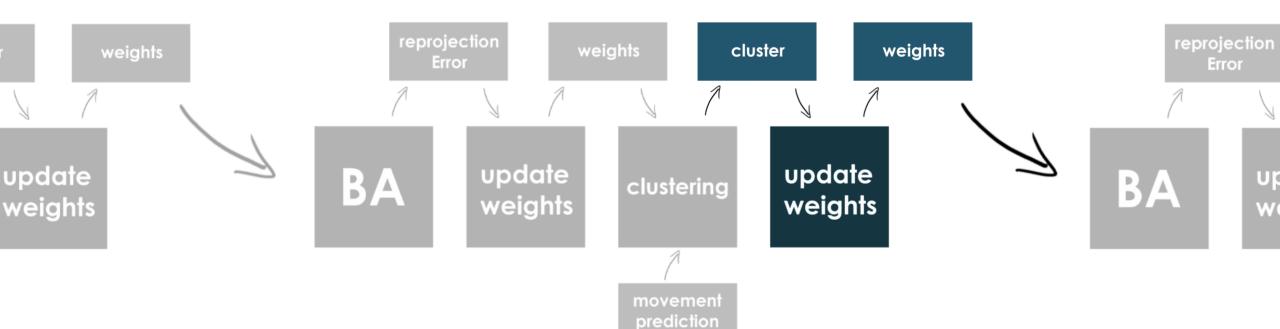






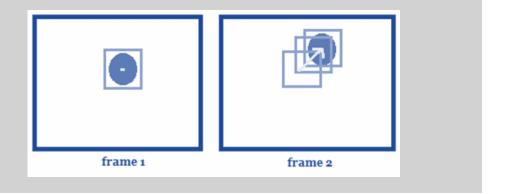






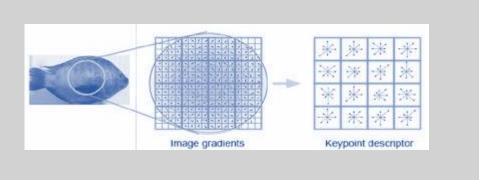
Tracking Based Feature Matching

- VINS-Mono

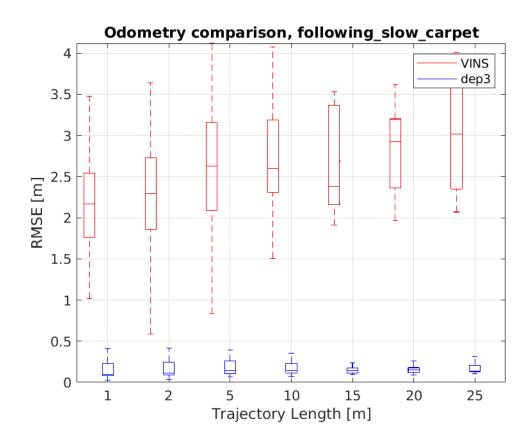


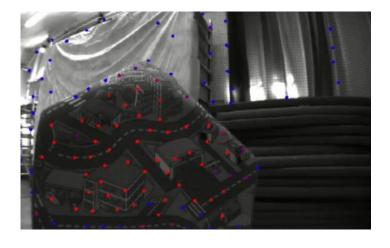
Descriptor Based Feature Matching

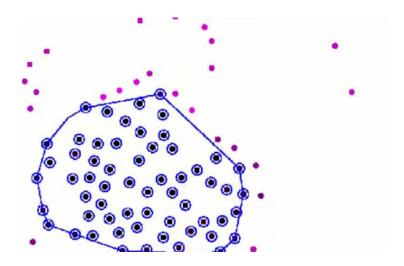
- OKVIS



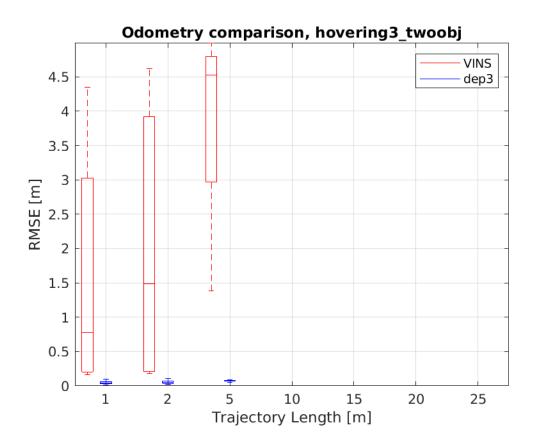
Experiments & Results VINS-Mono

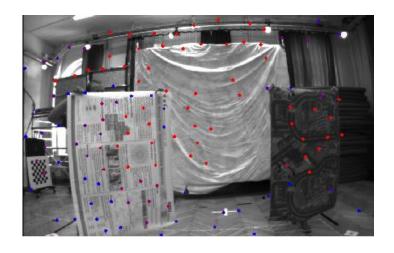


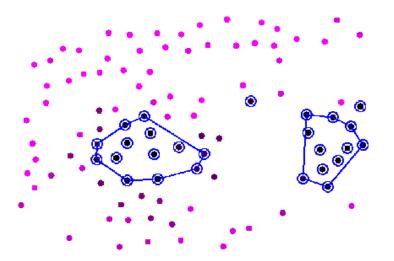




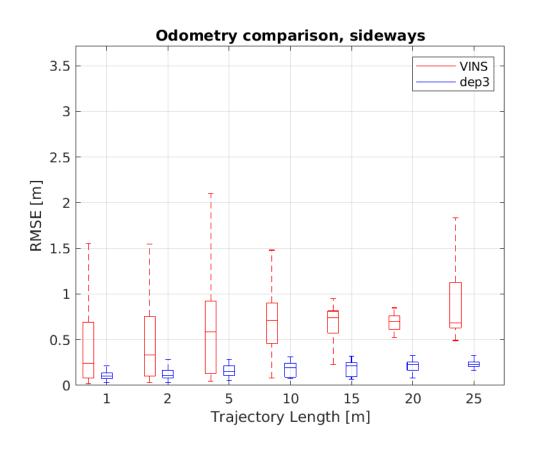
Experiments & Results VINS-Mono

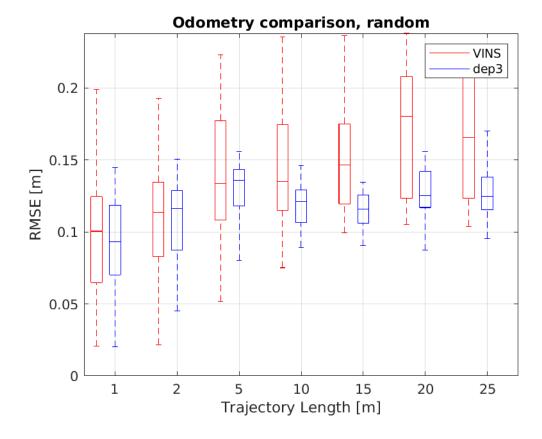




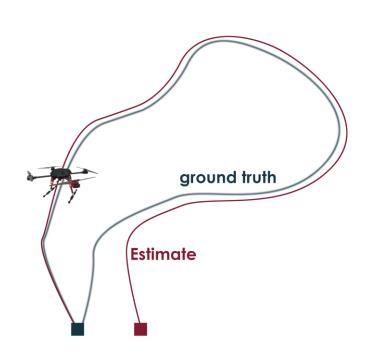


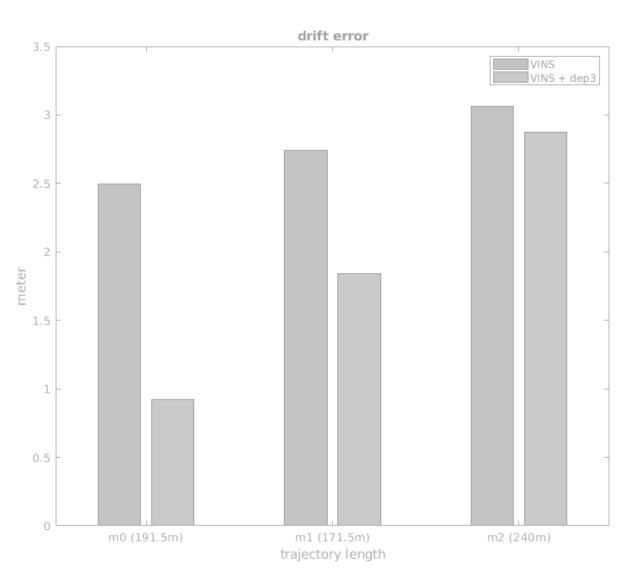
Experiments & Results VINS-Mono



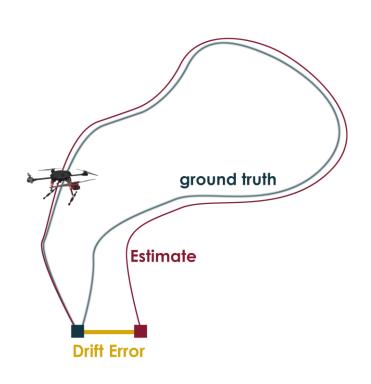


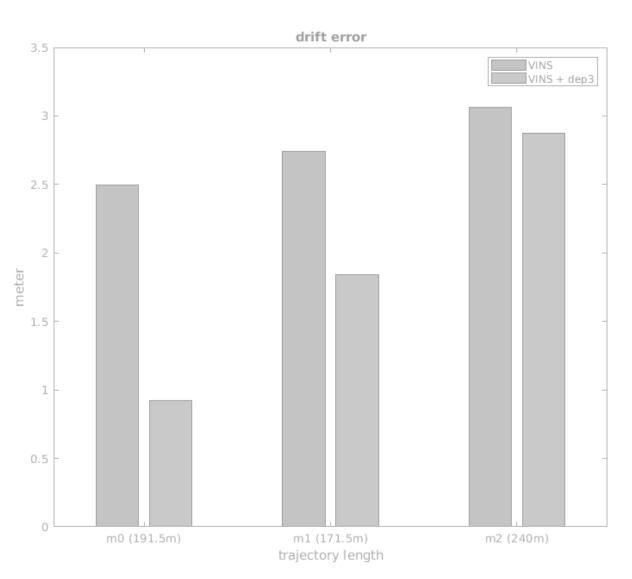
VINS-Mono



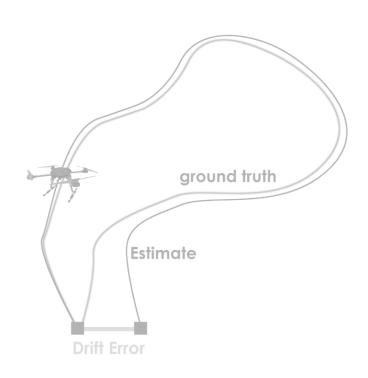


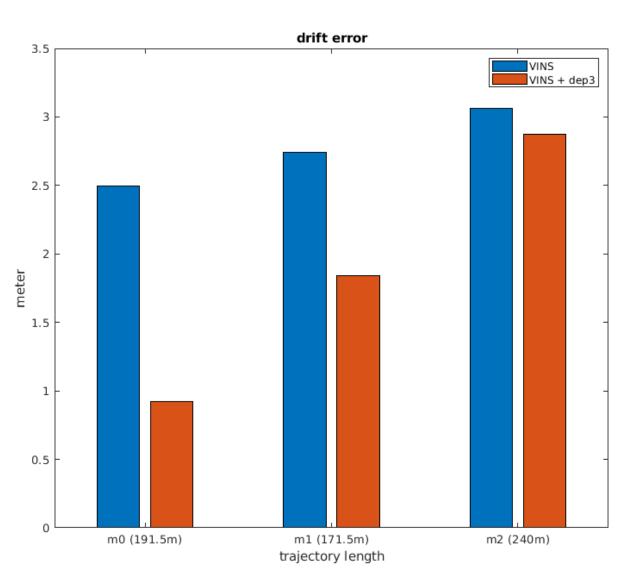
VINS-Mono



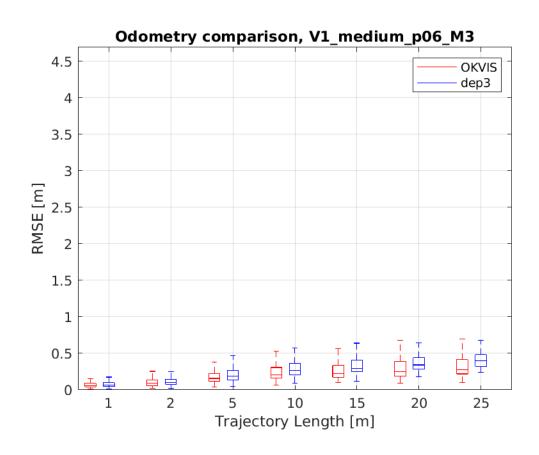


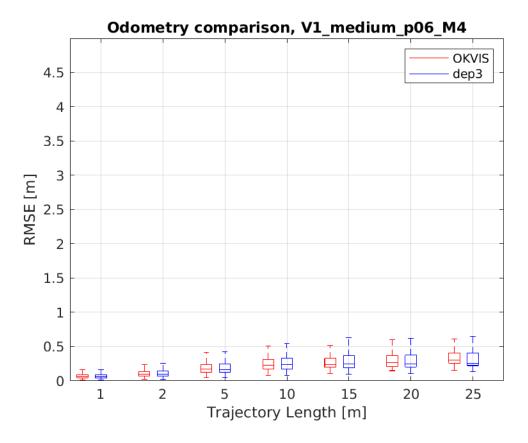
VINS-Mono



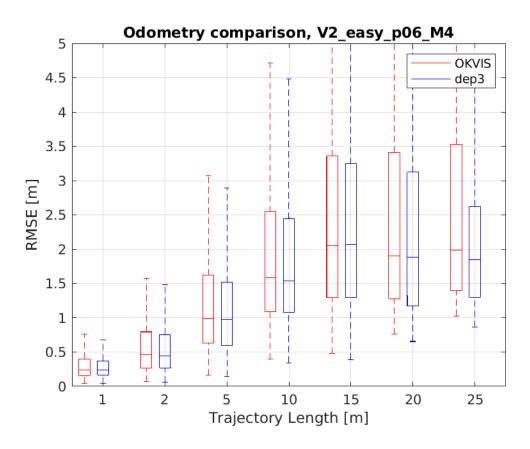


Experiments & Results OKVIS

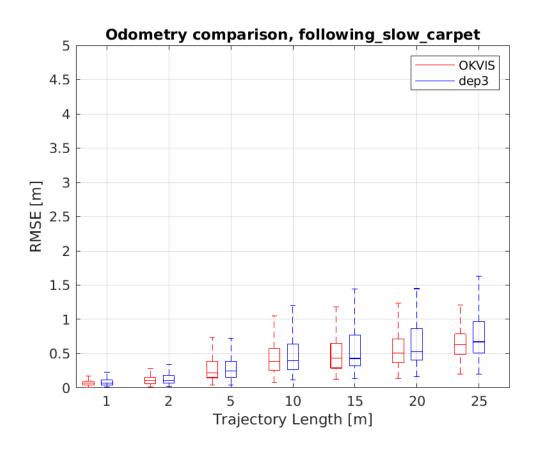


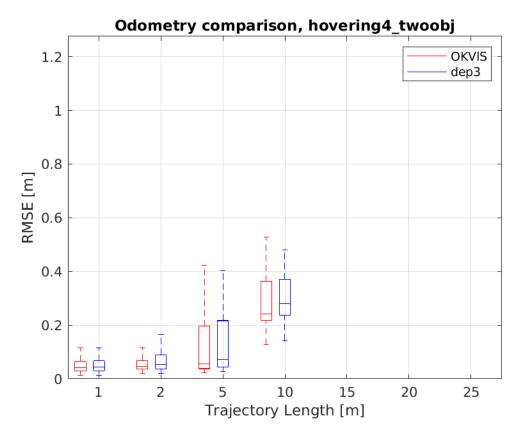


Experiments & Results OKVIS

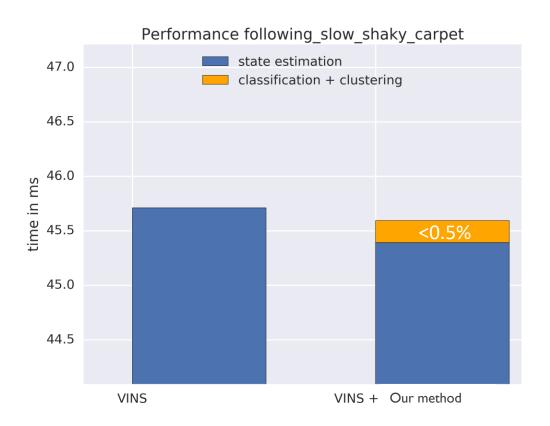


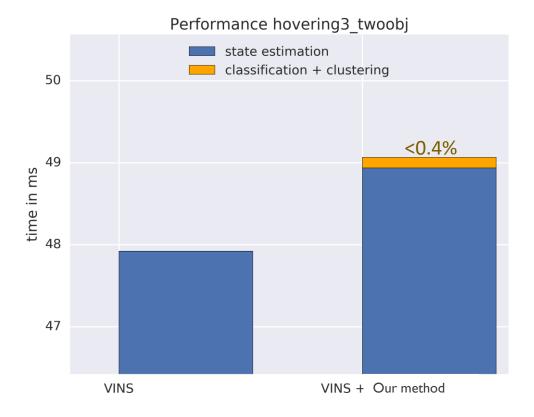
Experiments & Results OKVIS





Experiments & Results Benchmarks





Conclusion

This Projects proposes a simple solution to deal with dynamic objects in a SLAM system that...

- ... also works under high occlusion by dynamic objects
- ... is computational cheap
- ... works especially well in a "following scenario" and with texture-rich objects

There are also other methods to prevent dynamic objects to influence the state estimation, like OKVIS does.

Further Work

- Reprojection Error Threshold
 - Initialization with dynamic objects
 - Adaptive threshold based on IMU
 - Adaptive threshold based on number of features available

- OKVIS / Descriptor Based Feature Matching Systems
 - Robust cluster movement prediction



SLAM for Dynamic Environments

Thank You





SLAM for Dynamic Environments

Questions?

