

### Automating the Modelling of Transformative Artificial Intelligence Risks

"An Epistemic Framework for Leveraging Frontier AI Systems to Upscale Conditional Policy Assessments in Bayesian Networks on a Narrow Path towards Existencial Safety"

A thesis submitted at the Department of Philosophy for the degree of  $Master\ of\ Arts\ in\ Philosophy\ \ \ \ Economics$ 

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Pielmühler Straße 15 52066 Lappersdorf Word Count:
30.000
Source / Identifier:
Document URL

Dr. Timo Speith

# Preface

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# Abstract

# Outline(s): Table of Contents

# List of Figures

1.1	Short 2 caption																																			7
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# Frontmatter

# Prefatory Apparatus: Illustrations and Terminology — Quick References

#### List of Tables

Table 1: Table name
Table 2: Table name
Table 3: Table name

### List of Graphics & Figures

#### List of Abbreviations

esp. especially
f., ff. following
incl. including
p., pp. page(s)
MAD Mutually Assured Destruction

#### Glossary

### Introduction

#### 1.1 Introduction

10% of Grade:

- introduces and motivates the core question or problem
- provides context for discussion (places issue within a larger debate or sphere of relevance)
- states precise thesis or position the author will argue for
- provides roadmap indicating structure and key content points of the essay
- $\sim 14\%$  of text  $\sim 4200$  words
- introduces and motivates the core question or problem

Testing crossreferencing grapics Figure 1.1.



Figure 1.1: Caption/Title 2

# List of Figures

- 1.2 Motivation: Problem Statement
- 1.3 Motivation: Research Question
  - provides context for discussion (places issue within a larger debate or sphere of relevance)
- 1.4 Scope: Aim & Context of the Research
- 1.5 Significance of the Research: Theory of Change
- states precise thesis or position the author will argue for
- 1.6 Thesis Statement & Position: (Aim of the Paper)
  - provides roadmap indicating structure and key content points of the essay
- 1.7 Overview: Structure & Approach of the Paper (Roadmap Theory of Change)
- 1.8 Table of Contents
- 1.9 Problem Statement Motivation

Continued AI Progress:

• Rapid advancements in AI technology increase both potential benefits and risks.

Existential Risks (AI X-Risk):

• Advanced AI systems could pose significant threats if misaligned with human values.

Complexity Challenges:

• The intricate nature of AI systems complicates policy formulation and understanding.

Limitations of Current Approaches:

- MTAIR's Reliance on Human Labor:
  - Modeling Transformative AI Risks (MTAIR) is constrained by manual cognitive efforts.
- Need for Automation:
  - Scaling and automating risk modeling is essential to keep pace with AI developments.

Opportunity:

• Leveraging new technologies to enhance our ability to model and mitigate AI risks.

#### 1.10 Aim of the Paper

#### 1.10.1 Research Question & Scope

Can frontier AI technologies be utilized to automate the modeling of transformative AI risks, so as to allow for the prediction of policy impacts?

Frontier AI Technology: Today's most capable AI systems (e.g. GPT4 level LLMs)

Scaling Up: Automating the previously "manual" cognitive labor

Modeling: Formalizing the world views underlying arguments

Transformative AI: Level of AI capabilities defined by severe impact on the world

Safety & Governance Literature: Publications, reports etc. concerned with risks from AI Automated Estimation: Non-manual (AI systems + scaffolding), quantified evalua-

Probability Distributions: Formal expressions of the expectations over future worlds Conditional Trees of Possible Worlds: "If ... then..." reasoning over ways things may play out

Forecasting Policy Impacts: Qualitative & quantitative evaluation of expected outcomes

#### 1.10.2 Significance of the Research

#### 1.10.3

# 1.11 Theory of Change — Approach & Structure of the Paper

Multiplicative Benefits:

• Automation × Live Prediction Market Integrations × Policy Impact Evaluations

Explanation:

Automation:

- Increases efficiency and scalability of risk modeling. Live Prediction Markets:
- Provides up-to-date, collective intelligence to inform models. Policy Impact Evaluations:
- Improves the accuracy and relevance of policy assessments.

#### Outcome:

• Enhanced ability to develop effective policies that mitigate AI risks.

#### Visual Aid:

• A diagram illustrating how each component amplifies the others, leading to greater overall impact.

#### 1.12

### 1.13 Overview / Table of Contents

### Context

#### 2.0.1 20% of Grade:

- demonstrates understanding of all relevant core concepts
- explains why the question/thesis/problem is relevant in student's own words (supported by quotations)
- situates it within the debate/course material
- reconstructs selected arguments and identifies relevant assumptions
- describes additional relevant material that has been consulted and integrates it with the course material as well as the research question/thesis/problem
- $\sim 29\%$  of text  $\sim 8700$  words
- 1. successively (chunk my chunk) introduce concepts/ideas and 2. ground each with existing literature

#### 2.1 Theoretical Background Considerations

#### 2.2 Literature, Concepts & Terminology

#### 2.2.1 DAG / BayesNets

### 2.2.2 State of the art (MTAIR) — Explanation

Carlsmith Model (Analytica)

#### 2.2.3 (Intro) Example — Rain/Sprinkler/Lawn

/ Rain/Sprinkler/Lawn DAG / BayesNet — Extended Example

Own Position/Argument: AMTAIR ... Own Rain/Sprinkler/Lawn DAG / BayesNet Implementation

### 2.3 Methodology

 $\operatorname{MTAIR}$  / Carlsmith Model (Analytica) — Explanation (— is motivation: should come first)

- 2.3.1 Kialo
- 2.3.2 Rain/Sprinkler/Lawn DAG
- 2.3.3 BayeServer
- 2.3.4 BayesNet Extended Example
- 2.3.5 Code + documentation

### AMTAIR

#### 3.0.1 20% of Grade: $\sim 29\%$ of text $\sim 8700$ words

- provides critical or constructive evaluation of positions introduced
- develops strong (plausible) argument in support of author's own position/thesis
- argument draws on relevant course material claim/argument
- demonstrate understanding of the course materials incl. key arguments and core concepts within the debate
- claim/argument is original or insightful, possibly even presents an original contribution to the debate
- 3.1 Own Carlsmith Model Implementation Explanation
- 3.2 Own Implementation: Good example from a published paper
- 3.3 Implementation

TestText

#### 3.4 Results

TestText

# Insights & Findings

# 4.1 Automated Modeling Pipeline — From Academic Papers to Political Strategy

#### Success of Automation:

- Demonstrated feasibility of automated model extraction.

  Improved Forecasting:
- Enhanced accuracy with real-time data integration. Policy Analysis:
- Identified impactful policies through conditional forecasting. Scalability Achieved:
- Efficient processing of extensive data sets.

  Addressed Challenges:
- Overcame limitations of manual modeling.

# 4.2 Project Scaling — Workflow Pipeline & Automation

#### Scaling Opportunities:

- Horizontal: Incorporate more data sources.
- Vertical: Add detailed variables.

#### New Capabilities:

- Advanced analytics.
- Real-time data integration.

#### Requirements:

- Software Setup: Robust infrastructure.
- Financial: Funding for APIs and compute resources.

#### Impact:

- Broader, more comprehensive models.
- Enhanced policy analysis.

# 4.3 Computational Complexity — Computational Tractability

#### Challenges:

• High computational demands of complex models.

#### Solutions:

- Clustering Worldviews:
- Group similar perspectives to simplify models.
- Correlation Management:
- Adjust for variable interdependencies.
- Efficient Algorithms:
  Use optimized sampling methods like Monte Carlo.

#### Outcome:

• Achieved efficiency without sacrificing accuracy.

Link to Theory of Change:

• Scalability amplifies policy impact.

# 4.4 External Validation — Manual Extraction & Processing

#### Purpose:

- Assess accuracy of automated methods. Comparison:
- Automation Strengths:

- Speed, consistency.
- Human Strengths:
- Nuanced understanding. Findings:
- Automation excels in data handling.
- Human oversight enhances quality. Conclusion:
- $\bullet\,$  Optimal results from combining AI with expert input.

### Discussion

#### 5.1 Discussion

10% of Grade:  $\sim 14\%$  of text  $\sim 4200$  words

- discusses a specific objection to student's own argument
- provides a convincing reply that bolsters or refines the main argument
- relates to or extends beyond materials/arguments covered in class

# Discussion — Exchange, Controversy & Influence

# 6.1 Challenges & Problems — Red Teaming Problems, Failures & Downsides

#### Potential Failures:

- Data Issues: Inaccurate or biased inputs.
- Model Limitations: Oversimplifications.
- Tech Risks: AI misinterpretations. Red Teaming:
- Stress-testing models to find weaknesses. Impact on Theory of Change:
- Identifying points of failure strengthens the approach.

### 6.2 Implications & Impact — Uptake, Feedback Loops, Uptake & Success – Green Teaming –

#### Potential Outcomes:

- First-Order: Reduced AI risks through better policies.
- Second-Order: Enhanced collaboration.
- Third-Order: Framework applied to other global risks. Feedback Loops:

- Continuous model improvement.
- Adaptive policy-making. Green Teaming:
- Strategies to maximize positive impacts.

# 6.3 Known Unknowns & Unknown Unknowns — Input Data Example: Modeling Author Worldviews from Bibliographies Instead of Individual Papers

#### Potential Outcomes:

- First-Order: Reduced AI risks through better policies.
- Second-Order: Enhanced collaboration.
- Third-Order: Framework applied to other global risks. Feedback Loops:
- Continuous model improvement.
- Adaptive policy-making. Green Teaming:
- Strategies to maximize positive impacts.

### Conclusion

#### 7.1 The Current State of Things & How to Continue

10% of Grade:  $\sim 14\%$  of text  $\sim 4200$  words

- summarizes thesis and line of argument
- outlines possible implications
- notes outstanding issues / limitations of discussion
- points to avenues for further research
- overall conclusion is in line with introduction

#### 7.2 Summary — Key Takeaways & Findings

#### 7.2.1 Assessing Policy Effects:

Evaluating how different policies alter P(Doom).

#### 7.2.2 Conditional Probability:

Calculating P(Doom | Policy Alpha).

#### 7.2.3 Methodology:

Update model parameters based on policy implementation. Recompute probabilities accordingly.

#### 7.2.4 Purpose:

Inform policymakers of potential policy effectiveness.

Prioritize interventions that significantly reduce risks.

# 7.3 Outlook — Outlook & Next Steps / Further Research

#### 7.3.1 Scaling Up:

• Include more variables and data sources.

#### 7.3.2 Collaboration:

• Partner with policymakers and researchers.

#### 7.3.3 Technological Enhancements:

• Employ advanced AI techniques.

#### 7.3.4 Potential Impact:

• Influence global AI governance.

#### 7.3.5 Limitations of the Analysis

#### 7.3.6 Policy Implications & Recommendations

#### 7.3.7 Areas for Future Research

# 7.3.8 Open Questions — Central/Remaining Questions & Feedback

#### Questions:

- How can we improve automation accuracy?
- What challenges exist in policy implementation?
- How do we mitigate AI model biases?
- How can interdisciplinary efforts enhance outcomes?

#### Feedback:

• Invite thoughts, critiques, and suggestions.

#### 7.4 List of Figures

#### 7.4.1 Outlook — Outlook & Next Steps / Further Research

# References

# Appendix A

# Appendices

- A.1 Appendices
- A.2 Appendix A
- A.3 Appendix B
- A.4 Appendix C
- A.5 Appendix D

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# $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Appendix} \ \mathbf{B} \\ \mathbf{appendix} \mathbf{A} \end{array}$

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#### **Affidavit**

#### Declaration of Academic Honesty

Hereby, I attest that I have composed and written the presented thesis

#### Automating the Modelling of Transformative Artificial Intelligence Risks

independently on my own, without the use of other than the stated aids and without any other resources than the ones indicated. All thoughts taken directly or indirectly from external sources are properly denoted as such.

This paper has neither been previously submitted in the same or a similar form to another authority nor has it been published yet.

BAYREUTH on the May 18, 2025

VALENTIN MEYER.