FML5

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```
# installing required packages
library(ISLR)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Loading required package: lattice
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       filter, lag
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(factoextra)
## Warning: package 'factoextra' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Welcome! Want to learn more? See two factoextra-related books at https://goo.gl/ve3WBa
library(ggplot2)
library(proxy)
##
## Attaching package: 'proxy'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       as.dist, dist
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       as.matrix
```

```
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: package 'tidyverse' was built under R version 4.1.3
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v tibble 3.1.6
                   v purrr 0.3.4
## v tidyr 1.2.0 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.1.2 v forcats 0.5.1
## Warning: package 'readr' was built under R version 4.1.3
## Warning: package 'forcats' was built under R version 4.1.3
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::lift() masks caret::lift()
library(cluster)
library(NbClust)
library(ppclust)
## Warning: package 'ppclust' was built under R version 4.1.3
library(dendextend)
## Warning: package 'dendextend' was built under R version 4.1.3
##
## -----
## Welcome to dendextend version 1.15.2
## Type citation('dendextend') for how to cite the package.
##
## Type browseVignettes(package = 'dendextend') for the package vignette.
## The github page is: https://github.com/talgalili/dendextend/
## Suggestions and bug-reports can be submitted at: https://github.com/talgalili/dendextend/issues
## You may ask questions at stackoverflow, use the r and dendextend tags:
   https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/dendextend
##
## To suppress this message use: suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(dendextend))
##
## Attaching package: 'dendextend'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      cutree
```

```
# Importing cereal dataset
cereals <- read.csv("cereals.csv")</pre>
## Reviewing the Dataset
# Reviewing first five rows of the dataset
head(cereals)
##
                         name mfr type calories protein fat sodium fiber carbo
## 1
                    100% Bran
                                     C
                                             70
                                                      4
                                                          1
                                                               130 10.0
                                                                          5.0
                                N
## 2
            100%_Natural_Bran
                                                         5
                                                                     2.0
                                                                          8.0
                                Q
                                     C
                                            120
                                                      3
                                                               15
## 3
                                     С
                                            70
                                                      4
                                                        1
                                                                    9.0
                                                                          7.0
                     All-Bran
                                K
                                                               260
## 4 All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber
                                     С
                                             50
                                                      4 0
                                                               140 14.0
                                                                         8.0
                                K
## 5
               Almond_Delight
                                     С
                                            110
                                                      2 2
                                                               200
                                                                    1.0 14.0
                                R
                                                               180
## 6
      Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios
                                G
                                     C
                                            110
                                                                    1.5 10.5
    sugars potass vitamins shelf weight cups
##
                                             rating
## 1
         6
              280
                        25
                               3
                                      1 0.33 68.40297
## 2
              135
                         0
         8
                               3
                                      1 1.00 33.98368
## 3
         5
              320
                        25
                               3
                                      1 0.33 59.42551
## 4
              330
                        25
                               3
                                      1 0.50 93.70491
         0
## 5
         8
              NA
                        25
                               3
                                      1 0.75 34.38484
               70
                        25
                                      1 0.75 29.50954
## 6
        10
                               1
# checking the structure of the dataset
str(cereals)
## 'data.frame':
                   77 obs. of 16 variables:
                   "100%_Bran" "100%_Natural_Bran" "All-Bran" "All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber" ...
   $ name
             : chr
                    "N" "Q" "K" "K" ...
##
             : chr
   $ mfr
                    "C" "C" "C" "C" ...
## $ type
             : chr
                    70 120 70 50 110 110 110 130 90 90 ...
## $ calories: int
## $ protein : int 4 3 4 4 2 2 2 3 2 3 ...
             : int 1510220210 ...
## $ fat
## $ sodium : int 130 15 260 140 200 180 125 210 200 210 ...
## $ fiber
             : num 10 2 9 14 1 1.5 1 2 4 5 ...
             : num 5 8 7 8 14 10.5 11 18 15 13 ...
## $ carbo
## $ sugars : int 6 8 5 0 8 10 14 8 6 5 ...
## $ potass : int 280 135 320 330 NA 70 30 100 125 190 ...
## $ vitamins: int 25 0 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 ...
## $ shelf
             : int 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 3 ...
## $ weight : num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1.33 1 1 ...
             : num 0.33 1 0.33 0.5 0.75 0.75 1 0.75 0.67 0.67 ...
   $ cups
   $ rating : num 68.4 34 59.4 93.7 34.4 ...
# summary of the dataset
summary(cereals)
                                                               calories
##
       name
                          mfr
                                             type
  Length:77
                      Length:77
                                                           Min. : 50.0
                                         Length:77
                                         Class : character
                                                            1st Qu.:100.0
## Class :character
                      Class : character
## Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Mode :character
                                                           Median :110.0
##
                                                           Mean :106.9
##
                                                            3rd Qu.:110.0
##
                                                           Max. :160.0
```

```
##
##
                                       sodium
                                                       fiber
       protein
                        fat
   Min. :1.000
##
                   Min.
                          :0.000
                                   Min. : 0.0
                                                   Min.
                                                          : 0.000
   1st Qu.:2.000
                   1st Qu.:0.000
                                   1st Qu.:130.0
                                                   1st Qu.: 1.000
##
   Median :3.000
                   Median :1.000
                                   Median :180.0
                                                   Median : 2.000
##
   Mean
          :2.545
                          :1.013
                                          :159.7
                                                          : 2.152
                   Mean
                                   Mean
                                                   Mean
   3rd Qu.:3.000
                   3rd Qu.:2.000
                                    3rd Qu.:210.0
                                                   3rd Qu.: 3.000
                                          :320.0
##
   Max.
          :6.000
                   Max.
                          :5.000
                                   Max.
                                                   Max.
                                                          :14.000
##
##
        carbo
                       sugars
                                       potass
                                                        vitamins
   Min.
          : 5.0
                  Min.
                        : 0.000
                                   Min. : 15.00
                                                    Min.
                                                           : 0.00
                                                    1st Qu.: 25.00
   1st Qu.:12.0
                   1st Qu.: 3.000
                                    1st Qu.: 42.50
##
##
   Median:14.5
                  Median : 7.000
                                   Median : 90.00
                                                    Median : 25.00
                        : 7.026
                                   Mean
##
   Mean
          :14.8
                  Mean
                                         : 98.67
                                                    Mean
                                                          : 28.25
##
   3rd Qu.:17.0
                  3rd Qu.:11.000
                                    3rd Qu.:120.00
                                                    3rd Qu.: 25.00
##
   Max.
           :23.0
                  Max.
                          :15.000
                                   Max.
                                           :330.00
                                                    Max.
                                                           :100.00
##
   NA's
           :1
                  NA's
                                   NA's
                         :1
                                           :2
##
        shelf
                       weight
                                                      rating
                                        cups
                                                        :18.04
                                  Min.
##
  Min.
          :1.000
                   Min. :0.50
                                         :0.250
                                                  Min.
   1st Qu.:1.000
                   1st Qu.:1.00
                                  1st Qu.:0.670
                                                  1st Qu.:33.17
##
  Median :2.000
                   Median:1.00
                                  Median :0.750
                                                  Median :40.40
  Mean
          :2.208
                   Mean :1.03
                                  Mean :0.821
                                                          :42.67
                                                  Mean
                   3rd Qu.:1.00
                                                  3rd Qu.:50.83
##
   3rd Qu.:3.000
                                  3rd Qu.:1.000
         :3.000
                   Max. :1.50
                                  Max. :1.500
                                                          :93.70
##
   Max.
                                                  Max.
##
```

The data has to be scaled before removing the NA values from the data set.

```
# Creating duplicate dataset for preprocessing
cereal_data <- cereals
# Scale the dataset before placing that into a clustering algorithm
cereal_data[ , c(4:16)] <- scale(cereals[ , c(4:16)])
# Removing Null values from dataset
cereal_pre <- na.omit(cereal_data)
# Review the first five rows of scaled data set after removing Null values
head(cereal_pre)</pre>
```

```
##
                         name mfr type
                                         calories
                                                     protein
                                                                     fat
## 1
                    100%_Bran
                                N
                                     C -1.8929836
                                                  1.3286071 -0.01290349
## 2
            100% Natural Bran
                                     C 0.6732089 0.4151897 3.96137277
                                Q
## 3
                     All-Bran
                                     C -1.8929836 1.3286071 -0.01290349
                                K
## 4 All-Bran_with_Extra_Fiber
                                K
                                     C -2.9194605 1.3286071 -1.00647256
                                G
                                     C 0.1599704 -0.4982277 0.98066557
## 6
      Apple_Cinnamon_Cheerios
## 7
                  Apple_Jacks
                                K
                                     C 0.1599704 -0.4982277 -1.00647256
##
        sodium
                     fiber
                                carbo
                                          sugars
                                                     potass
                                                              vitamins
## 1 -0.3539844 3.29284661 -2.5087829 -0.2343906 2.5753685 -0.1453172 0.9515734
## 2 -1.7257708 -0.06375361 -1.7409943 0.2223705 0.5160205 -1.2642598 0.9515734
## 3 1.1967306 2.87327158 -1.9969238 -0.4627711 3.1434645 -0.1453172 0.9515734
## 4 -0.2346986 4.97114672 -1.7409943 -1.6046739 3.2854885 -0.1453172 0.9515734
## 6 0.2424445 -0.27354112 -1.1011705 0.6791317 -0.4071355 -0.1453172 -1.4507595
## 7 -0.4136273 -0.48332864 -0.9732057 1.5926539 -0.9752315 -0.1453172 -0.2495930
##
        weight
                     cups
                              rating
## 1 -0.1967771 -2.1100340 1.8321876
```

```
## 2 -0.1967771 0.7690100 -0.6180571

## 3 -0.1967771 -2.1100340 1.1930986

## 4 -0.1967771 -1.3795303 3.6333849

## 6 -0.1967771 -0.3052601 -0.9365625

## 7 -0.1967771 0.7690100 -0.6756899
```

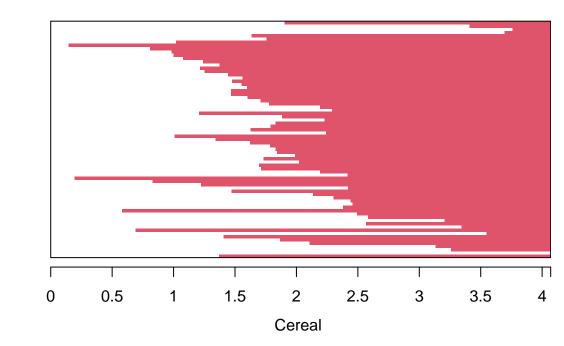
After preprocessing 3 null values have been found in the dataset

Q) Apply hierarchical clustering to the data using Euclidean distance to the normalized measurements. Use Agnes to compare the clustering from single linkage, complete linkage, average linkage, and Ward. Choose the best method.

Single Linkage:

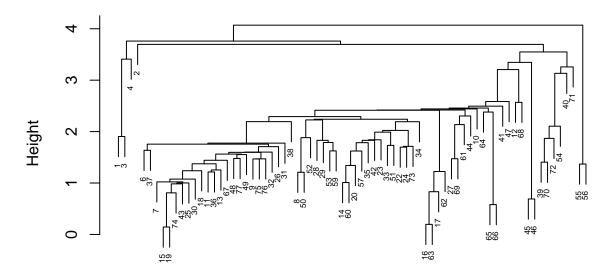
```
# Creating dissimilarity matrix for the numeric values in the dataset using Euclidean distance
cereal_EUC <- dist(cereal_pre[ , c(4:16)], method = "euclidean")
# Performing hierarchical clustering using single linkage
agnes_hc_single <- agnes(cereal_EUC, method = "single")
# Plot the results of the different methods
plot(agnes_hc_single,
    main = "Customer Ratings of Cereals - AGNES - Single Linkage Method",
    xlab = "Cereal",
    ylab = "Height",
    cex.axis = 1,
    cex = 0.50)</pre>
```

Customer Ratings of Cereals – AGNES – Single Linkage Meth



Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.61

Customer Ratings of Cereals – AGNES – Single Linkage Method

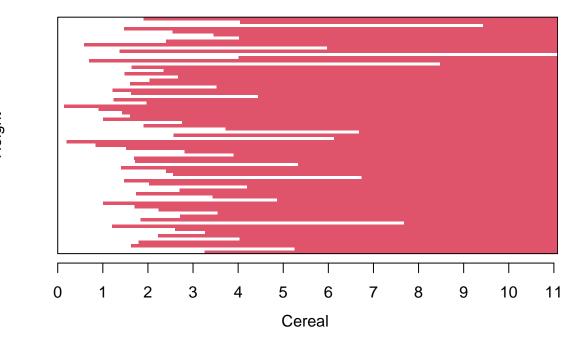


Cereal
Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.61

Complete Linkage:

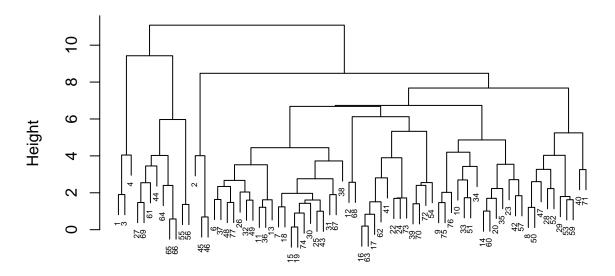
```
# Performing hierarchical clustering using complete linkage method
agnes_hc_complete <- agnes(cereal_EUC, method = "complete")
# Plot the results of the different methods
plot(agnes_hc_complete,
    main = "Customer Ratings of Cereals - AGNES - Complete Linkage Method",
    xlab = "Cereal",
    ylab = "Height",
    cex.axis = 1,
    cex = 0.50)</pre>
```

Customer Ratings of Cereals – AGNES – Complete Linkage M



Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.84

Customer Ratings of Cereals – AGNES – Complete Linkage Methoc

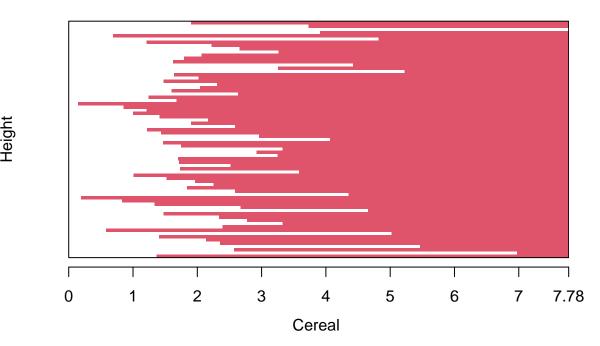


Cereal Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.84

Average Linkage:

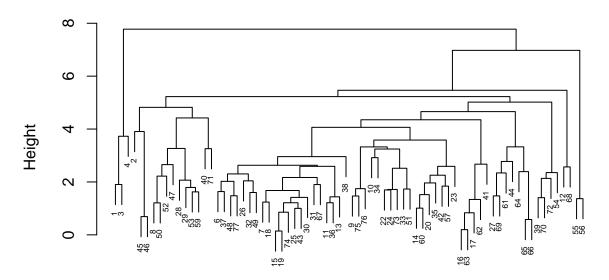
```
# Performing hierarchical clustering using average linkage method
agnes_hc_average<- agnes(cereal_EUC, method = "average")
# Plot the results of the different methods
plot(agnes_hc_average,
    main = "Customer Cereal Ratings - AGNES - Average Linkage Method",
    xlab = "Cereal",
    ylab = "Height",
    cex.axis = 1,
    cex = 0.50)</pre>
```

Customer Cereal Ratings – AGNES – Average Linkage Method



Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.78

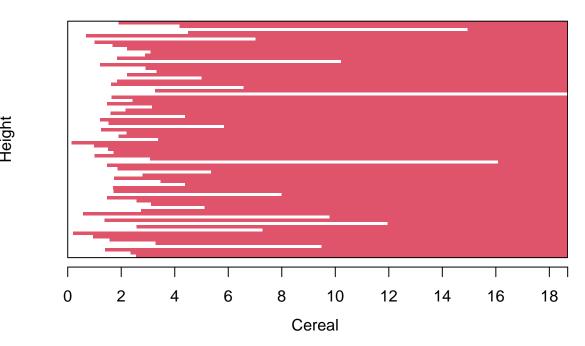
Customer Cereal Ratings – AGNES – Average Linkage Method



Cereal
Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.78

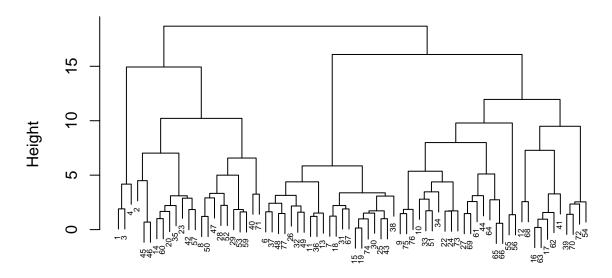
Ward Method:

Customer Ratings of Cereal – AGNES – Ward Linkage Method



Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.9

Customer Ratings of Cereal – AGNES – Ward Linkage Method



Cereal Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.9

Based on the agglomerative coefficient the best clustering method is that which returned from the each method The close the value is to 1.0, the closer the clustering structure will be. So, the method with the value closer to 1.0 will be chosen

Single Linkage: 0.61 Complete Linkage: 0.84 Average Linkage: 0.78 Ward Method: 0.90

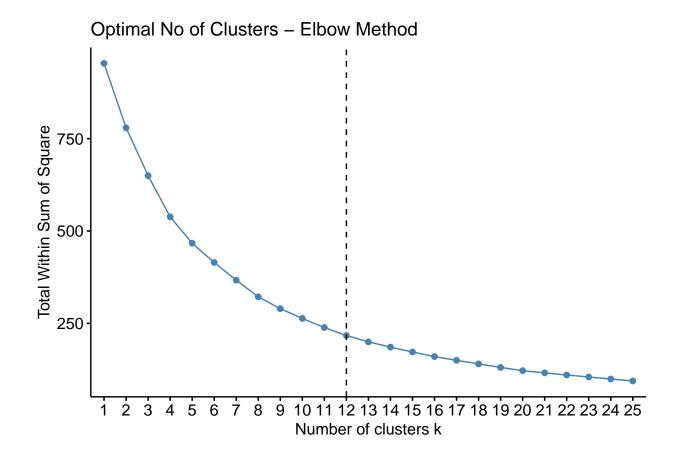
The Ward method will be chosen as the best clustering model based on the result.

Q) How many clusters would you choose?

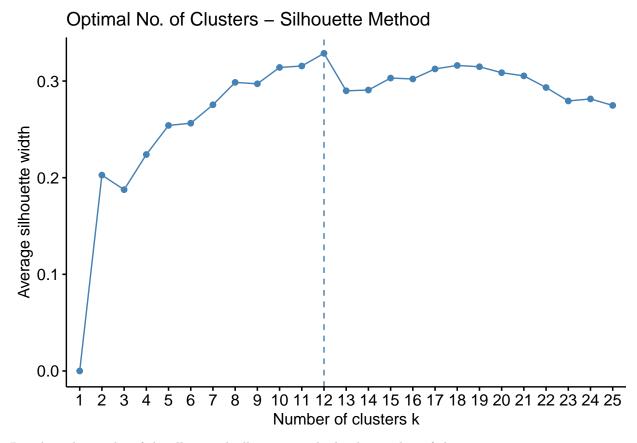
To determine Appropriate number of Clusters we use the elbow method and silhouette method.

Elbow Method:

```
# To Determine the optimal number of clusters using the Elbow method
fviz_nbclust(cereal_pre[ , c(4:16)], hcut, method = "wss", k.max = 25) +
  labs(title = "Optimal No of Clusters - Elbow Method") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 12, linetype = 2)
```



Silhouette Method:

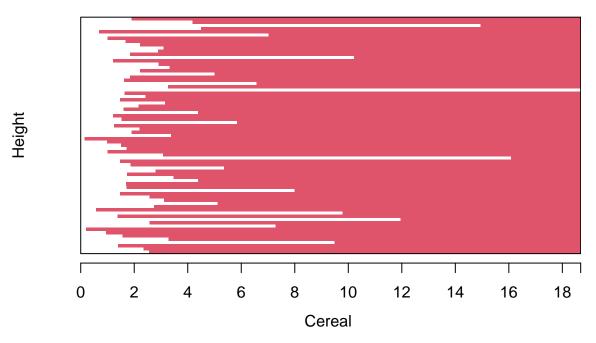


Based on the results of the elbow and silhouette methods, the number of clusters are 12.

Outline the 12 clusters on the hierarchical tree

```
# Plot of the Ward hierarchical tree with the 12 clusters outlined for reference
plot(agnes_hc_ward,
    main = "AGNES - Ward Linkage Method - 12 Clusters Outlined",
    xlab = "Cereal",
    ylab = "Height",
    cex.axis = 1,
    cex = 0.50,)
```

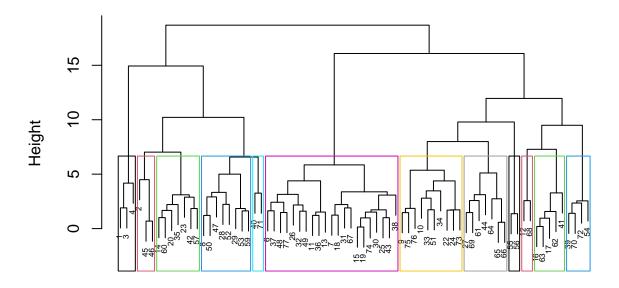
AGNES – Ward Linkage Method – 12 Clusters Outlined



Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.9

rect.hclust(agnes_hc_ward, k = 12, border = 1:12)

AGNES - Ward Linkage Method - 12 Clusters Outlined



Cereal
Agglomerative Coefficient = 0.9

Q) The elementary public schools would like to choose a set of cereals to include in their daily cafeterias. Every day a different cereal is offered, but all cereals should support a healthy diet. For this goal, you are requested to find a cluster of "healthy cereals." Should the data be normalized? If not, how should they be used in the cluster analysis?

Ans:Normalizing the data is not a good idea in this situation because of Nutritional information of cereals is normalized based on cereal evaluated so the collected data can only has cereals with high sugar quantity and less iron, fiber and other nutrition data. so its not possible to tell nourishment the ceral provides to a child once its normalized thoughout sample we may infer that a cereal with iron quantity of 0.99 means it is sufficient for a child yet, it simply have no nutritional value. As a result, a best way to preprocess the data would be to convert it to a ratio of daily recommended calories, fiber, carbohydrates, and other nutrients for a child. This makes analysts to take more informed decisions on clusters during reviewing and also preventing a few larger variables from overriding the distance estimates. By looking at the clusters the analyst may have to look at the cluster average to see what percentage of a student's daily required nutrition that would come from cereal.