# Using vcpkg to couple Boost. Multiprecision in Visual Studio

#### 1. Download and Install Boost:

- The package manager vcpkg is one of the easiest ways to get Boost on Windows.
- Open a Command Prompt or PowerShell.
- If you don't have vcpkg, you'll need to clone the vcpkg repository from GitHub. Follow the instructions here: <a href="https://github.com/microsoft/vcpkg">https://github.com/microsoft/vcpkg</a>
- Once vcpkg is set up, open a Command Prompt or PowerShell and run:
- vcpkg install boost --triplet x64-windows

### 2. Integrate Boost with Visual Studio:

- In the same command prompt where you installed boost using vcpkg, run this command:
- vcpkg integrate install
- This command configures Visual Studio to find the Boost headers and libraries.

## 3. Download the Multiprecision Package:

- To get the Multiprecision part of Boost, use vcpkg:
- vcpkg install boost-multiprecision --triplet x64-windows

### 4. Brief Factorial Example:

- Open Visual Studio and create a new C++ console project.
- Replace the contents of your main .cpp file with the following:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <boost/multiprecision/cpp_int.hpp>

using namespace boost::multiprecision;
using namespace std;

int main() {
    // Calculate the factorial of 50 using Boost.Multiprecision
    cpp_int factorial = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= 50; ++i) {
        factorial *= i;
    }

    cout << "Factorial of 50 is: " << factorial << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

• Run the program. It will calculate and print the factorial of 50, a very large number that standard C++ types can't handle.