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Dump Windows Service Table in WinDbg

An alternative open source virtualization solution...

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LineBuzz

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Dump Windows Service Table in WinDbg

buri write a great article < Windows Service Table Dumper for WinDbg > show how to use the built-in script language in WinDbg to do a real job: dump the windows service table. But this script is short of readability, because the build-in script in WinDbg is very strange like its command design.

So, why we can't implement it more easy and readable, base on a friendly python script through PyDbgExt, my python extension for WinDbg :)

First we need define a script module, such as dumpServiceTable.py, which includes a function dumpServiceTable to dump that table, and import the dependence modules

from PyDbgEng import * from struct import *

c = DebugClient.Current

s = c.Symbols

v = c.DataSpaces.Virtual

Next, we got the common base object, such as DebugClient.Current which is the current debug session in windbg; Symbols and DataSpaces.Virtual will support us query the debug symbol and read/write the virtual address space.

def getSymbol(name):
return s.GetSymbols(name).popitem()[1][0]

def getSymbol(offset):
return s.GetSymbols(offset).popitem()[1][0]

def readDWORD(offset):
return unpack_from("L", v.Read(offset, 4))[0]

To make the code more readable, we define some utility functions: getSymbol can get the symbol object with its name or offset; readDWORD read unsigned long from the offset. According to the result type of VirtualDataSpace.Read function is a buffer object, we need use unpack_from function to decode the buffer.

def dumpServiceTable():
KiServiceTable = getSymbol("nt!KiServiceTable")
KiServiceLimit = getSymbol("nt!KiServiceLimit")

idx = 0

for addr in v.ReadPointers(KiServiceTable.Offset,

```
readDWORD(KiServiceLimit.Offset)):
    try:
    symbol = getSymbol(addr)

symbolName = "%s!%s" % (symbol.Module.ModuleName,
    symbol.Name)
    except:
    symbolName = ""

print "%03d %08x %s" % (idx, addr & 0xFFFFFFFF,
    symbolName)

idx = idx + 1
```

The last part of code read and dump the service table:

- 1. get the symbol object of nt!KiServiceTable and nt!KiServiceLimit
- 2. read a group of pointers from the begin of table
- 3. try to get the symbol object for every entry in table
- 4. if the symbol exists, dump it's address, module and name
- 5. if the symbol nonexists, just show warning. we can provide more information about this in future

Finally, we load the script to windbg and execute it:)

```
lkd> .extpath+ D:\Study\Win32\PyDbgExt\Binary\debug
Extension search path is:
...;D:\Study\Win32\PvDbgExt\Binary\debug
lkd> .load PyDbgExt
lkd> .chain
Extension DLL search Path:
Extension DLL chain:
PvDbgExt: API 1.0.0, built Sat May 26 02:17:49 2007
[path: D:\Study\Win32\PyDbgExt\Binary\debug\PyDbgExt.dll]
dbghelp: image 6.7.0005.0, API 6.0.6, built Fri Mar 30
02:08:09 2007
[path: D:\MS\Debugging Tools for Windows\dbghelp.dll]
lkd> !import dumpServiceTable
Import succeeded.
lkd> !eval dumpServiceTable.dumpServiceTable()
000 8092023a nt!NtAcceptConnectPort
001 8096b71e nt!NtAccessCheck
002 8096f9be nt!NtAccessCheckAndAuditAlarm
032 808b9810 nt!NtCompressKey
033 f4bed0d2
034 8088d0c8 nt!NtContinue
```

If there some wrong in script, just edit it and reload it with python buildin function

lkd> !eval reload(dumpServiceTable)

Enjoy it:)

Submit by Flier Lu @ 3:01:00 AM Lables: debugging, security

1 comment:

d id said...

d id said..

This is fantastic!

October 28, 2010 at 4:39 PM

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