

Tips, Formulae and shortcuts for Logarithms, surds and indices

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Cracku Tip 1 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

- "Logarithms, Surds and Indices" is one of the easiest topics in the quantitative section of the CAT exam.
- Although the number of formulae is high, the basic concepts are very simple to understand and apply.
- The scope of the questions that can be asked from this topic is very limited.
- The accuracy of answering questions from this section is very high and well prepared aspirants tend to score very well here.

Cracku Tip 2 - Logarithms, Surds and Indices

If X,Y > 0 and m,n are rational numbers then

$$X^m \times X^n = X^{m+n}$$

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$$X^0 = 1$$

$$- \frac{X^m}{X^n} = X^{m-n}$$

$$X^m \times Y^m = (X \times Y)^m$$

$$- \frac{X^m}{\sqrt{m}} = (X/Y)^m$$

$$- X^{-m} = \frac{1}{X^m}$$

Cracku Tip 3 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

If X and Y are positive real numbers and a,b are rational numbers.

- $(X/Y)^{-a} = (Y/X)^a$
- $X^{1/a} = \sqrt[a]{X}$

Cracku Tip 4 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

- Surd is an irrational number involving a root ex : $\sqrt{5}$, $\sqrt[3]{7}$, $\sqrt[5]{2}$
- Like surds are two surds having same number under radical sign.
- Like surds can be added or subtracted. $6\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} = 9\sqrt{2}$

Cracku Tip 5 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

- If $a+\sqrt{b} = c+\sqrt{d}$, then a = c and b = d
- The conjugate of $a+\sqrt{b}$ is $a-\sqrt{b}$

To find $\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}$, $\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}$ should be written in the form of m+n+2 \sqrt{mn} where x=m+n and 4mn=y and $\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{y}}=\pm(\sqrt{m}+\sqrt{n})$

Cracku Tip 6 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

If $N = a^x$ then, x is defined as the logarithm of N to base a or $x = \log_a N$ Logarithm of a negative number or zero is not defined.

- $\log_a 1 = 0$
- $\log_a xy = \log_a x + \log_a y$
- $\log_a b^c = c \log_a b$
- log_aa = 1

Cracku Tip 7 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

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$$\log_a \sqrt[n]{b} = \frac{\log_a b}{n}$$

$$\bullet \quad b^{log_bx} = x$$

■
$$\log_a b * \log_b a = 1$$

•
$$log_a(X/Y) = log_aX - log_aY$$



Cracku Tip 8 – Logarithms, Surds and Indices

- If 0 < a < 1, then $\log_a x < \log_a y$ (if x > y)
- If a > 1 then $log_a x > log_a y$ (if x > y)



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