# **Javascript Events**

**Events** are the techniques used by a user to interact with webpage, like **mouse click**, **mouse hover**, **key press**, **keyup**, **right click**, **drag touch** etc. Javascript can handle **Keyboard based events**, **mouse based events** and **Touch Based events**. A fully **interactive website** is not possible without **JS Events**.

**Touch based events** are also supported in javascript after ES5(2011).

**click event** in javascript using 3 methods.

Button

This first method id DOM level 0 event and works in all browsers, but isn't recommended, as we are writing javascript code in html. Second is DOM Level 2 events and is neat and clean, but is restricted to single function on same event. We recommended using **EventListener** in modern web.

# **List of Javascript Events**

Here is a list of mouse, keyboard and touch based events in javascript with example.

← Swipe to view more →

	Interface				
	Interface				
	Keyboard		Touch		
Event	Mouse				
onclick					
oncontextmenu					
onfocus					
onblur					
oninput					
onchange					
onmouseover					
onmouseout					
onmousemove					
onmousedown					
onmouseup					
onkeypress					
onkeydown					
onkeyup					

	Interface			
Event	Keyboard	Mouse	Touch	
onsubmit				
onreset				
onselect				
oncopy				
onpaste				
onscroll				
onload				
onreadystatechange				
(				

# onclick



**Javascript click event** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen on mouse left click, tap on touch device, and keyboard click on focus (spacebar and enter key only). See example

Click

```
document.querySelector("button").onclick=function(){
    alert("clicked");
}
```

or

```
document.querySelector("button").addEventListener("click",function(){
    alert("clicked");
});
```

#### oncontextmenu



**Javascript oncontextmenu** is a global event for right click of mouse. This event can happen on pointing devices like mouse only. See example

Right Click

```
document.querySelector("button").addEventListener("contextmenu",function(){
    alert("right click");
})
```

To disable default right click menu, use return false in the end of function or e.preventDefault(). See example

Right Click

```
document.querySelector("button").oncontextmenu=function(e){
    alert("right click");
    return false;
}
```

Right Click

```
var btn=document.querySelector("button");
btn.addEventListener('contextmenu',function(e){
    e.preventDefault();
    alert("right click");
})
```

## onfocus



**Javascript onfocus** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user focus on form controls or hyperlink. See example

Name: Name

```
document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("focus",function(){
    this.value="";
})
```

#### onblur



**Javascript onblur** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user loses focus from focusable element. See example

Name: Name

document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("focus",function(){
 this.value="";

```
});
document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("blur",function(){
    this.value="Name";
});
```

**oninput event** is global event of input, textarea, and select which invokes **oninput**when user input data in following controls.



Enter No:

```
document.querySelector('input[type="range"]').addEventListener("input",functi
on(){
    document.querySelector('span').innerHTML=this.value;
})
```

Name: Enter Name

```
document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("input",function(){
    document.querySelector('span').innerHTML=this.value;
});
```

# onchange



**Javascript onchange** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user change value of select dropdown. See example

```
City: --Choose City-- \( \forall \)

document.querySelector("select").addEventListener("change",function(){
      console.log(this.value);
    })
```

#### onmouseover



**Javascript onmouseover** is a global event for mouse. This event happen when user mouse over on an html element. See example

Mouse over event done

```
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mouseover",function(){
  this.innerHTML="Mouse over event done";
  this.style.backgroundColor="#ccc";
})
```

#### onmousemove



**Javascript onmousemove** is a global event for mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user move mouse over an element. This will happen every time user move his pointer. See example

Mouse over here

```
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mousemove",function(e){
   var x=e.clientX;
   var y=e.clientY;
console.log(`Cursor location is ${x} , ${y}`);
})
```

#### onmouseout



**Javascript onmouseout** is a global event for mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user remove mouse pointer from an element.. See example

mouse is out now

```
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mouseover",function(){
   this.innerHTML="mouse is in now";
});
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mouseout",function(){
   this.innerHTML="mouse is out now";
});
```



onmousedown Javascript onmousedown is a global event for mouse. This event happen when user starts pressing mouse left click. Event will occur as soon as user initiate pressing mouse left key. See example

click here

```
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mousedown",function(){
 this.innerHTML="mouse left key is pressed";
});
```

#### onmouseup



**Javascript onmouseup** is a global event for mouse. This event happen when user remove mouse left key. It is happening every time user is releasing left key. See example

mouse is out now

```
document.querySelector("div.box").addEventListener("mouseup",function(){
 this.innerHTML="mouse left key is released";
});
```

# onkeypress

Javascript onkeypress is a global event for keyboard and touch interface. This event happen when user press any keyboard key.

To check keycode, **e.which** is used where e is parameter in keypress function. To check which key is pressed, **String.fromCharCode(e.which)** is used. See example

```
Type:

document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("keypress",function(e){
    var x=e.which; // keycode
    var y=String.fromCharCode(x);
    this.nextElementSibling.innerHTML=`you pressed ${y} key and keycode is
    "${x}`;
})
```

#### **Check Shift key**

To check whether Shift key is press with keypress, use e.shiftKey.

```
document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("keypress",function(e){
    var x=e.which; // keycode

    if( e.shiftKey){
        console.log("Shift key is pressed")
    }
    else{
        console.log("Shift key was not pressed")
    }
});
```

#### Check Alt key

To **check alt key** , use e.altKey.

#### **Check Ctrl key**

To **check Ctrl key** , use e.ctrlKey.

#### Check Cmd key in mac

To check Cmd key, use e.metaKey.

## onkeydown

**Javascript onkeydown** is a global event for keyboard and touch interface. This event happen when user start pressing any keyboard key.

Javascript onkeydown event is used in gaming and canvas based applications. See example

#### Press any key

```
window.addEventListener("keydown","function(e){
    var x=e.which;
    document.querySelector('span').innerHTML=`keycode is ${x}.`;
})
```

## onkeyup

**Javascript onkeyup** is a global event for keyboard and touch interface. This event happen when user release any keyboard key.

The **onkeyup event** is used to calculate no of characters in textbox or textarea. See example

Query: 160 characters left.

document.querySelector("textarea").addEventListener("keyup", "function(){

```
var x=this.value.length;
var y=160-x;
this.nextElementSibling.innerHTML=`${y} characters left.`;
})
```

## onsubmit



**Javascript onsubmit** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user submit form data.

The onsubmit event act on click of submit button or enter key press. See example

Name: Submit



**Onreset**Javascript onreset is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user **reset form data** using reset button.

If **reset button** is pressed by mistake, all form data will be erased. To avoid this, use window.confirm() on **onreset event**. See example

Name: Reset Submit

#### onselect



**Javascript onselect** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user select text in textbox or textarea.

The **onselect event** is used only when selection is done inside input and textarea element.

	-	ventListener("  L="You have se	select","functi lected text";	.on(){
·);				

#### oncopy



**Javascript oncopy** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user copy text from textbox or textarea.

The **oncopy event** is used only when selected text is copied.

Сору:

document.querySelector("input").addEventListener("copy",function(){
this.nextElementSibling.innerHTML="text copied";
})

## onpaste



**Javascript onpaste** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface.

This event happen when user paste text in textbox or textarea.

The **onpaste event** is used only when selected text is pasted after copying.



#### onscroll



**Javascript onscroll** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when user scroll window using mouse, keyboard or touch interface.

The **onscroll event** is used in many scroll based effects like parallax scrolling, smooth scroll etc.

#### Scroll window you have scrolled 17959px from top

```
window.addEventListener("scroll",function(){
   console.log(this.scrollY);
})
```

## onload



**Javascript onload** is a global event for keyboard, mouse and touch interface. This event happen when all requests in a webpage are loaded on DOM.

**Onload event** is helpful if we want toload DOM content first and then add javascript after DOM Elements are loaded.

```
console.log("window loading");  // first

window.addEventListener("load",function(){
  console.log("window loaded");  // third
});

console.log("window still loading");  // second
```

# onreadystatechange

**document.onreadystatechange** events triggers when the readyState property of document changes. **readystatechange event** is not cancellable.

#### readyState

**readyState** or **document.readyState** has two values, **interactive** and **complete**. **interactive** means when page is ready for interactions, which happens when all html elements are parsed and complete means when even all media elements are loaded, like image, iframe, video etc.

Property	Meaning	time (in ms)
loading	document is loading	0
interactive	document is loaded and parses, but other resources like images, scripts, css, videos and frames are still awaited.	43
complete	document and other resources are loaded.	148

```
document.addEventListener("readystatechange",function(){
   if( this.readyState=="interactive"){
       // same as DOMContentLoaded event
   }
   else if(this.readyState=="complete"){
```

```
// same as load event
}
});
```

## **Similar Events**

- 1. readystatechange interactive event is same like window.DOMContentLoaded event
- 2. readystatechange complete event is same like window.onload event.