Answers	Coding Efficiency	Viva	Timely Completion	Total	Dated Sign of Subject Teacher
5	5	5	5	20	

Start Date	•	Date of Completion:

Group A

Assignment No: 3

Title of the Assignment: Implement Min, Max, Sum and Average operations using Parallel Reduction.

Objective of the Assignment: To understand the concept of parallel reduction and how it can be used to perform basic mathematical operations on given data sets.

Prerequisite:

- 1. Parallel computing architectures
- 2. Parallel programming models
- 3. Proficiency in programming languages

Contents for Theory:

- 1. What is parallel reduction and its usefulness for mathematical operations on large data?
- 2. Concept of OpenMP
- 3. How do parallel reduction algorithms for Min, Max, Sum, and Average work, and what are their advantages and limitations?

Parallel Reduction.

Here's a **function-wise manual** on how to understand and run the sample C++ program that demonstrates how to implement Min, Max, Sum, and Average operations using parallel reduction.

1. Min Reduction function

- The function takes in a vector of integers as input and finds the minimum value in the vector using parallel reduction.
- The OpenMP reduction clause is used with the "min" operator to find the minimum value across all threads.
- The minimum value found by each thread is reduced to the overall minimum value of the entire array.
- The final minimum value is printed to the console.

2. Max Reduction function

- The function takes in a vector of integers as input and finds the maximum value in the vector using parallel reduction.
- The OpenMP reduction clause is used with the "max" operator to find the maximum value across all threads.
- The maximum value found by each thread is reduced to the overall maximum value of the entire array.
- The final maximum value is printed to the console.

3. Sum_Reduction function

- The function takes in a vector of integers as input and finds the sum of all the values in the vector using parallel reduction.
- The OpenMP reduction clause is used with the "+" operator to find the sum across all threads.
- The sum found by each thread is reduced to the overall sum of the entire array.
- The final sum is printed to the console.

4. Average_Reduction function

- The function takes in a vector of integers as input and finds the average of all the values in the vector using parallel reduction.
- The OpenMP reduction clause is used with the "+" operator to find the sum across all threads.

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- The sum found by each thread is reduced to the overall sum of the entire array.
- The final sum is divided by the size of the array to find the average.
- The final average value is printed to the console.

5. Main Function

- The function initializes a vector of integers with some values.
- The function calls the min_reduction, max_reduction, sum_reduction, and average_reduction functions on the input vector to find the corresponding values.
- The final minimum, maximum, sum, and average values are printed to the console.

6. Compiling and running the program

Compile the program: You need to use a C++ compiler that supports OpenMP, such as g++ or clang. Open a terminal and navigate to the directory where your program is saved. Then, compile the program using the following command:

\$ g++ -fopenmp program.cpp -o program

This command compiles your program and creates an executable file named "program". The "-fopenmp" flag tells the compiler to enable OpenMP.

Run the program: To run the program, simply type the name of the executable file in the terminal and press Enter:

\$./program

Conclusion: We have implemented the Min, Max, Sum, and Average operations using parallel reduction in C++ with OpenMP. Parallel reduction is a powerful technique that allows us to perform these operations on large arrays more efficiently by dividing the work among multiple threads running in parallel. We presented a code example that demonstrates the implementation of these operations using parallel reduction in C++ with OpenMP. We also provided a manual for running OpenMP programs on the Ubuntu platform.

Assignment Question

- 1. What are the benefits of using parallel reduction for basic operations on large arrays?
- 2. How does OpenMP's "reduction" clause work in parallel reduction?
- 3. How do you set up a C++ program for parallel computation with OpenMP?
- 4. What are the performance characteristics of parallel reduction, and how do they vary based on input size?
- 5. How can you modify the provided code example for more complex operations using parallel reduction?