CHAPTER 7 - COORDINATE GEOMETRY

Excercise 7.1

Q4.Check whether (5,-2),(6,4) and (7,-2) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle:

Solution:

1. In an Isosceles triangle, If any 2 of the 3 sides of triangle are be equal then it satisfies the condition. Let us assume the given three points be,

$$\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}, \mathbf{C} \tag{1}$$

Now, the direction vectors of AB,BC and CA are:

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

Therefore, from the above equations (3) and (4), solving them (Norming and Equating) we get,

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 36} = \sqrt{37}$$
 (6)

Similarly,

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + (6)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 36} = \sqrt{37}$$
 (7)

From (6) and (7), we can say that

$$\|\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B}\| = \|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\| \tag{8}$$

Therefore the two sides are equal and thus, the given points proves that it is an Isosceles Triangle.

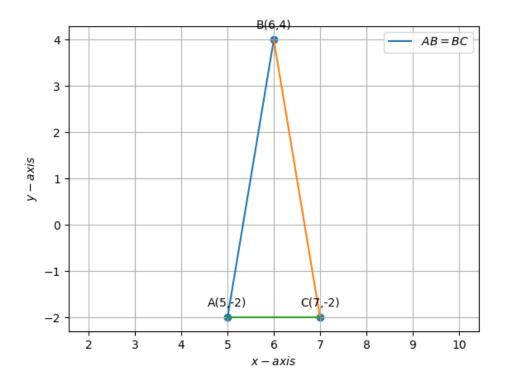


Figure 1: Isoscles Triangle with the given coordinates ${\cal L}$