CHAPTER 7 - COORDINATE GEOMETRY

Excercise 7.2

Q7. Find the coordinates of point A, where AB is the diameter of a circle where the center is (2,-3) and B is the point (1,4): Solution:

1. The coordinates **B** and center **C** are given, where:

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\-3 \end{pmatrix}, \tag{1}$$

Let us assume the coordinates of **A**. Now, **C** is the center which is midpoint of line AB and **B** is one of the coordinate of diameter AB of a circle.

Hence,

$$\mathbf{C} = \frac{\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}}{2} \tag{2}$$

$$2C = A + B \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B} \tag{4}$$

$$=2\binom{2}{-3}-\binom{1}{4}\tag{5}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 4-1\\ -6-4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

Therefore, the coordinates of **A** for value for given point $\mathbf{B}(1,4)$ and center $\mathbf{C}(2,-3)$ given by $\mathbf{A}(3,-10)$.

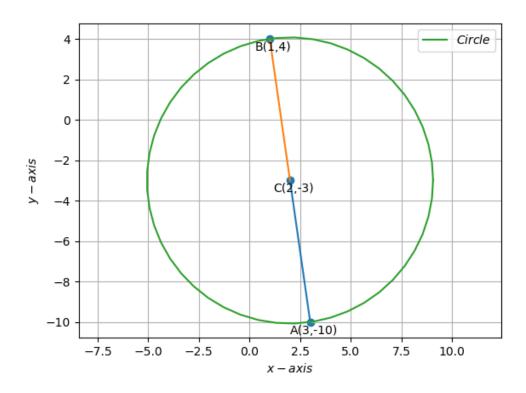


Figure 1: Circle for the given coordinates