

AWS Certified Solutions Architect: Associate - 3.0 Amazon EC2 and EBS

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Title: Amazon EC2 Basics

Subtitle: AWS Certified Solutions Architect: Associate

3.1 Amazon EC2 Basics

- Introduction
 - What is EC2?
 - Elastic Compute Cloud
- Instance Types
 - Defines resources
 - vCPU
 - Memory
 - Storage
 - Network
 - Types
 - m4: Balanced
 - c4: CPU Optimized
 - r3: Memory Optimized
 - i2: Storage Optimized
 - g2: GPU Optimized
- Amazon Machine Images (AMI)
 - Deployable system image
 - OS and configuration
 - Initial state of patches
 - Applications and system software
 - All are currently x86 Windows/Linux images
 - Can be private, published from Amazon or published by 3rd parties
- Addressing an instance
 - Public DNS name
 - Public IP
 - Elastic IP
- Initial access
 - RDP/SSH
 - Password/Key file
- Virtual Firewall
 - EC2-Classic Security Group
 - VPC Security Group
- Instance Lifecycle
 - Bootstrapping
 - Passing a script to an OS at boot time
 - Apply patches
 - Join a directory
 - Install software
 - Copy files
 - Installing Chef/Puppet/SC client
 - VM Import/Export
 - Allows moving instances between and on-premises environment
 - Instance metadata
- Instance tags
 - Allow tracking instances
 - Up to 10 per instance
 - Very useful for reporting
 - Project
 - Environment
 - BillingCode
- Monitoring an instance
 - Basic CloudWatch
- Modifying an instance
 - Instance type
 - Security groups
 - Termination protection
- Pricing options
 - Types
 - On-demand Instances
 - Reserved Instances

- All Upfront
 - Partial Upfront
 - No Upfront
 - Spot Instances
- Solutions can mix types
 - Reserved for minimum load
 - On-demand for peak load
- Tenancy
 - Shared Tenancy
 - Dedicated Instances
 - Dedicates hardware to a client
 - Instances can launch on any dedicated host
 - Dedicated Host
 - Allows mapping instances to specific dedicated hosts
 - Useful for meeting licensing requirements
- Placement groups
 - Common 10Gbps network connection within an AZ
 - Allows placing instances together that can benefit from improved networking
 - Example: Web front-end and database back-end
- Storage
 - Instance Stores (Ephemeral Storage)
 - Attached to the physical host
 - Does not survive a shutdown or failover
 - Does survive a reboot
 - Designed for temporary use
 - Elastic Block Store (EBS Storage)
 - Persistent storage
 - Replicated within the AZ
 - Types
 - Magnetic
 - General Purpose SSD
 - Provisioned IOPS
- Backup/Recovery (Snapshots)
 - Point-in-time snapshots
 - Stored in S3, although containers are not able to be managed
 - Must be manipulated through EC2
 - Stored in the same region as the instance
 - Can be copied to other regions
 - New volumes can be provisions from the snapshot
- Encryption
 - Instances can be encrypted
 - Used AWS KMS
 - Uses AES-256
 - Minimal impact on performance