

Pivotal

BUILT FOR THE SPEED OF BUSINESS





Part 1: Spring Update

Paul Chapman
Senior Consultant, Pivotal

pchapman@gopivotal.com

GitHub: paulc4 – these slides and demos

Spring Update

- What is Pivotal?
- Spring V4
- Spring IO
 - Introduction to selected sub-projects
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Integration
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Batch, Spring XD

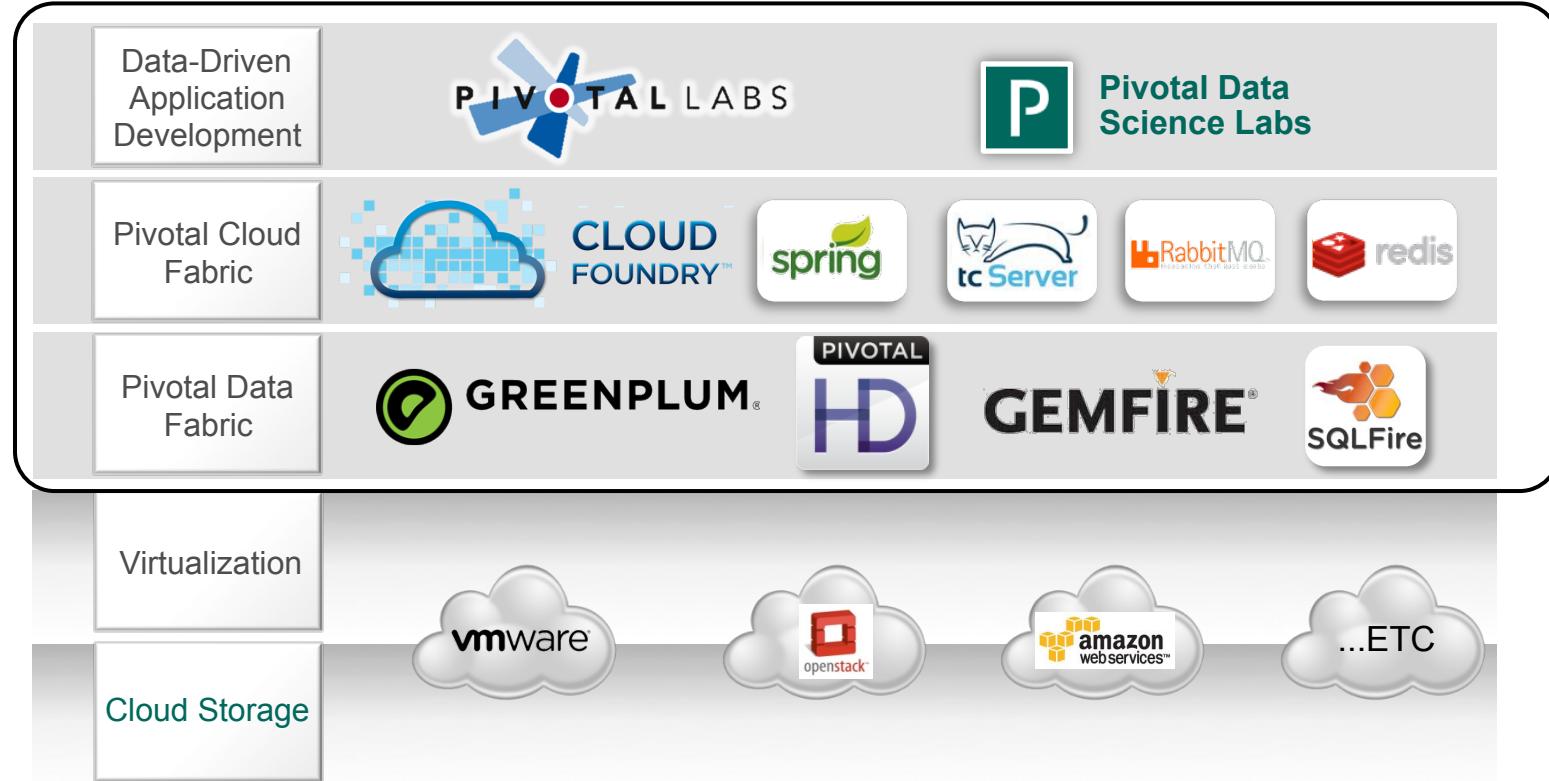
Spring Update

- What is Pivotal?
- Spring V4
- Spring IO
 - Introduction to selected sub-projects
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Integration
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Batch, Spring XD

Pivotal – the Company

- The new home for several products from VMware and EMC
 - Joint venture: VMware, EMC, GE
- Assets
 - Open-source products including Spring, Rabbit MQ, Redis
 - Data-management tools including Greenplum “sharded” RDB, Pivotal HD (was GPHD), GemFire, SQLFire, Cetas
 - Cloud Foundry
 - Pivotal Labs – agile development specialists

Integrating EMC and VMware Assets



Pivotal – the Platform

- Pivotal CF (aka Pivotal One)
 - Open PAAS: run internally *and/or* on public cloud providers
- Why?
 - Makes available to *any company* the type of environment Internet companies like Google, Amazon are using
 - Virtualized Infrastructure
 - Flexible, dynamic, on-demand cloud deployment
 - Sophisticated data-analytics
 - Spot market trends, real-time system performance

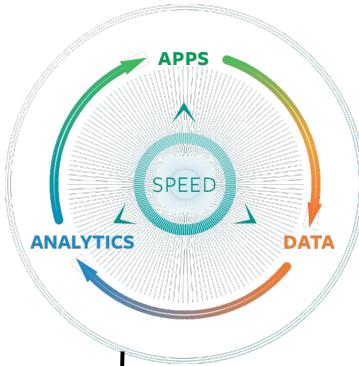
Popular Use-Cases



mobile/social refresh



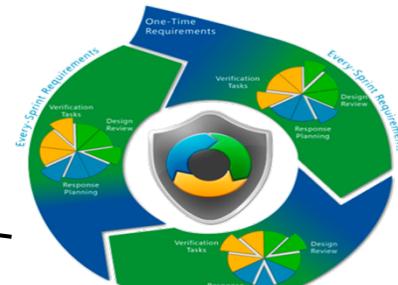
app modernization



data analytics



dev-ops: dev, test, trial



agile transformation

Spring Update

- What is Pivotal?
- **Spring V4**
- Spring IO
 - Introduction to selected sub-projects
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Integration
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Batch, Spring XD

Spring – V4



SPRING FRAMEWORK

- Due end 2013 – but depends on Java 8
 - Java 8 delayed to Q1 2014
 - Byte-codes currently incompatible with ASM
- Highlights
 - Support for Java 8 (Java 6 minimum)
 - Core messaging package (from Spring Integration)
 - @Conditional, @Lazy injection
 - Web-sockets and AsyncRestTemplate
 - JMS 2.0, JTA 1.2, JPA 2.1, Servlet 3.0 (2.5 supported) ...

Java 8 – Closures (Lamdas)

- Can pass code around like data
 - Ideal for Spring template callbacks

```
JdbcTemplate jt = new JdbcTemplate(dataSource);

jt.query("SELECT name, age FROM person WHERE dep = ?", new RowMapper<Person>() {
    @Override
    public Person mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rows) throws SQLException {
        return new Person(rs.getString(1), rs.getInt(2));
    }
}, 112);

jt.query("SELECT name, age FROM person WHERE dep = ?",
    (rs, rowNum) -> new Person(rs.getString(1), rs.getInt(2)),
    112);
```

The diagram illustrates the transition from traditional Java code to Java 8's lambda expressions. It shows two snippets of Java code side-by-side. The first snippet, labeled 'Old', uses an anonymous inner class to implement the RowMapper interface. The second snippet, labeled 'New', uses a lambda expression to achieve the same result. A red arrow points from the 'Old' code to the 'New' code, indicating the shift in paradigm.

Spring Update

- What is Pivotal?
- Spring V4
- **Spring IO**
 - Introduction to selected sub-projects
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Integration
 - Spring Data
 - Spring Batch, Spring XD

Spring IO



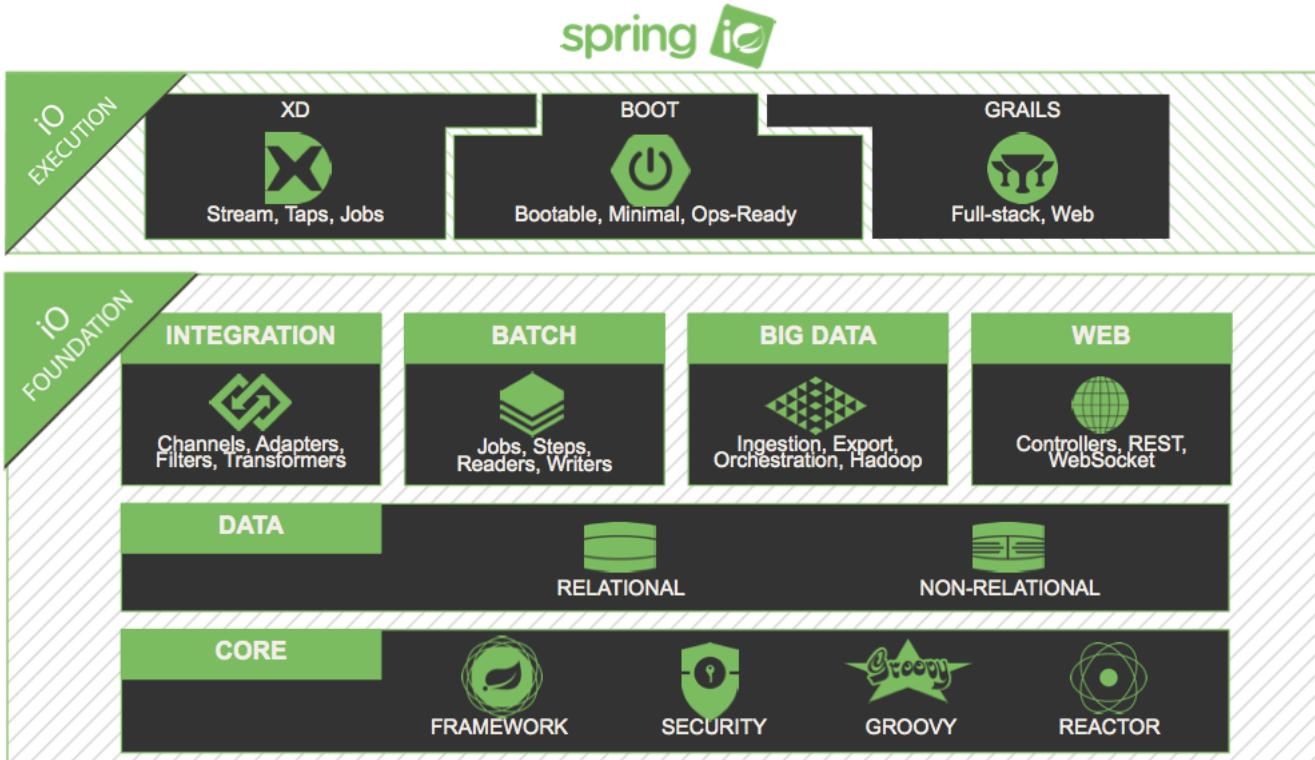
Spring IO



- Spring is no longer just a framework, it is now a *platform*
 - *Brings together the Spring family of projects into a cohesive and versioned foundational platform for modern applications*
 - Co-ordinated release trains
- New web-site: spring.io
 - All Spring's old web-sites redirect here
 - Incorporates product pages, blog and forums
 - Plus new *HOWTO* guides



Spring IO Platform



Spring IO Foundation – 1



- Projects you probably already know:



SPRING FRAMEWORK

SPRING WEB FLOW

SPRING WEB SERVICES

SPRING INTEGRATION

SPRING SECURITY



SPRING WEB – really just a big, optional sub-module of Framework

Spring IO Foundation – 2



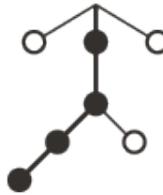
- Projects you may not know so well



SPRING BATCH



SPRING AMQP



SPRING LDAP

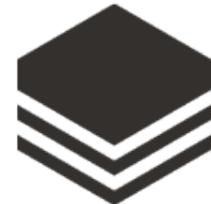


SPRING DATA



SPRING HATEOAS

Spring Batch



SPRING BATCH

- Run jobs to a schedule
 - Ideal for downsizing from mainframe to mid-range
 - Equivalent to mainframe job-control language (JCL)
 - Easier for Java developers than shell scripts
 - Run multiple processes (steps) in sequence, in parallel
 - Recover after failed step(s)
 - Traditional ELT: Export Transform Load
 - Often used to pull data into specialist databases
 - Data Warehouse, Hadoop

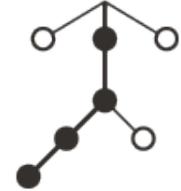


Spring AMQP

SPRING AMQP

- Advanced Message Queuing Protocol
 - Common protocol for messaging
 - Like SMTP for email
 - Several products: including Pivotal's open-source Rabbit/MQ
 - Fast, light, interoperable
 - How do I get data in/out of my cloud(s)?
 - Without paying huge licensing fees
 - Need a common messaging infrastructure
 - AmqpTemplate: similar to JmsTemplate
 - <rabbit:listener-container> similar to JMS

Spring LDAP



SPRING LDAP

- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
 - Both a protocol and an old-style hierarchical database
- Project Features
 - LDAP template (like `JdbcTemplate`) hides LDAP API
 - Throws Spring's unchecked `DataAccessExceptions`
 - Classes for dynamically building LDAP filters and Distinguished Names (DNs)
 - Client-side LDAP transaction management (LDAP has none)

`dn: cn=chapman, ou=employees, dc=pivotal, dc=com`

Spring Data



- Support for multiple no-SQL databases
 - JPA, Mongo/DB, Redis, Gemfire, Neo4j, Hadoop, JDBC Extensions
 - Template classes for database access (like `JdbcTemplate`)
 - Annotations for automated persistence (like JPA `@Entity`)
 - Spring name-spaces for configuration

SPRING DATA

Spring Data – Instant Repositories

- Just one feature of Spring Data
- How?
 - Annotate domain classes suitably to define keys and enable persistence
 - Define your repository as an *interface*
- Spring will implement it at run-time
 - Scans for interfaces extending Repository <T, K>

Spring Data – Mark-up Classes

- You do this for JPA anyway
 - Spring Data defines similar annotations for other storage products

```
@Entity @Table(...)  
public class Customer {  
  
    @Id  
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.AUTO)  
    private Long id;  
  
    private Date firstOrderDate;  
    private String email;  
  
    // Other data-members  
}
```

JPA – map to a Table

```
@Document  
public class Customer {  
    ...
```

MongoDB – map to a JSON document

```
@Region  
public class Customer {  
    ...
```

Gemfire – map to a region

Spring Data – Extend Predefined Interfaces

```
public interface CrudRepository<T, ID  
    extends Serializable> extends Repository<T, ID> {  
  
    public <S extends T> save(S entity);  
    public <S extends T> Iterable<S> save(Iterable<S> entities);  
  
    public T findOne(ID id);  
    public Iterable<T> findAll();  
  
    public void delete(ID id);  
    public void delete(T entity);  
    public void deleteAll();  
}  
  
public interface Repository<Customer, Long> { }
```

Marker interface – add
any methods from
CrudRepository or finders

Spring Data – Add Finders

- Auto-generated finders obey naming convention
 - findBy<*DataMember*><*Op*> : <*Op*> is Gt, Lt, Ne, Between, Like ...

```
public interface CustomerRepository
    extends CrudRepository<Customer, Long> {

    public Customer findByEmail(String someEmail);          // No <Op> for Equals
    public Customer findByFirstOrderDateGt(Date someDate);
    public Customer findByFirstOrderDateBetween(Date d1, Date d2);

    @Query("SELECT c FROM Customer c WHERE c.email NOT LIKE '%@%'")
    public List<Customer> findInvalidEmails();
}
```

ID

Custom query uses query-language
of underlying product (here JPQL)

Spring Data – Instant Repositories – 1

- Get Spring to scan for interfaces
 - Implemented on-the-fly

```
<jpa:repositories base-package="com.acme.**.repository" />  
  
<mongo:repositories base-package="com.acme.**.repository" />  
  
<gfe:repositories base-package="com.acme.**.repository" />
```

- Now just inject a dependency of type CustomerRepository

```
@Autowired CustomerRespository custRepo;
```

Spring Hateoas



SPRING HATEOAS

- HTTP As The Engine of Application State
 - Possibly the world's *worst* acronym
 - RESTful responses should contain links
 - Like HTML web-pages do
 - Avoids the need for WSDL (SOAP)
 - Spring Hateoas uses HAL (Hypertext Application Language) to generate links in XML or JSON
 - HAL is not yet a standard, just one possible option

See guide for example: <https://spring.io/guides/gs/rest-hateoas>

Spring Hateoas – JSON Example

```
{  
  "_links": {  
    "self": { "href": "/orders" },  
    "curies": [{ "name": "ea",  
      "href": "http://example.com/docs/rels/{rel}", "templated": true }],  
    "next": { "href": "/orders?page=2" },  
    "ea:find": { "href": "/orders{?id}" }, "templated": true },  
    "ea:admin": [{  
      "href": "/admins/2",  
      "title": "Fred"  
    }, {  
      "href": "/admins/5",  
      "title": "Kate"  
    }]  
  },  
}
```

Spring Hateoas provides an API for generating these links in MVC Controller responses

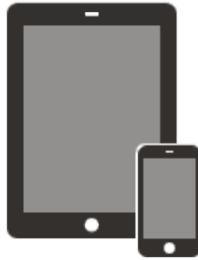
Spring Hateoas – JSON Example

```
"currentlyProcessing": 14,  
"shippedToday": 20,  
"_embedded": {  
    "ea:order": [{  
        "_links": {  
            "self": { "href": "/orders/123" },  
            "ea:basket": { "href": "/baskets/98712" },  
            "ea:customer": { "href": "/customers/7809" }  
        },  
        "total": 30.00,  
        "currency": "USD",  
        "status": "shipped"  
    } ... ]  
}
```

Spring IO Foundation – 3



- More projects you may not know so well



SPRING MOBILE



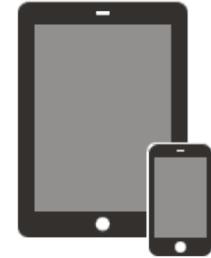
SPRING SOCIAL



SPRING FOR ANDROID

Spring Mobile

- Enables device detection
 - Add `DeviceResolverHandlerInterceptor` filter
- Site preferences
 - `SitePreferenceHandlerInterceptor`
 - `SiteSwitcherHandlerInterceptor`
- Supports different views per device
 - Prepend device type to view name



SPRING MOBILE

Spring Mobile – Examples

```
@RequestMapping("/")
public void home(Device device) {
    if (device.isMobile()) {
        // Do mobile stuff
    } else if (device.isTablet()) {
        // Do tablet stuff
    } else {
        // Do big-device stuff
    }

    return "index";    // Index view
}
```

```
<bean name="irvr" class="...InternalResourceViewResolver">
    <property name="prefix" value="WEB-INF/views"/>
    <property name="suffix" value="jsp"/>
</bean>

<bean class="...LiteDeviceDelegatingViewResolver">
    <constructor-arg ref="irvr"/>
    <property name="mobilePrefix" value="mobile//"/>
    <property name="tabletPrefix" value="tablet//"/>
    <!-- No prefix for big devices - render usual JSP -->
</bean>
```

Mobile request:

do mobile stuff executed then *WEB-INF/views/mobile/index.jsp* rendered

Spring Social

- Integrate your application with social media
 - Core
 - Handle user-accounts
 - Login using Spring Security OAuth
 - Sub-projects for Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn
 - Allow access to Facebook graph API
 - Access REST APIs from Twitter and LinkedIn



SPRING SOCIAL

Spring Android

- Provides components of Spring for use in Android apps
- Features
 - REST client for Android
 - OAuth support for accessing secure APIs

See: <https://spring.io/guides/gs/consuming-rest-android/>



SPRING FOR ANDROID

Spring IO Execution



- Build on the foundations



SPRING BOOT



SPRING XD

Spring Boot

- Write a deployable Spring application in just a few lines
 - Many defaults out of the box
 - Override any/all as needed
 - Still need to setup your build environment (ant, maven, gradle)
 - Can run as a Java application
 - Deploys to embedded container (Tomcat by default)
 - Or deploy as a war in usual way
 - Java Configuration or XML supported plus autowiring and component-scanning



SPRING BOOT

Simplest Program (Standalone)

- Just one class – an MVC Controller

```
@Controller  
@EnableAutoConfiguration  
public class SampleController {  
  
    @RequestMapping("/spring-demo")  
    @ResponseBody  
    String home() {  
        return "<body><h1>Hello World!</h1><p>Instant web-app</p></body>";  
    }  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
        SpringApplication.run(SampleController.class, args);  
    }  
}
```

This annotation tells Spring Boot to use all its defaults

Initial class to run

Run as Java application and got to <http://localhost:8080/spring-demo>

Or .. to run as a WAR

- Extend `SpringBootServletInitializer`
 - Use component scanning or XML configuration to define Controllers, Services etc

```
@EnableAutoConfiguration  
@ComponentScan({ "org.project.myapp" })  
@ImportResource(value = "classpath:config/security.xml")  
public class Main extends SpringBootServletInitializer {  
  
    @Override  
    protected Class<?>[] getConfigClasses() {  
        return new Class<?>[] { Main.class };  
    }  
}
```

Tells Spring Boot to run up as a war

Initial class to run (itself)

Spring XD

- A unified, distributed, and extensible system for data ingestion, real time analytics, batch processing, and data export.
 - Extends Spring Batch and Integration for big-data applications
 - Crossover into Pivotal Hadoop and Pivotal data-fabrics



SPRING XD



Part 2: Gemfire & Cloud Foundry

Pas Apicella
Senior Field Engineer, Pivotal

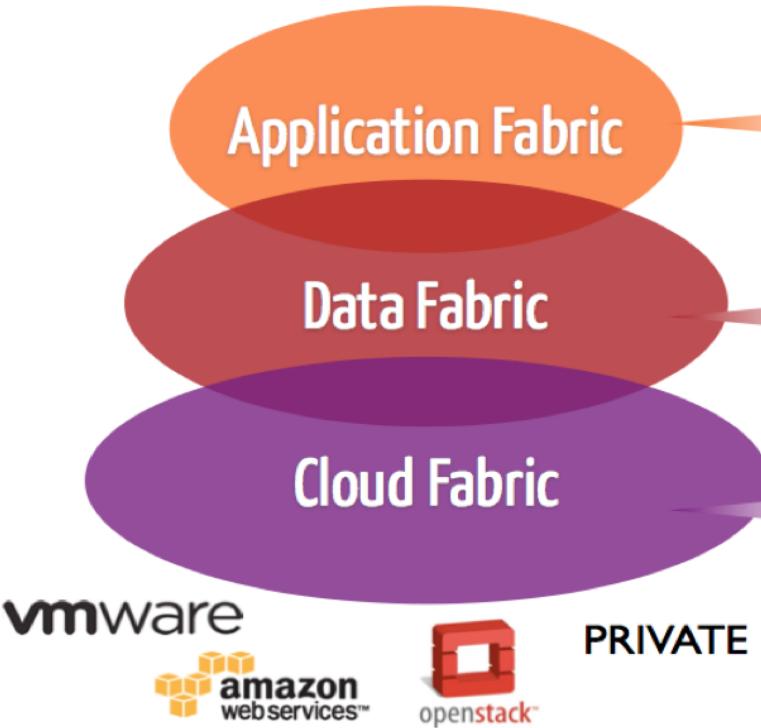
papicella@gopivotal.com



Let's Get Pivotal

- **Pivotal Stack**
- CloudFoundry Open PAAS
- GemFire Data Fabric
- Pivotal Helios

Pivotal Stack



*Languages
Frameworks
Services
Analytics*



*High capacity, Real-time
ingest & Query
Scale-out storage*



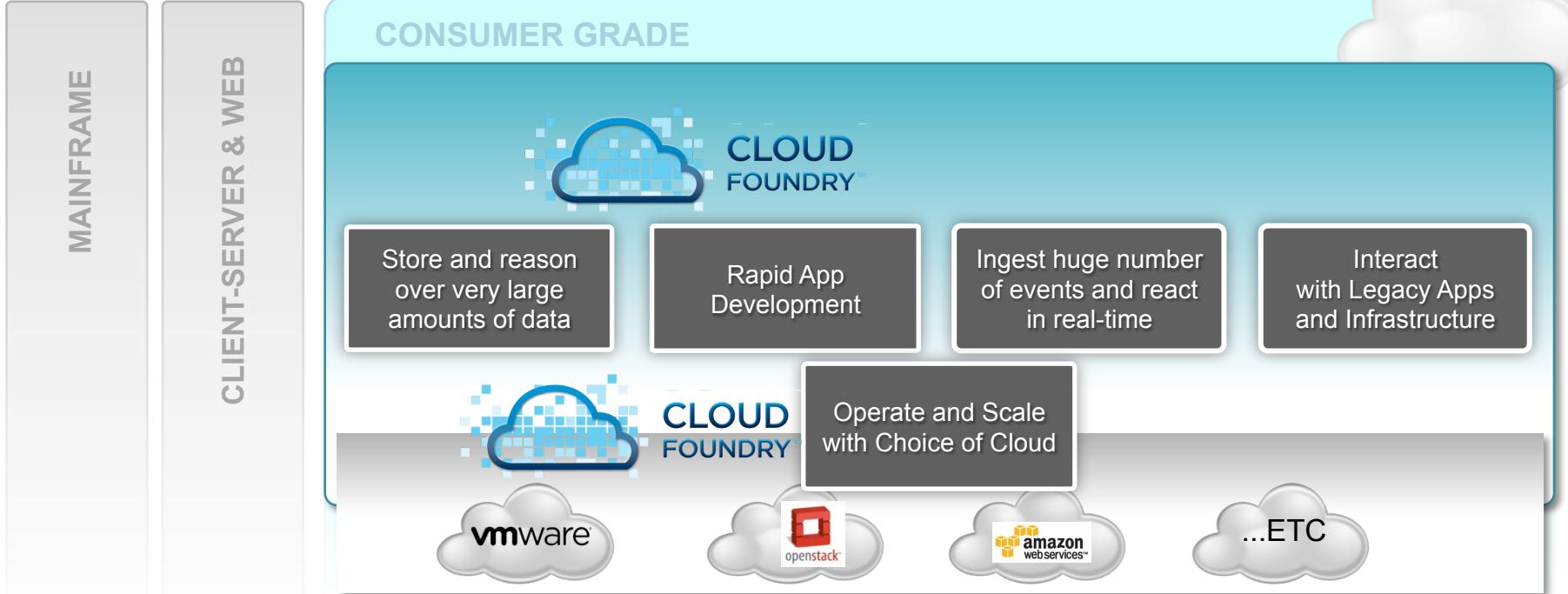
*Automation
Service Registry
Cloud Independence*



Let's Get Pivotal

- Pivotal Stack
- **CloudFoundry Open PAAS**
- GemFire Data Fabric
- Pivotal Helios

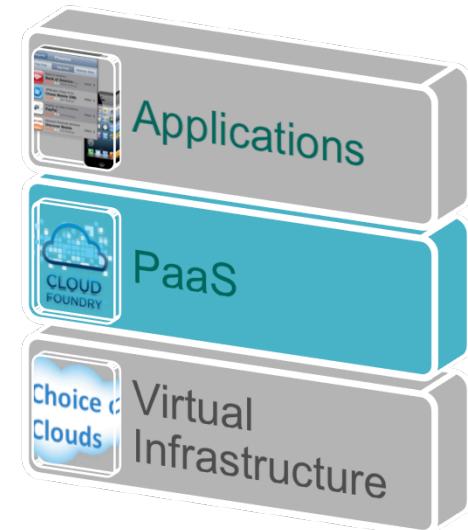
Cloud Foundry and Pivotal CF



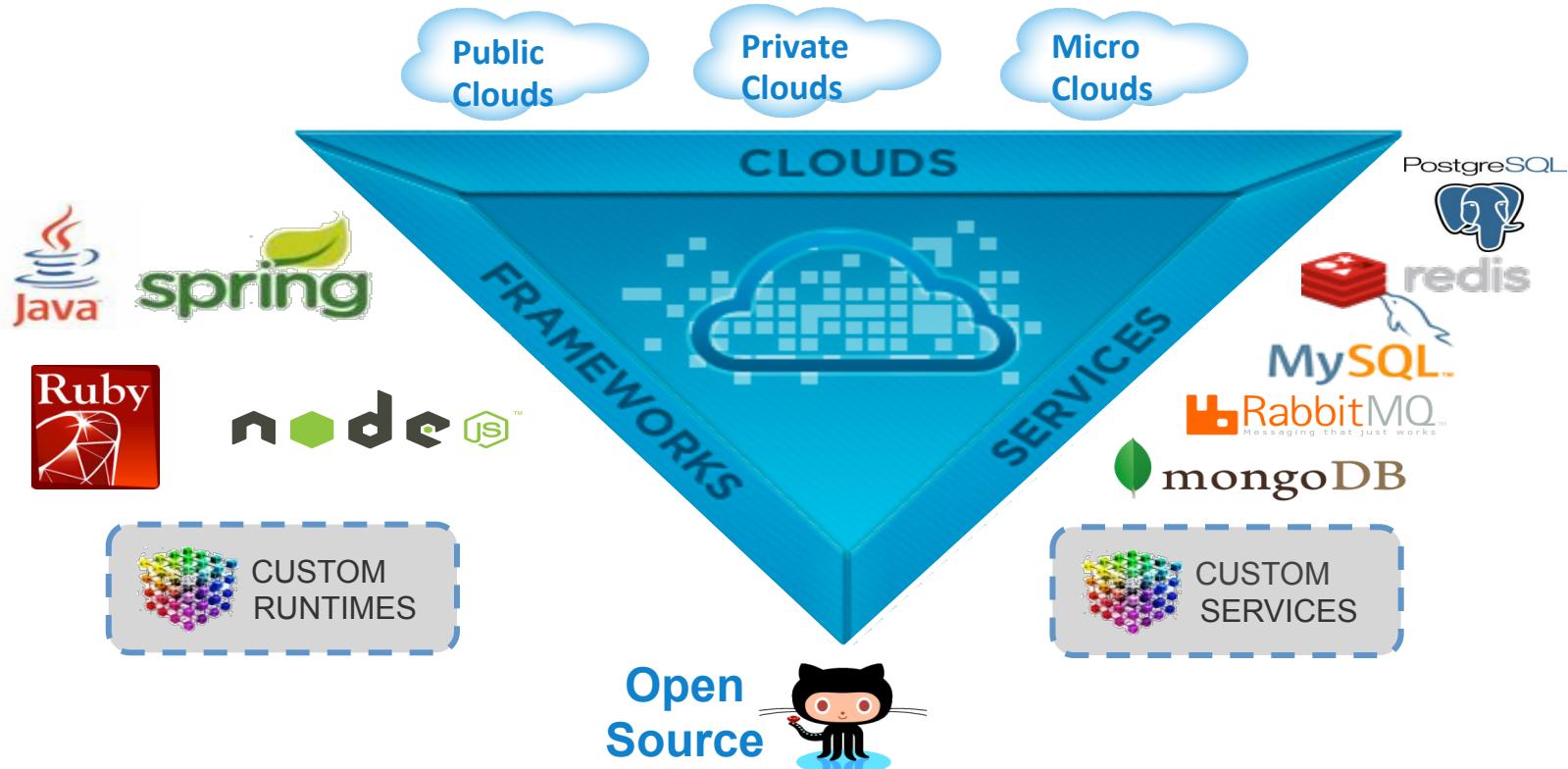
Cloud Foundry Platform as a Service (aka PaaS)

Application is the new unit of deployment and control

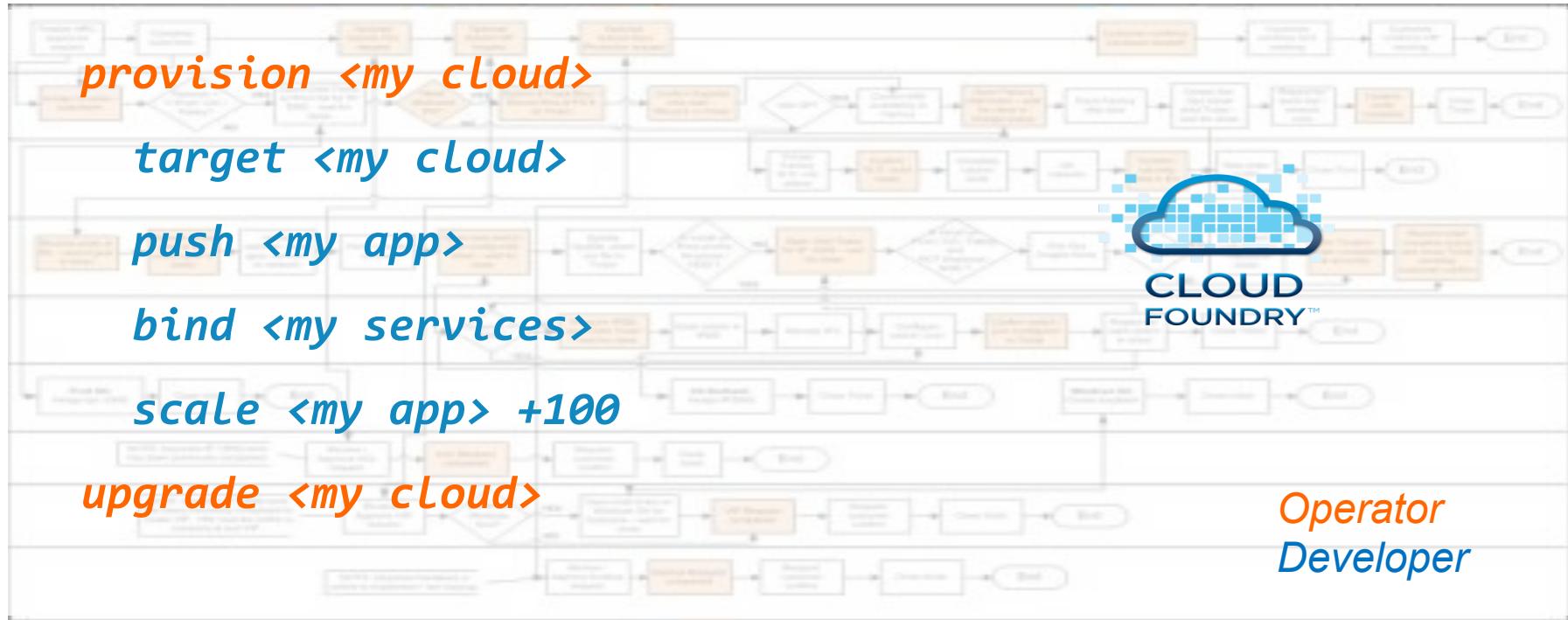
- Abstracting VMs and Middleware
- Abstracting containers and processes
- Data as a service
- Eliminate bottleneck of provisioning & deployment



What does “Open” PaaS means? Choice!



Provision and Deploy in *Less than a Day!*



Cloud Foundry Web Console

The screenshot shows the Cloud Foundry Web Console interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with tabs for SPACES, USERS, BILLING, and SETTINGS. The main area has tabs for DEVELOPMENT, PRODUCTION, and STAGING. Below these are sections for APPLICATIONS and SERVICES.

- APPLICATIONS:** Shows two applications: "bar" and "foo". Application "bar" has 2 instances and 128MB memory. Application "foo" has 1 instance and 128MB memory. There are buttons to CREATE APPLICATION and SAVE changes.
- SERVICES:** Shows one service named "postgresql" bound to 1 app, at the Cloud Foundry 100 plan level. There are buttons to CREATE SERVICE and DELETE the service.
- BILLING:** A callout points to the BILLING tab in the top navigation.
- Customizable Spaces:** A callout points to the fact that spaces can be moved across dev, staging, production, etc.
- Monitor instances, usage, status:** A callout points to the application monitoring section.
- Manage users:** A callout points to the USERS section on the right.
- Admin controls:** A callout points to the ORGANIZATION PERMISSIONS section on the right.
- Create and bind services:** A callout points to the SERVICES section on the left.

ORGANIZATION PERMISSIONS

- Organization Manager:** Can invite/manage users, select/change the plan, establish spending limits.
- Billing Manager:** Can edit/change the billing account info, payment info.
- Organization Auditor:** View only access to all org and space info, settings, reports.

SPACE PERMISSIONS

- Space Manager:** Can invite/manage users, enable features for a given space.
- Space Developer:** Can create, delete, manage applications and services, full access to all usage reports and logs.
- Space Auditor:** View only access to all space information, settings, reports, logs.

spring

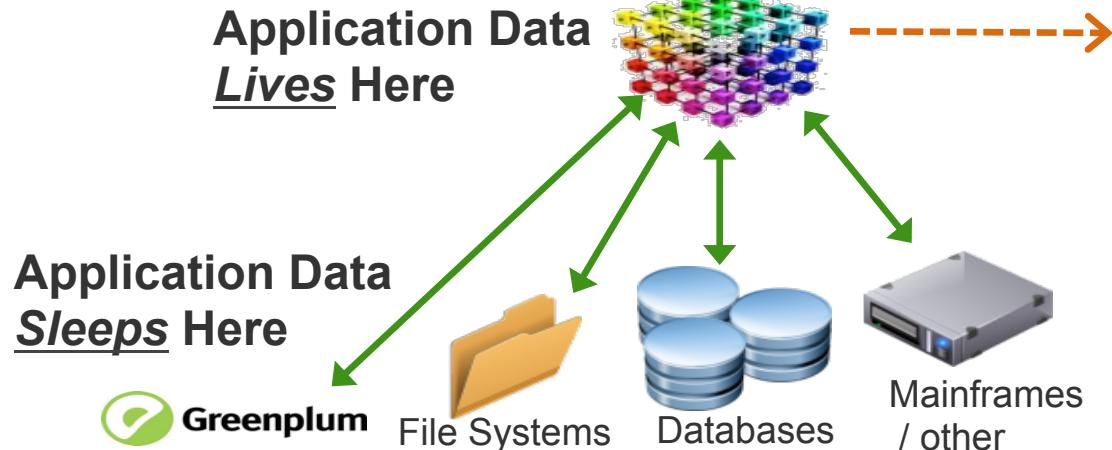
© Copyright 2013 Pivotal. All rights reserved.

Let's Get Pivotal

- Pivotal Stack
- CloudFoundry Open PAAS
- **GemFire Data Fabric**
- Pivotal Helios

Pivotal GemFire & SQLFire

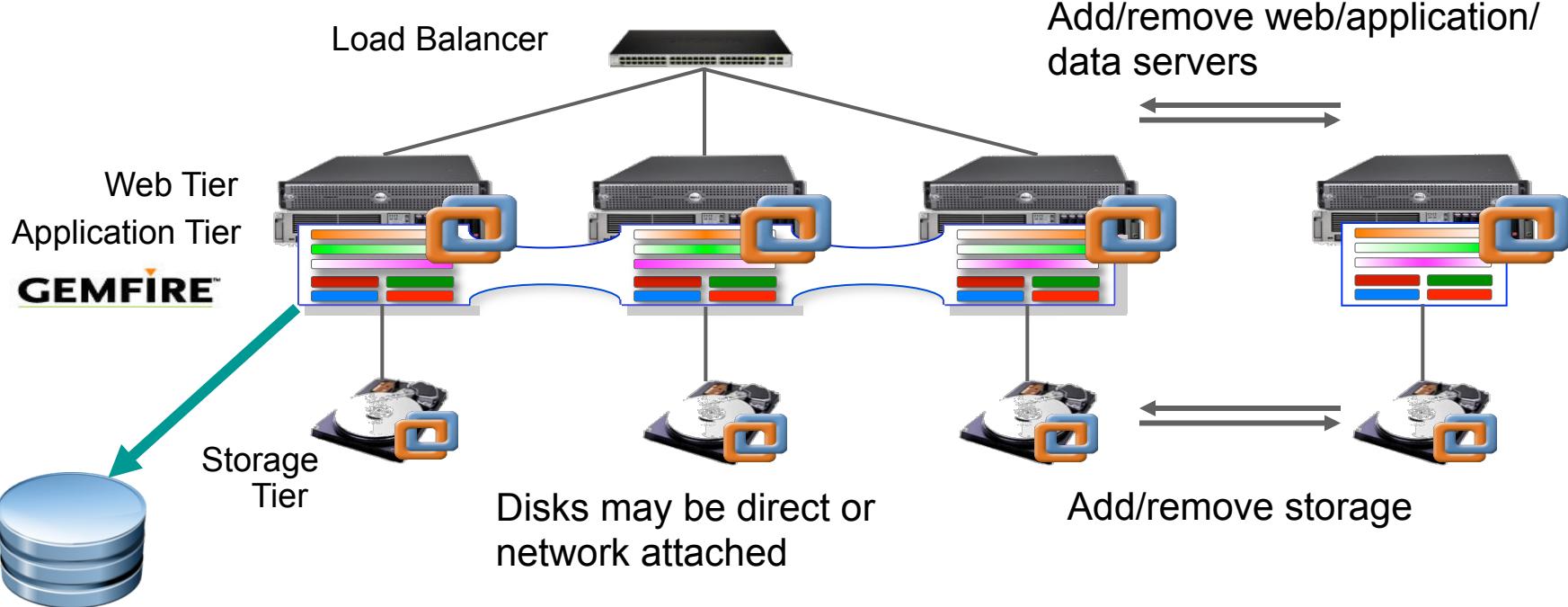
Extreme Data Scalability & Elasticity



Primary Use Cases

- **Web Session Cache, L2 Cache**
 - Shopping Cart state management
- **App Data Cache, In-memory DB**
 - High performance OLTP
- **Grid Data Fabric**
 - Shared data grid accessed by many clients executing app logic
 - ... or where app logic is executed within the data fabric itself
 - Synchronise data across *remote* data centres in *near real time*

Moving Data to the Middle Tier



*Optional reliable, asynchronous feed to
Data Warehouse or archival Database*

Pivotal Gemfire Interfaces

The **GEMFIRE** family of products support two data interfaces:

GemFire Enterprise

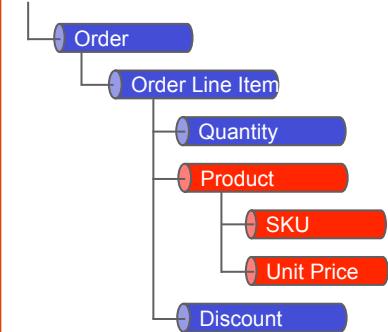
Key-Value store with OQL Queries

Stores Objects (Java, C++, C#, .NET) or unstructured data

Spring-GemFire sub-project

L2 Cache plugin for Hibernate

HTTP Session replication module



Name	Thread pitch (mm)	Minor diameter tolerance	Nominal diameter (mm)	Head shape	Price for 50 screws	Available at factory outlet?	Number in stock	Flat or Phillips head?
M4	0.7	4g	4	Pan	\$10.08	Yes	276	Flat
M5	0.8	4g	5	Round	\$13.89	Yes	183	Both
M6	1	5g	6	Button	\$10.42	Yes	1043	Flat
M8	1.25	5g	8	Pan	\$11.98	No	298	Phillips
M10	1.5	6g	10	Round	\$16.74	Yes	488	Phillips
M12	1.75	7g	12	Pan	\$18.26	No	998	Flat
M14	2	7g	14	Round	\$21.19	No	235	Phillips
M16	2	8g	16	Button	\$23.57	Yes	292	Both

SQLFire Enterprise

Stores Relational Data with SQL interface

Supports JDBC, ODBC, Java and .NET interfaces

Use existing relational tools

Gemfire Basic Concepts

- **Cache** represents a *member* of a GemFire Distributed System (a node, a JVM)
 - Data is stored in one or more **Regions**
 - Effectively a distributed key/value store, implementing java.util.Map
 - Has own OQL syntax for queries

```
Person person = new Person(1, "David", "Turanski");
region.put(1,person);
person = region.get(1);
region.query("SELECT * FROM /Person WHERE lastname = 'Turanski'");
```

Spring Data Gemfire Entity Mapping

- Mapping simpler than JPA
 - Objects stored directly, no columns

```
@Region
public class Contact implements Serializable {

    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;

    @Id
    private Long id;

    private String firstname;

    private String lastname;

    private Set<Phone> phones = new HashSet<Phone>();

    private Set<EmailAddress> emailAddresses = new HashSet<EmailAddress>();
}
```

Spring Data Gemfire Repositories

- Based on repository infrastructure in Spring Data Commons
 - Define repository interface and namespace configuration
 - Just like JPA example earlier

```
public interface ContactRepository extends GemfireRepository<Contact, Long> {  
    List<Contact> findByFirstname(String firstname);  
    List<Contact> findByLastnameStartsWith(String lastname);  
}
```

```
<gfe:repositories base-package="com.acme.**.repository" />
```

Use OQL For Query

```
public interface ProductRepository extends CrudRepository<Product, Long> {  
  
    @Query("SELECT * FROM /Product where attributes[$1] = $2")  
    List<Product> findByAttributes(String key, String value);
```

JPA example used JPQL,
Gemfire requires its OQL

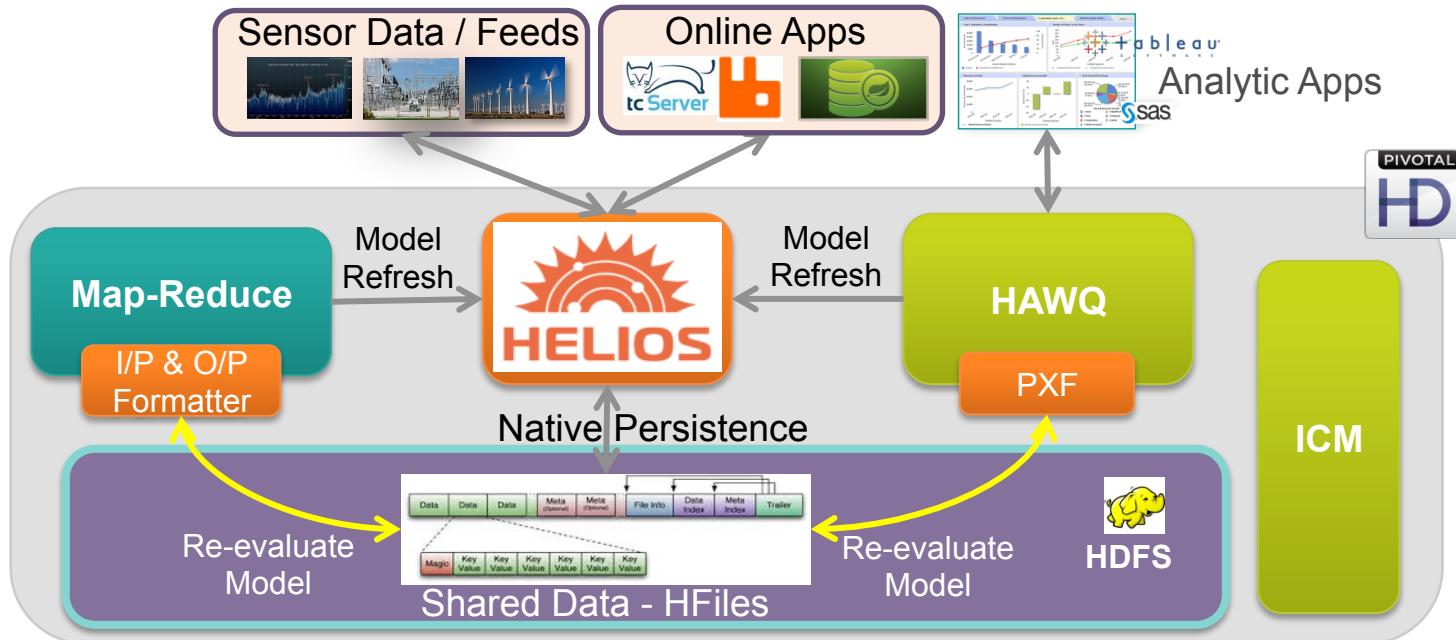
```
@Region  
public class Product extends AbstractPersistentEntity {  
  
    private String name, description;  
    private BigDecimal price;  
    private Map<String, String> attributes = new HashMap<String, String>();
```

Let's Get Pivotal

- Pivotal Stack
- CloudFoundry Open PAAS
- GemFire Data Fabric
- **Pivotal Helios**

Pivotal Helios

- Enterprise Real-Time Data Service on Pivotal HD





Questions?



Thank You I USUK ion



Pivotal

BUILT FOR THE SPEED OF BUSINESS

