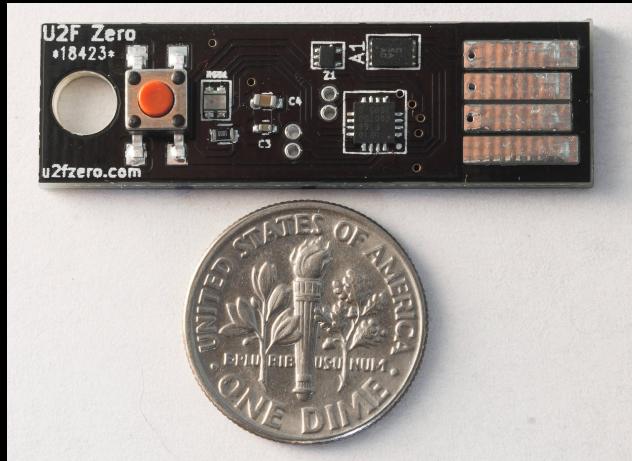


U2F Zero: a story on (cheap, open source, secure) authentication



Conor Patrick (twitter: @_conorpp)

How it starts

- Started in the AMP Lab
- Always wanted to make one of these ----->
- Got sucked into “cyber”
 - Learning more about secure embedded systems
 - *IOT is cool right?*
 - U2F, secure crypto
 - Started using 2FA after Defcon
 - Started reading 2FA protocols
- U2F Zero: my first engineering project?
 - Today’s goal: learn about design & implementation



What I'll cover

- Authentication
 - Challenge response
 - U2F protocol
- Secure design
 - Requirements for an authentication key
 - Importance of being random
 - Crypto requirements, key storage
- Implementation
 - Picking out the parts
 - Making a PCB
 - Software design
 - Cost overview
- Next steps
- Demo & trivia

Authentication

Most of you are familiar with this

1. Something you **know**
 2. Something you **have**
 3. Something you **are**
-
- 2FA means using 2 of these to authenticate

pass0Rdh@ck3r

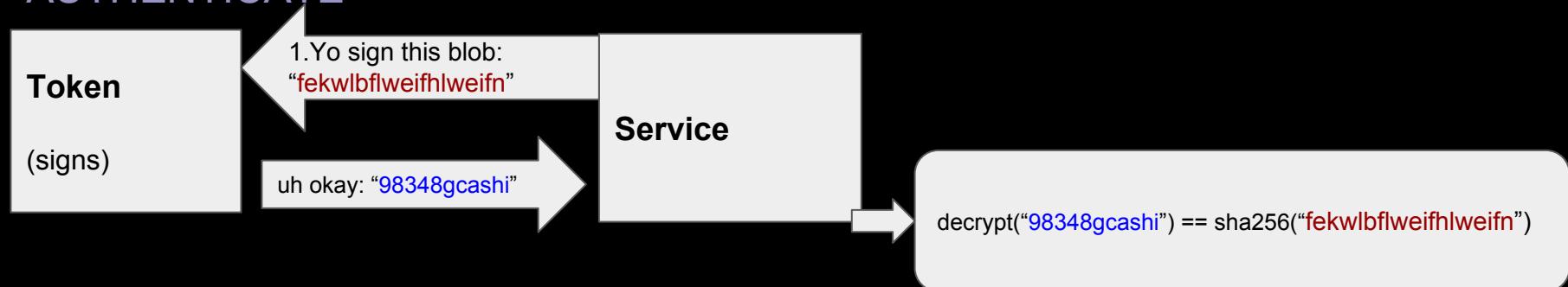


U2F: Universal 2 Factor (protocol)



- Largely adopted, developed by FIDO Alliance
- Based on challenge response:
- Leaves implementation details open
 - Designed for small devices
 - Describes message formats for USB, NFC, and Bluetooth

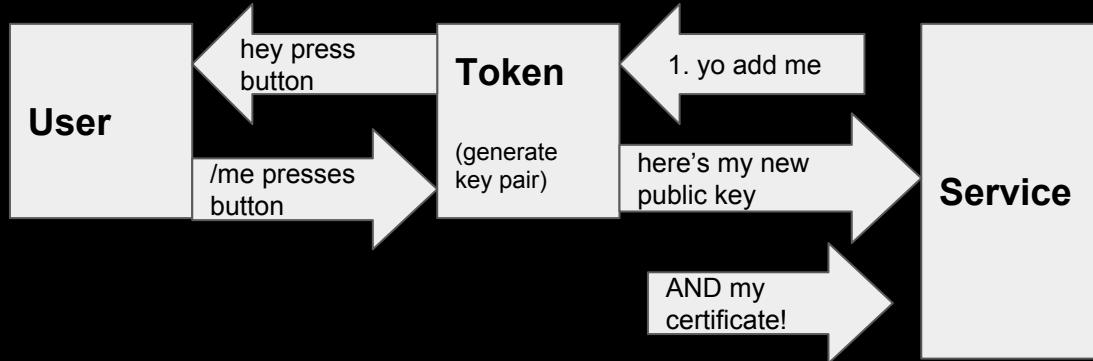
AUTHENTICATE



^THIS is ECDSA

U2F: a little more than challenge response...

REGISTER



- ^ must be done before a service can authenticate
- Certificate is used for attestation

Let's make a U2F Token

- Need to support AUTHENTICATE and REGISTER
 - Compute power
 - Good random numbers
- The token should **not** be clonable
 - Tamper resistant storage for private keys
- It should be more secure than a phone app.
- Goal: only way to compromise factor is to physically steal key.
- 1st step: pick out a microcontroller or some secure element

On the topic of good random numbers

- Random on embedded is hard.
- Why not just sample a floating ADC?
 - biasing
- Cryptographically secure RNG's (DRNG)
 - Based on a tamper resistant secret state
 - Uses crypto primitives for output and reseeding.
 - Fast
- True RNG's (TRNG)
 - E.g. samples a flip flop biased between logic 1 and logic 0
 - Has feedback circuitry to prevent environment biases
 - slow

Secure microcontroller Market

Secure meaning:

- Accelerated ECC crypto, hardware RNG, tamper resistance

Good options:



Honorable mentions
but not quite there:



Problems purchasing secure microcontrollers...

You really have to pierce the corporate walls:

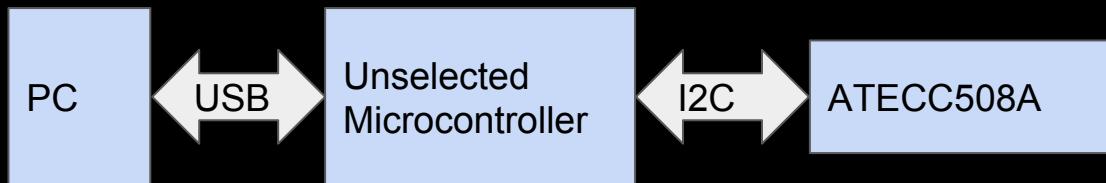
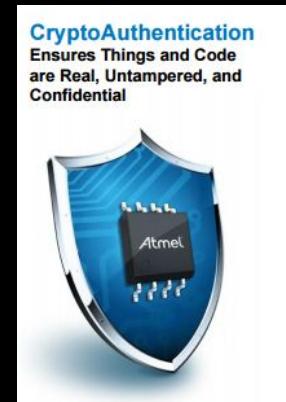


Anything Atmel sells is
on Digikey



Atmel's ATECC508A (secure element)

- I2C peripheral
 - ECC P256 Acceleration
 - HW RNG
 - Tamper resistant storage
 - Monotonic counters
 - Internal clock, fault detection



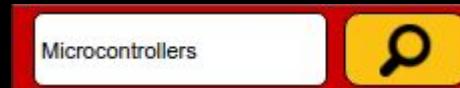
- All that's left: Microcontroller that does USB

How to pick a microcontroller that does 1 thing...

Go here ->



And do this ->



Pick wherever your 1 thing shows up->

Filter & sort by cheapest!

Image	Digi-Key Part Number	Manufacturer Part Number	Manufacturer	Description	Quantity Available	Unit Price USD	Minimum Quantity
▶	▼	▲	▼	▲	▼	▲	▼
	336-3408-5-ND	EFM8UB10F8G-C-QFN20	Silicon Labs	IC MCU 8BIT 8KB FLASH 20QFN	135 - Immediate	0.86000	1

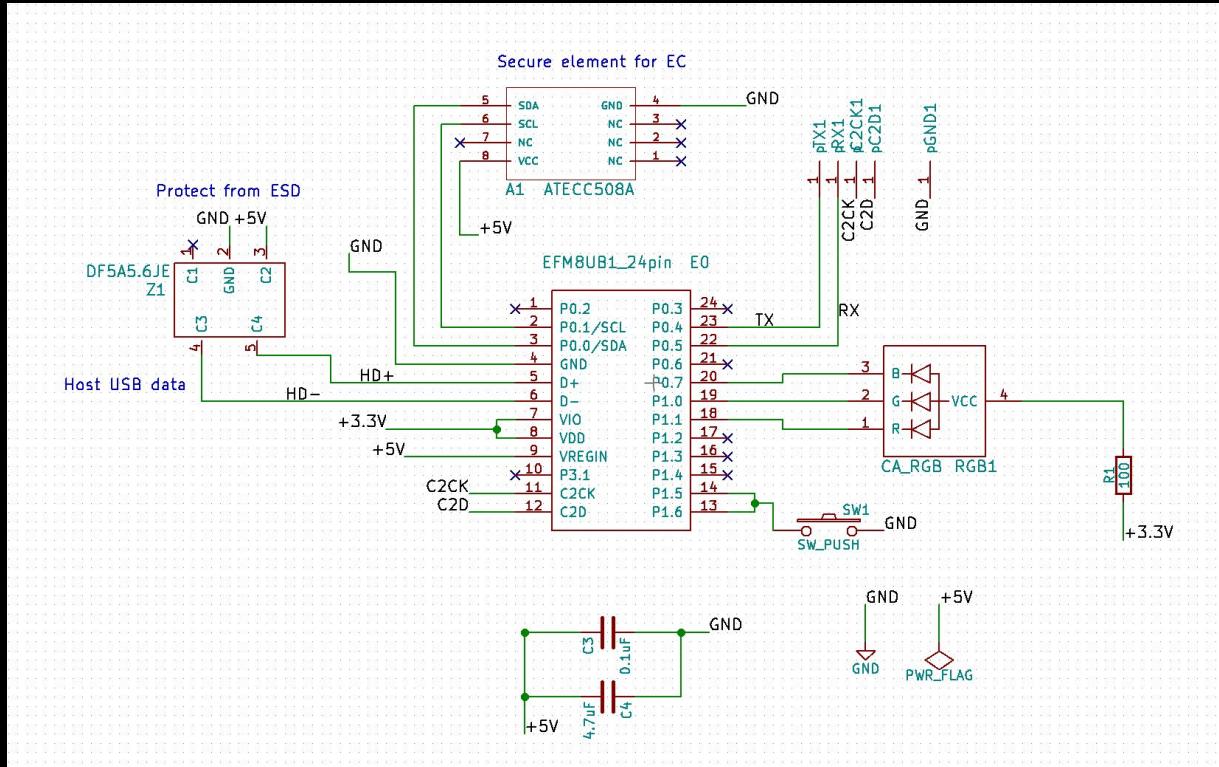
EFM8UB1

- 8 bit microcontroller by Silicon Labs
 - Internally uses the 8051 core (embedded core by Intel 1980's)
- Costs \$0.60 - \$1.00
- Has either 8 KB or 16 KB of memory
 - How much does U2F need? Don't know!
- Supports USB and I2C.
- Small enough to fit on USB token (20-28 pins)
- No security features and no need

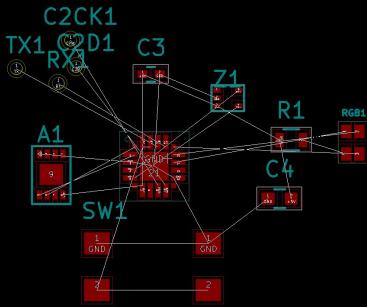


We have parts let's make a schematic

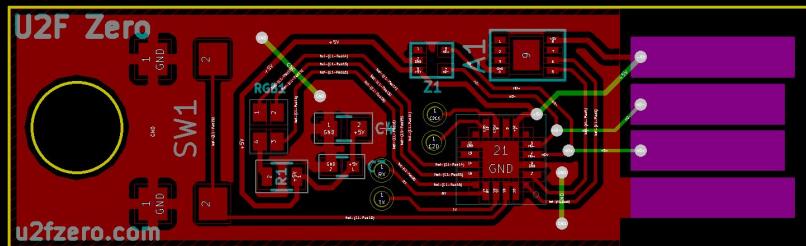
Logical connections between parts



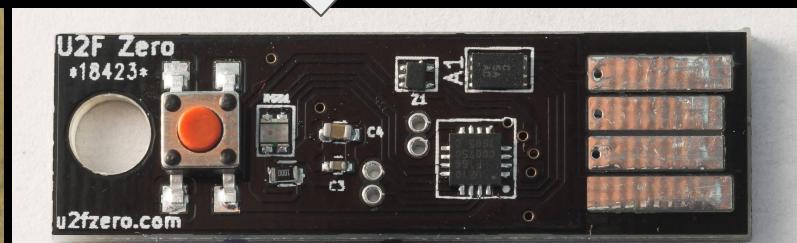
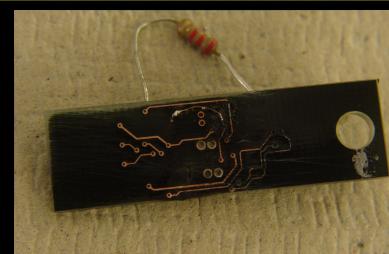
Logical connections -> netlist -> layout



Convert rats nest into your final PCB



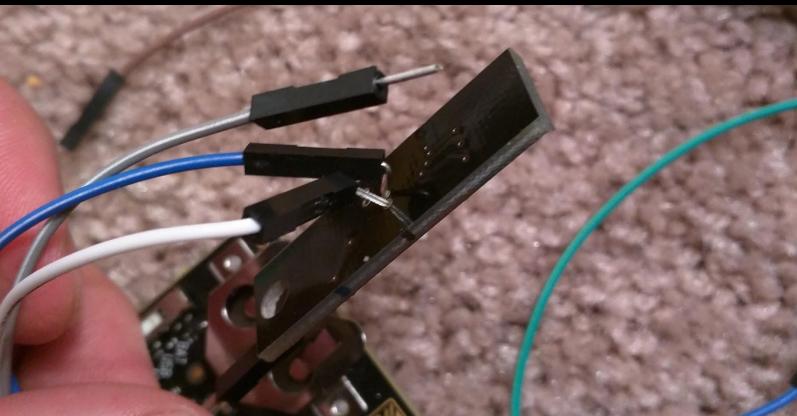
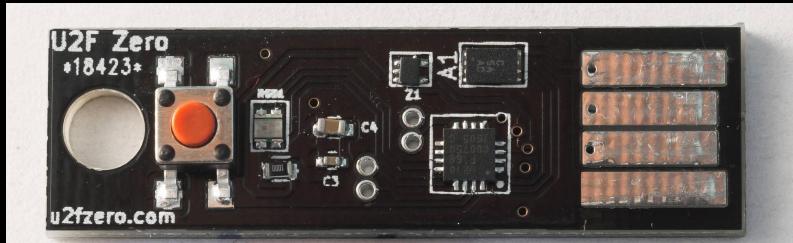
Get it fabbed ~\$1 per PCB



Nothing works the first try..

Programming

- Left two holes for programming pins and two holes for serial debugging

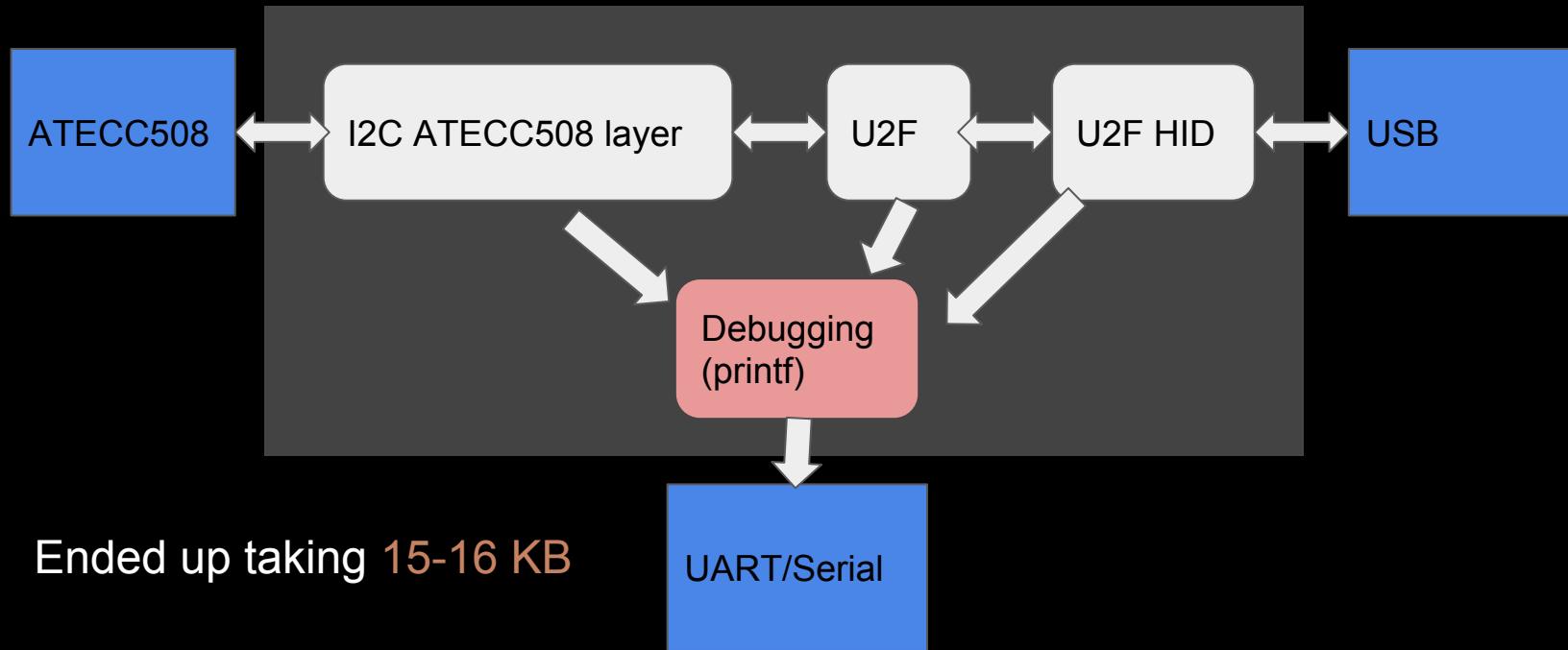


Steps:

1. Program with setup build to configure and lock ATECC508A
2. Generate a key pair on device for attestation.
3. Sign public key with my root key -> cert.
4. Reprogram with live build with the new cert.

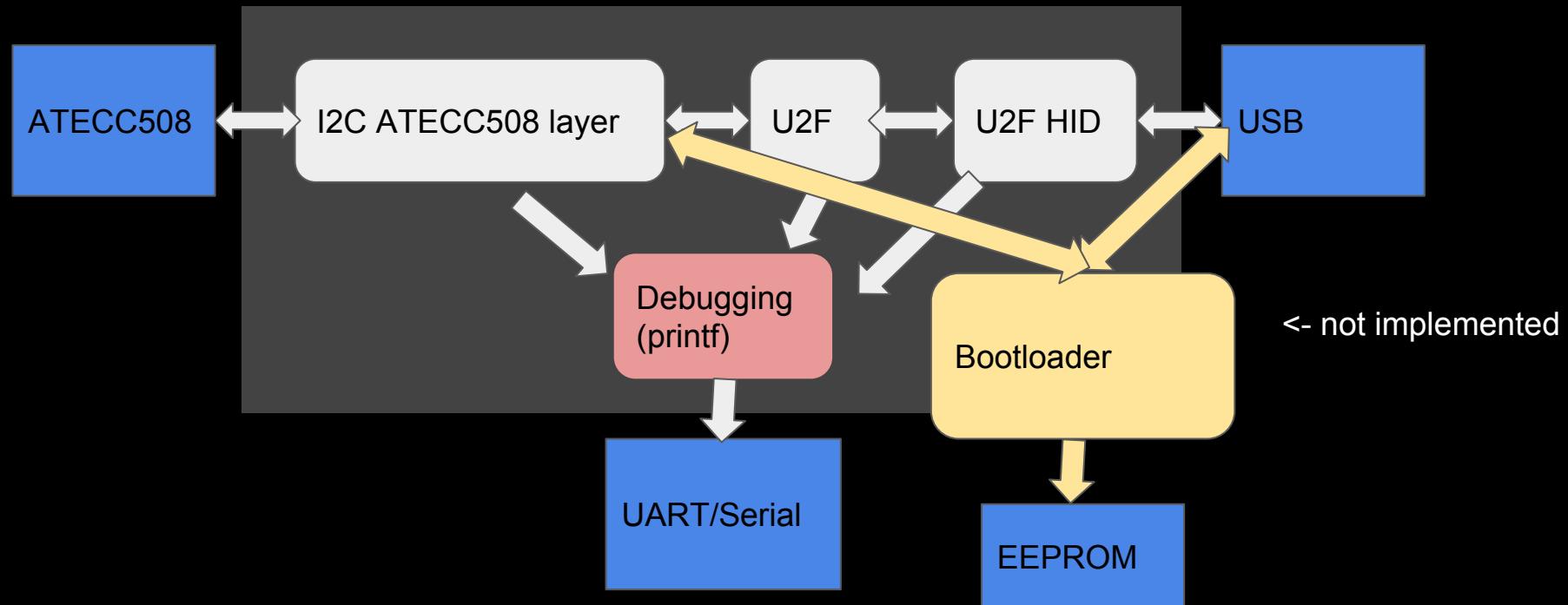
Software

- Only have 8-16 KB of program memory and 1000 KB of RAM
- Need to write:



One 1KB left...

Could add a bootloader so it can support updates from USB.



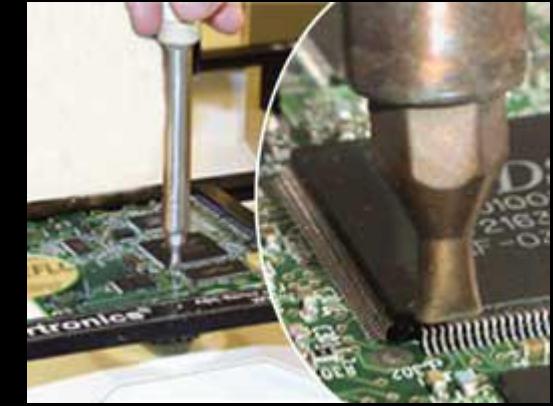
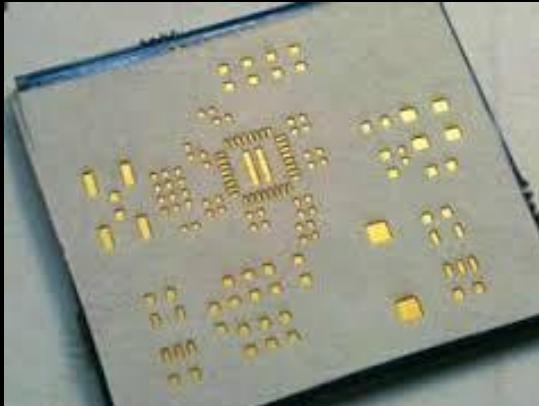
Costs

50 PCB's from DirtyPCB's for \$48

file chosen	2	50	5x5 +\$
Thickness	Coating	Stencil	Size (quantity 10+)
2.0mm +\$	HASL	None	1.2 x 4.2 cm
\$48			

8 Surface mount parts from Digikey: \$2.70

Tools for assembly: PCB stencil, Air gun, solder paste

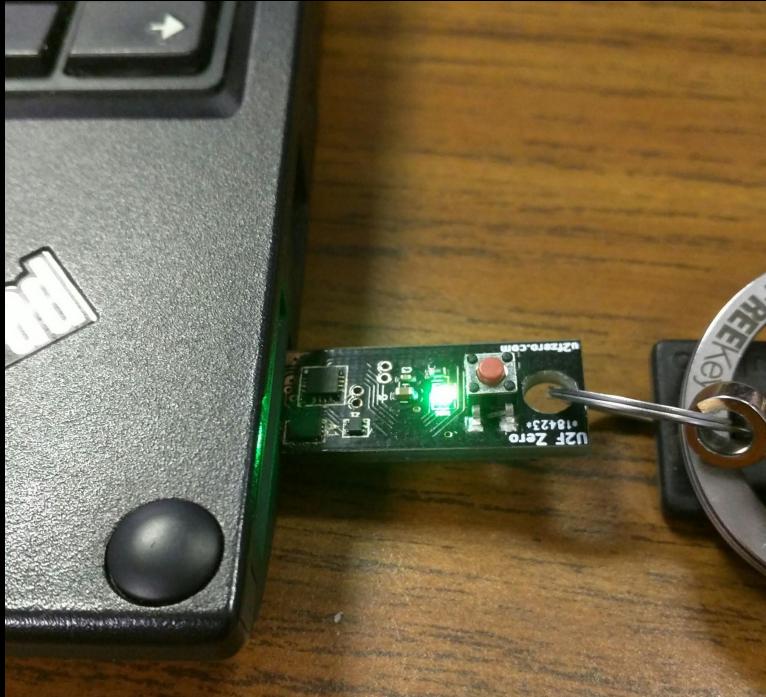


Next steps

- Open source it publicly
- People can easily build their own
- Plan to get them fab'd and assembled externally
 - Sell them online or at VT
- Use parts that are easier to solder. Make programming holes nicer.
- Look into adding NFC or Bluetooth support for use with phones.
- Look for a **fingerprint reader** to replace **button** -> lost/stolen keys are safe.
- Anyone interested?

Demo

- Register with Duo for VT 2 factor



Contact (& source & trivia)

You can get source, documentation, design files here: linx.li/u2f.zip

Conor Patrick (twitter: @_conorpp)

<https://conorpp.com>

I appreciate any feedback on presentation here or in IRC