

DT: 8/10/25 Task 12 - Simulate Gaming Concepts Using Pygame.

Aim:

To write a python program to create a snake game using pygame package.

Algorithm:-

1. Set the window size
2. Create Snake
3. Make the snake to move in the directions when left, right, down and up key is pressed
4. When the snake hits the fruit increase the score by 10
5. If the snake hits the window, Game over

```
# importing libraries
import pygame
import time
import random
Snake-speed = 15

# window size
window-x = 720
window-y = 480

# defining colours
black = pygame.color(0,0,0)
white = pygame.color(255,255,255)
red = pygame.color(255,0,0)
green = pygame.color(0,255,0)
blue = pygame.color(0,0,255)

# Initialising Pygame
pygame.init()

# initialise game window
Pygame.display.set_caption("GreeksforGeeks Snakes")
game-window = Pygame.display.set_mode((window-x, window-y))

# FPS (frames per second) controller
fps = pygame.time.Clock()

# defining snake default Position
Snake-position = [100,50]
```

start soft or bivalve, broken, with fragments of mollusc or shells
(mollusc fragments), "finedust" (sand size) will add a uniform texture

and Output will be mixed sand around shell + sand + soft shell.

Score : 0

1.1200g. L. total
0.120g. C. powder
13.420g. S. total
0.120g. S. powder
13.420g. S. total
0.120g. E. powder
13.420g. matted. fine size.

good mixes from soft shell &
0 good mixes = 300g

```
# defining first 4 blocks of snake body
```

```
Snake-body = [[100, 50], [90, 50]
```

```
[80, 50]
```

```
[70, 50]
```

```
]
```

```
# fruit position
```

```
Fruit-Position = [random.randrange(1, (window_x // 10)) * 10,
```

```
random.randrange(1, (window_y // 10)) * 10]
```

```
Fruit-Spawn = True
```

```
# Setting default Snake direction towards
```

```
# right
```

```
direction = 'RIGHT'
```

```
change_to = direction
```

```
# initial Score
```

```
Score = 0
```

```
# displaying Score function
```

```
def Show-Score(choice, color, font, size):
```

```
# creating font object Score-font
```

```
Score-font = pygame.font.SysFont(font, size)
```

```
# create the display surface object
```

```
# Score-Surface
```

```
Score-Surface = Score-font.render('Score : ' + str(Score), True, color)
```

```
# create a rectangular object for the text
```

```
# Surface object
```

```
Score-rect = Score-Surface.get_rect()
```

```
# displaying text
```

```
game-window.blit(Score-Surface, Score-rect)
```

```
# Game over function
```

```
def game-over():
```

```
# Creating font object my-font
```

```
my-font = pygame.font.SysFont('times new roman', 50)
```

```
# Creating a text Surface on which text
```

```
# will be drawn.
```

```
Game-over-Surface = my-font.render('Game Over!', True, color)
```

```
#Create a rectangular object for the text
# Surface object
game_over_rect = game_over_surface.get_rect()

# Setting position of the text
game_over_rect.midtop = (window_x / 2, window_y / 4)

# blit will draw the text on screen
game_window.blit(game_over_surface, game_over_rect)
pygame.display.flip()

#after 2 Seconds we will quit the program
time.sleep(2)

#deactivating pygame library
pygame.quit()

# quit the program
quit()

# Main function
while True:

    # handling key events
    for event in pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
            if event.key == pygame.K_UP:
                change_to = 'UP'
            if event.key == pygame.K_DOWN:
                change_to = 'DOWN'
            if event.key == pygame.K_LEFT:
                change_to = 'LEFT'
            if event.key == pygame.K_RIGHT:
                change_to = 'RIGHT'

    #if two keys pressed simultaneously
    #we don't want snake to move into two
    # directions simultaneously
    if change_to == 'UP' and direction != 'DOWN':
        direction = 'UP'
    if change_to == 'DOWN' and direction != 'UP':
        direction = 'DOWN'
    if change_to == 'LEFT' and direction != 'RIGHT':
        direction = 'LEFT'
    if change_to == 'RIGHT' and direction != 'LEFT':
        direction = 'RIGHT'
```

```
if change_to == 'RIGHT' and direction != 'LEFT':  
    direction = 'RIGHT'
```

```
# Moving the Snake
```

```
if direction == 'UP':
```

```
    Snake - Position [1] -= 10
```

```
if direction == 'DOWN':
```

```
    Snake - Position [1] += 10
```

```
if direction == 'LEFT':
```

```
    Snake - Position [0] -= 10
```

```
if direction == 'RIGHT':
```

```
    Snake - Position [0] += 10
```

```
# snake body growing mechanism
```

```
# if fruits and snakes collide then scores
```

```
# will be incremented by 10
```

```
Snake - body . insert (0, list (snake - position))
```

```
if Snake - Position [0] == fruit - Position [0] and Snake - Position [1] == fruit -  
Position [1]:
```

```
    score += 10
```

```
    fruit - spawn = false
```

```
else:
```

```
    snake - body . pop ()
```

```
if not fruit - spawn:
```

```
    fruit - Position = [random . randrange (1, window - x // 10) * 10,  
    random . randrange (1, (window - y) // 10) * 10]
```

```
fruit - spawn = True
```

```
game - window . fill (black)
```

```
for pos in snake - body :
```

```
    pygame . draw . rect (game - window, green, pygame . Rect  
(pos [0], pos [1], 10, 10))
```

```
pygame . draw . rect (game - window, white, pygame . Rect  
(fruit - position [0], fruit - position [1], 10, 10))
```

~~# Game over Conditions~~

```
if Snake - Position [0] < 0 or Snake - Position [0] > window - x - 10:
```

```
    Game over ()
```

```
if Snake - Position [0] < 0 or Snake - Position [0] > window - y - 10:
```

```
    Game over ()
```

```
# Touching the snake - body [0]
for block in snake_body[1:]:
    if snake_position[0] == block[0] and snake_position[1] == block[1]:
        game_over() # game_over function to be implemented later

# displaying score continuously
show_score(1, white, 'Times New Roman', 20)
```

Refresh game screen

```
Pygame.display.update()
```

Frame Per second / Refresh Rate

```
fps.tick(snake_speed)
```

After touching the snake body, the snake will move in the direction it was moving before.

So we have to change the direction of the snake by changing the direction of the head.

As each frame ends, we have to update the direction of the snake.

So define the moving state of the snake with this certainty
the pieces

1. move the board and position the snake

2. show the game loop

Program :

```
import pygame
```

```
# Initialize Pygame
```

```
pygame.init()
```

Set width height and title

```
Screen_size = (640, 480)
```

```
Screen = pygame.display.set_mode(Screen_size)
```

```
pygame.display.set_caption('Snake Game')
```

Define colors

Task 12.2

Aim:

To write a python program to develop a chess board using pygame.

Algorithm:

1. Import pygame and initialize it
2. Set Screen Size and title
3. Define colors for the board and pieces.
Define a function to draw the board by looping over rows and columns and drawing squares of different colors.
4. Define a function to draw the pieces on the board by loading images for each piece and placing them on the corresponding square.
5. Define the initial state of the board as a list of lists containing the pieces
6. Draw the board and pieces on the screen
7. Start the game loop.

Program:

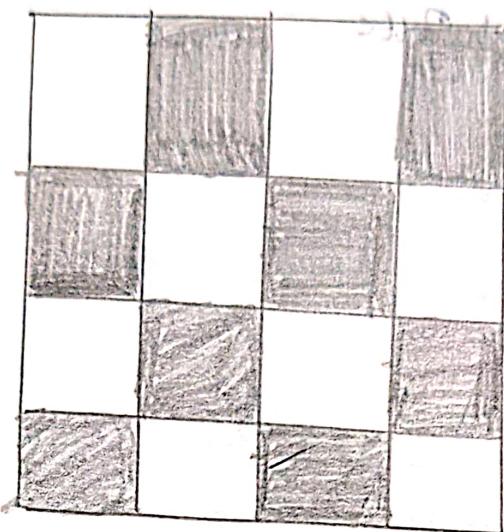
```
import pygame  
# Initialize Pygame  
pygame.init()  
  
# Set screen size and title  
Screen_size = (640,640)  
Screen = pygame.display.set_mode(Screen_size)  
pygame.display.set_caption("Chess Board")  
  
# Define colours  
black = (0,0,0)  
white = (255,255,255)  
brown = (153,76,0)  
  
# Define function to draw the board  
def draw_board():  
    for row in range(8):  
        for col in range(8):
```

Output:

Wavelengths are converted to
(0.5 nm) and plotted on a graph.

Output:

Wavelengths are plotted on a
graph, followed by a graph



```
Square_rect = pygame.Rect(col * 80, row * 80, 80, 80)
pygame.draw.rect(screen, square_color, square_rect)
```

Define function to draw the pieces

```
def draw_pieces(board):
```

```
Piece_image = {
```

```
'k': pygame.image.load('images/rook.png'),
```

```
'q': pygame.image.load('images/knight.png'),
```

```
'b': pygame.image.load('images/bishop.png'),
```

```
'n': pygame.image.load('images/king.png');
```

```
'p': pygame.image.load('images/pawn.png')
```

```
}
```

```
for row in range(8):
```

```
    for col in range(8):
```

```
Piece = board[row][col]
```

```
if Piece != ' ':
```

```
Piece_image = Piece_image[Piece]
```

```
Piece_rect = pygame.Rect(col * 80, row * 80, 80, 80)
```

```
screen.blit(piece_image, piece_rect)
```

Define initial state of the board

```
board = [
```

```
    ['k', 'q', 'b', 'n', 'p', 'p', 'p', 'k'],
    ['p', 'p', 'p', 'p', 'p', 'p', 'p', 'q'],
    ['-', 'n', 'b', 'r', 'n', 'b', 'r', '-'],
    ['n', 'b', 'r', 'n', 'b', 'r', 'n', 'b'],
    ['r', 'n', 'b', 'q', 'k', 'b', 'n', 'r'],
    [' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ', ' ']
```

```
    ]
```

```
    ]
```

```
    ]
```

```
    ]
```

```
    ]
```

```
    ]
```

Draw board and pieces

```
draw_board()
```

```
draw_pieces(board)
```

```

# Start Game loop
while True:
    for event in Pygame.event.get():
        if event.type == Pygame.QUIT:
            Pygame.quit()
            quit()
    Pygame.display.update()

```

Completed

Q

Result:

VEL TECH - CSE	
EX NO.	17
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (3)	2
VIVA VOCE (3)	2
RECORD (4)	4
TOTAL (15)	15
SIGNATURE DATE	15

Thus the python program for executing the chess boards was successfully completed.