

8.	06/10/25	Normalizing database using functional dependence upto BCNF.	15	(n) 10/10
				(n) 10

6/0/25 Task-8: Normalizing Database Using Functional Dependence Up to BCNF

Aim:-

To normalize database using functional dependence upto BCNF.

Hospital database:

1. Identify hospital attribute:

Patient-ID, patient-Name, Doctor-ID, Doctor-Name, Department, Room-No, Treatment, Bill-Amount.

2. Define Relational schema:

Hospital (Patient-ID, patient-Name, Doctor-ID, Doctor-Name, Department, Room-No, Treatment, Bill-Amount).

3. Determine functional dependence (FDs) between attributes

$\text{Patient-ID} \rightarrow \text{Patient-Name}, \text{Doctor-ID}, \text{Room-No}, \text{Treatment}, \text{Bill-Amount}$

$\text{Doctor-ID} \rightarrow \text{Doctor-Name}, \text{Department}$

$\text{Room-No} \rightarrow \text{Department}$

Step-2: Convert to 1NF

1. Eliminate repeating groups or array.

2. Create separate tables for each repeating group.

Step-3: Convert to 2NF:

1. Ensure each non-key attribute depend on the entire primary key.

2. Move non-key attribute to separate tables if key depend only part of the primary key.

- Create Doctor table: Doctor (Doctor-ID, Doctor-Name, Department)

- Create patient table: Patient (Patient-ID, patient-Name, Doctor-ID, Room-No, Treatment, Bill-Amount).

Step-4: Convert to 3NF

1. Ensure there are no transitive dependence.

2. Move non-key attribute to separate table if they depend on another non-key attribute.

- Create Room table: Room (Room-No, Department).

. Update Doctor table: Doctor (Doctor-ID, Doctor-Name)

Step-5: Convert to BCNF

1. Ensure every department is a candidate key.
2. Check for overlapping candidate key.
3. Decompose relation to eliminate redundancy No further decomposition needed.

Using Criteria tool:

1. Input relation schema and functional dependencies.
2. Griffith tool generator as dependency graph.
3. Analyze the graph to identify normalization issues.
4. Apply normalization rule to transform the schema.
5. Verify the resulting schema meets BCNF criteria.

Griffith tool steps:

1. Create a new project in Griffith.
2. Define the relational schema and fun.
3. Run the "dependency graph" tool.
4. Analyze the graph for normalization issues.
5. Apply transformation using the "Normatrix" tool.
6. Verify BCNF Compliance using the "BCNF check" tool.

Normalized Schema:

1. Patient (Patient-ID, Patient-Name, Doctor-ID, Room-No, Treatment, Bill-Amount).
2. Doctor (Doctor-ID, Doctor-Name)
3. Room (Room-No, Department).

Result:- Thus, the dependence upto BCNF  
 Normalized database using functional  
 executed successfully.

VEL TECH - CSE	
EX NO.	8
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	15
SIGN WITH DATE	6/10/13