Use case-finding the winning strategy in a cord game in python

Problem Description: Imagine a card game where each player receives a hand of cards with values. The Objective is to find the best way to maximize the score for a player, assuming the players take turns drawing conds. Each player can either pick the tist or last card from the remaining pik.

Assumptions:

* Each player tries to maximite their score

* Cards are represented by integers, which indicate

+ Two players alternate turns, and each player picks a could from either the beginning or the end of the

You need to design an algorithm that helps a player find the optimal strategy to guarantee the highest possible score given that the opponent is also playing optimally.

Plan: We can solve this problem using Dynamic Plogramming by calculating the optimal score for every possible scenario, taking into account the best choices for both players.

Steps:

- 1. Define the game: Represent the pile of cards as a list of integers.
- 2. Pecusive strategy: A function will recursively determine the best score a player can achieve,
- 3. pyramic programming; store intumediate results to avoid recalculating them.
- 4. Base cases: When only one card is left, the current player takes it.

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program:
def find_optimal_strategy (cards):
  n=len (cards)
 #Create a memoization table to store suproblem
    results
  dp=[[0]*n tor-in range(n)]
 #Fill the tuble for supproblems of increasing sizes
  for length in range (1, 11+1):
    for i in range (nlength+1).
     #If only one could is left, the player takes it
      j=i+ rength-1
      it i== j
        dp[I][i]= cards[i]
        # Choose the best of two choices
      else:
       #1. Take the left card, and the opponent plays
        optimally on the remaining (it1, i)
      # 2 Take the right card, and the opponent plays
         optimally on the remaining (i,i-1)
         take left = cards CiJ -dp [ i+1)[i]
         take - right = conds[i] -dp[i][j-i]
          dpcijcjj = max (take-left, take-night)
    # dp [0][n-1) will have the optiment score difference
      for the first player
      return [dp[0][n-1]+sum((alds))
   # Example case
     cards=[3,9,1,2]
   print ("First player's optimal score:", find_optimal
                                         _ strategy (cards),
Explanation:
Consider the array of cards: [3,9,1,2].
     First player (you) can choose between:
     it Taking the left most card (3), leaving try cards
```

2. The opponent will then take their turn, playing optimally to minimite the first player's score This program computes the best possible outcomes for the first player.

First player's optimal score: 5 First player, if playing optimally, can quarantee a score of 5 regardless of how the opponent plays.

By using Dynamic programming, we ensure that the solution is computed efficiently, avoiding redundant calculations. This approach ensures both players play optimally, and the first player gets the highest score possible given the opponent's best more.

VELTECH	
VELTE	13
EX SICE (5)	5
BERRYAMANCE (5)	5
NESO: (NAME OF STATE	5
RECORE	20
Territory (1887)	
SIGNW.	15/10.