

Output:-

Welcome to the student grades analyzer!

number of students: 4

type of student-names list: <class 'list'>

type of student-grade list: <class 'list'>

highest grade: 92

lowest grade: 78

Sorted grades: [78, 85, 90, 92]

Reversed grades: [92, 90, 85, 78]

grades indices from 1 to number of students:

[1, 2, 3, 4]

Task No - 6:- Utilizing 'function' concepts in python programming

Q.1) You are developing a small python script to analyze and manipulate a list of student grades for a class project. Write a Python program that satisfies the above requirements using the built-in functions `print()`, `len()`, `type()`, `max()`, `min()`, `sorted()`, `reversed()`, and `range()`.

Aim:- To write a python program to analyze and manipulate a list of student grades for a class project using functions concept.

Algorithm:-

1. Start the program
2. Print a welcome message: Outputs a simple greeting.
3. Determine and print the number of students: Uses `len()` to find the number of elements in the `student_names` list.
4. Print the type of lists: Uses `type()` to show the type of the `student_names` and `student_grades` lists.
5. Find and print highest and lowest grades: Uses `max()` and `min()` to determine the highest and lowest values in `student_grades`.
6. Print reversed list of grades: Uses `sorted()` to sort the grades.
7. Print ~~reversed~~ ^{sorted} list of grades: Uses `sorted()` to sort the grades.
8. Generate and print a range of grade indices: Uses `range()` to create a list of indices from 1 to the number of students.
9. Stop.

Program:-

```
def analyze_student_grades():  
    # Sample data  
    student_names = ["Alice", "Bob", "Charlie", "Diana"]  
    student_grades = [85, 92, 78, 90]  
  
    # 1. Print a welcome message  
    print("Welcome to the Student Grades Analyzer!\n")  
  
    # 2. Determine and print the number of students  
    num_students = len(student_names)  
    print("Number of students:", num_students)
```


#3. Print the type of the student names list and the grades list.

```
print("\nType of student_names list:", type(student_names))  
print("Type of student_grades list:", type(student_grades))
```

#4. Find and print the highest and lowest grade

```
highest_grade = max(student_grades)  
lowest_grade = min(student_grades)  
print("\nHighest grade:", highest_grade)  
print("Lowest grade:", lowest_grade)
```

#5. Print the list of grades sorted in ascending order

```
Sorted_grades = sorted(student_grades)  
print("\nSorted grades:", sorted_grades)
```


#6. Print the list of grades in reverse order

```
reverse_grades = list(reversed(sorted_grades))  
print("Reverse grades:", reversed_grades)
```

#7. Generate and print a range of grade indices from 1 to the number of students.

```
grade_indices = list(range(1, num_students + 1))  
print("\nGrade indices from 1 to number of students:",  
      grade_indices)
```

#8. Run the analysis
analyze_student_grades()



Sum of 10 & 5 = 15
difference b/w 10 & 5 = 5

Product of 10 and 5 = 50

Quotient of 10 and 5 = 2
greeting:

hello.alice: welcome to program

alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program

alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program

alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program

alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program
alice.greeting: hello.alice: welcome to program

Q.9 You are tasked with creating a small calculator application to help users perform basic operations arithmetic and greet them with a personalized message. Your application should perform the following tasks: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division.

Aim:- To create a python program for creating a small calculator application to perform basic arithmetic operations.

Algorithm:-

1. Start the program
2. User Input for numbers: The program prompts the user to enter two programs.
3. User Input for operations: The program prompts the user to choose an arithmetic operation.
4. Perform operations: Based on the user's choice, the program performs the chosen arithmetic operation using the defined functions.
5. Display Result: The program displays the result of the operation.
6. Stop.

Program:-

```
def add(a,b):  
    """ Return the sum of two numbers."""  
    return a+b  
def subtract(a,b):  
    """ Return the difference between two numbers."""  
    return a-b  
def multiply(a,b):  
    """ Return the product of two numbers."""  
    return a*b  
def divide(a,b):  
    """ Return the quotient of two numbers. Handles div-  
    -ision by zero."""  
    return  
    if b!=0:  
        return a/b  
    else:
```



```

else:
    return "Error: Division by zero"


def greet(name):
    """Return a greeting message for the user."""
    return f"Hello, {name}! Welcome to the program."

def main():
    # Demonstrating the use of user-defined functions
    # Arithmetic operations
    num1 = 10
    num2 = 5
    print("Arithmetic Operations:")
    print(f"Sum of {num1} and {num2}:", add(num1, num2))
    print(f"Difference between {num1} and {num2}:", subtract(
        num1, num2))
    print(f"Product of {num1} and {num2}:", multiply(num1,
        num2))
    print(f"Quotient of {num1} and {num2}:", divide(num1,
        num2))
    # Greeting the user
    user_name = "Alice"
    print("\nGreetings:")
    print(greet(user_name))

# Run the main function
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

VEL TECH	
EX NO.	6
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	
TOTAL (20)	20
DATE	


 Result: Thus, the python program using "Functions" Concept was successfully executed and the output was verified.