## **EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

#### **MOTION SENSOR**

SENSOR	ARDUINO
VCC	5 V
GND	GND
DATA PIN	3
LED	+→13, - → GND

# CODE (MS):

```
int calibrationTime = 30;
long unsigned int lowIn;
long unsigned int pause = 5000;
boolean lockLow = true;
boolean takeLowTime;
int piroutpin = 3;
int ledPin = 13;
//SETUP
void setup(){
Serial.begin(9600);
pinMode(piroutpin, INPUT);
pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
digitalWrite(piroutpin, LOW);
Serial.print("calibrating sensor");
for(int i = 0; i < calibrationTime; i++){</pre>
Serial.print(".");
delay(1000);
}
Serial.println(" done");
Serial.println("SENSOR ACTIVE");
delay(50);
```

}

```
//LOOP
void loop(){
if(digitalRead(piroutpin) == HIGH){
digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
if(lockLow){
lockLow = false;
Serial.println("---");
Serial.print("motion detected at ");
Serial.print(millis()/1000);
Serial.println(" sec");
delay(50);
}
takeLowTime = true;
}
if(digitalRead(piroutpin) == LOW){
digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
if(takeLowTime){
lowIn = millis();
takeLowTime = false;
}
if(!lockLow && millis() - lowIn > pause){
lockLow = true;
Serial.print("motion ended at ");
Serial.print((millis() - pause)/1000);
Serial.println(" sec");
delay(50);
}
}
```

#### **FLAME SENSOR**

SENSOR	ARDUINO
D0	A2
GND	GND
VCC	5 V
BUZZER:	ARDUINO
GND	GND
VCC	11
1/0	8
LED:	ARDUINO
+	13
-	GND

# CODE(FS):

```
const int ledpin=13; // ledpin,flamepin and buzpin are not changed throughout the process
const int flamepin=A2;
const int buzpin=11;
const int threshold=200;// sets threshold value for flame sensor
int flamesensvalue=0; // initialize flamesensor reading
void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
pinMode(ledpin,OUTPUT);
pinMode(flamepin,INPUT);
pinMode(buzpin,OUTPUT);
void loop() {
flamesensvalue=analogRead(flamepin); // reads analog data from flame sensor
if (flamesensvalue<=threshold) { // compares reading from flame sensor with the threshold value
digitalWrite(ledpin,HIGH); //turns on led and buzzer
tone(buzpin,100);
delay(1000); //stops program for 1 second
}
else{
digitalWrite(ledpin,LOW); //turns led off led and buzzer
noTone(buzpin);
}
}
```

#### **TEMPERATURE SENSOR**

RED : VCCBLACK : GND

• YELLOW: DATA WIRE

SENSOR	ARDUINO	RESISTOR
VCC	VCC	VCC
GND	GND	-
DATA PIN	2/8	DATA PIN
LCD DISPLAY	ARDUINO	BREADBOARD
SDM	A4	-
SCL	A5	-
VCC	-	RED(VCC)
GND	-	GND

Sensor TO arduino GND →GND VCC → 5V DATA PIN →A0

LCD	ARDUINO
1, 3, 5, 16	GND
2, 15	VCC
4	D8
6	D9
11	D0
12	D11
13	D12
14	D13

## CODE(TS):

```
#include <OneWire.h>
#include <DallasTemperature.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 20, 4); //The LCD address and size. You can change according you yours
// Data wire is plugged into port 2 on the Arduino
#define ONE WIRE BUS 2 //pin for sensor
// Setup a oneWire instance to communicate with any OneWire devices (not just Maxim/Dallas temperature ICs)
OneWire oneWire(ONE_WIRE_BUS);
// Pass our oneWire reference to Dallas Temperature.
DallasTemperature sensors(&oneWire);
/*
The setup function. We only start the sensors here
void setup(void)
// start serial port
Serial.begin(9600);
Serial.println("Dallas Temperature IC Control Library Demo");
// Start up the library
sensors.begin();
```

```
lcd.init();
// Print a message to the LCD.
lcd.backlight();
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
lcd.print("DS18B20 TEST!");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.print("by miliohm.com");
delay(2000);
lcd.clear();
}
/*
Main function, get and show the temperature
*/
void loop(void)
{
// call sensors.requestTemperatures() to issue a global temperature
// request to all devices on the bus
Serial.print("Requesting temperatures...");
sensors.requestTemperatures(); // Send the command to get temperatures
Serial.println("DONE");
// After we got the temperatures, we can print them here.
// We use the function ByIndex, and as an example get the temperature from the first sensor only.
float tempC = sensors.getTempCByIndex(0);
// Check if reading was successful
if (tempC != DEVICE_DISCONNECTED_C)
Serial.print("Temperature for the device 1 (index 0) is: ");
Serial.println(tempC);
lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
lcd.print("Temperature:");
lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
lcd.print(tempC);
lcd.print((char)223);
lcd.print("C");
lcd.print(" | ");
lcd.print(DallasTemperature::toFahrenheit(tempC));
lcd.print(" F");
}
else
{
Serial.println("Error: Could not read temperature data");
}
}
```