Python On Resonance (PyOR)

Everybody can simulate NMR

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Tutorial 12: Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) Part 2

In this tutorial you will see Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) of two spin half system. We will evolve the density matrix in Hilbert Space.

Load Python packages and define path to the source file "PythonOnResonance.py"

```
In [16]: pathSource = '/media/HD2/Vineeth/PostDoc_Simulations/Github/PyOR_G/Source'

In [17]: from IPython.display import display, HTML
    display(HTML("<style>.container { width:100% !important; }</style>"))
    import sys
    sys.path.append(pathSource)
    import PythonOnResonance as PyOR
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from matplotlib import rc
    %matplotlib import rc
%matplotlib notebook
import sympy as sp
from sympy import *
```

Generating Spin System

....

hbarEQ1 = True

```
In [18]: """
    Define Spin quantum numbers of your spins in "Slist1".
    Slist1[0] is spin of first particle and Slist1[1] is spin of second particle.
    """;
    Slist1 = [1/2,1/2]

In [19]: """
    Define Planck constant equals 1.
    Because NMR spectroscopists are more interested to write Energy in frequency units.
    if False then hbarEQ1 = hbar
```

Zeeman Hamiltonian in Lab Frame

Larmor Frequency in MHz: [-400.22802765 -400.22811765]

Initialize Density Matrix

```
rho_in = System.EqulibriumDensityMatrix(Hz_EnUnit,T,HT_approx)
rhoeq = rho_in.copy()
else:
    rho_in = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Initial Density Matrix
    rhoeq = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Equlibrium Density Matrix
    print("Trace of density metrix = ", np.trace(rho_in))
```

Trace of density metrix = 0j

Zeeman Halitonian in Rotating Frame

```
In [23]: OmegaRF = [-System.gammaH1*B0,-System.gammaH1*B0]
Hzr = System.Zeeman_RotFrame(LarmorF, Sz, OmegaRF)
```

J Coupling Hamiltonian

Pulse

Relaxation Constant

Evolution of Density Matrix

```
In [27]:
    dt = 0.0005
    AQ = 30.0
    Npoints = int(AQ/dt)
    print("Number of points in the simulation", Npoints)
    """
    option for solver, "method": "Unitary Propagator" or "ODE Solver"
    """
```

```
method = "ODE Solver"

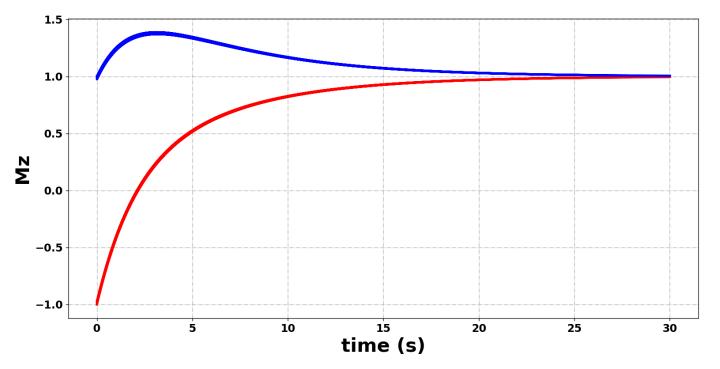
start_time = time.time()
t, rho_t = System.Evolution_H(rhoeq,rho,Sx,Sy,Sz,Sp,Sm,Hzr + Hj,dt,Npoints,method,Rprocess
end_time = time.time()
timetaken = end_time - start_time
print("Total time = %s seconds " % (timetaken))
```

Number of points in the simulation 60000 Total time = 161.43071961402893 seconds

Expectation value

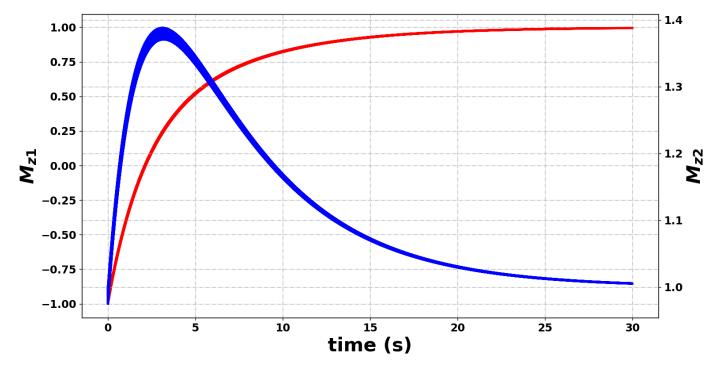
```
In [28]: EXP_Z1 = Sz[0]
EXP_Z2 = Sz[1]

t, Mz1 = System.Expectation_H(rho_t, EXP_Z1, dt, Npoints)
t, Mz2 = System.Expectation_H(rho_t, EXP_Z2, dt, Npoints)
```



/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
ting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
 return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
ting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
 return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.

```
In [30]: """
    Mz1: Red
    Mz2: Blue
    """
    System.PlottingTwin(5,t,Mz1,Mz2,"time (s)",r"$M_{z1}$",r"$M_{z2}$","red","Blue")
```



/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
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Any suggestion? write to me

If you see something is wrong please write to me, so that the PyOR can be error free.

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