

Python On Resonance (PyOR)

Everybody can simulate NMR

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Tutorial 13: Relaxation Random Field Fluctuation Part 2

In this tutorial you will see Relaxation due to Random Field Fluctuation of single spin half system. We will evolve the density matrix in Liouville Space.

Load Python packages and define path to the source file "PythonOnResonance.py"

```
In [1]: pathSource = '/media/HD2/Vineeth/PostDoc_Simulations/Github/PyOR_G/Source'
```

```
In [2]: from IPython.display import display, HTML
display(HTML("<style>.container { width:100% !important; }</style>"))
import sys
sys.path.append(pathSource)

import PythonOnResonance as PyOR

import time
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import rc
%matplotlib notebook
import sympy as sp
from sympy import *
```

Generating Spin System

```
In [3]: """
Define Spin quantum numbers of your spins in "Slist1".
Slist1[0] is spin of first particle and Slist1[1] is spin of second particle.
""";

Slist1 = [1/2]
```

```
In [4]: """
Define Planck constant equals 1.
Because NMR spectroscopists are more interested to write Energy in frequency units.
if False then hbarEQ1 = hbar
""";

hbarEQ1 = True
```

```
In [5]: """
Generate Spin Operators
""";

System = PyOR.Numerical_MR(Slist1,hbarEQ1)

"""
Sx, Sy and Sz Operators
""";
Sx,Sy,Sz = System.SpinOperator()

"""
S+ and S- Operators
""";
Sp,Sm = System.PMoperators(Sx,Sy)
```

Zeeman Hamiltonian in Lab Frame

```
In [6]: """
Gyromagnetic Ratio
Gamma = [Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, ...]
""";
Gamma = [System.gammaH1]

"""
Define the field of the spectrometer, B0 in Tesla.
""";
B0 = 9.4

"""
Define the chemical Shift of individual spins
Offset = [chemical Shift spin 1, chemical Shift spin 1, ..]
""";
Offset = [10] # Offset frequency in Hz

"""
Function "LarmorF" give the list Larmor frequencies of individual spins in lab frame
""";
LarmorF = System.LarmorFrequency(Gamma,B0,Offset)

Hz = System.Zeeman(LarmorF,Sz)
```

Larmor Frequency in MHz: [-400.22802765]

Initialize Density Matrix

```
In [7]: """
We will generate Initial Density Matrix in two ways:
First we will generate a density matrix as we prefer say, Sz.
Second we will create density matrix at thermal equilibrium

First Case
""";

Thermal_DensMatrix = False

if Thermal_DensMatrix:
    Hz_EnUnit = System.Convert_FreqUnitsTOEnergy(Hz)
    HT_approx = False # High Temperature Approximation is False
    T = 300 # Temperature in Kelvin
    rho_in = System.EquilibriumDensityMatrix(Hz_EnUnit,T,HT_approx)
```

```

rhoeq = rho_in.copy()
else:
    rho_in = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Initial Density Matrix
    rhoeq = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Equilibrium Density Matrix
    print("Trace of density metrix = ", np.trace(rho_in))

```

Trace of density metrix = 0j

Zeeman Halitonian in Rotating Frame

```

In [8]: OmegaRF = [-System.gammaH1*B0]
Hxr = System.Zeeman_RotFrame(LarmorF, Sz, OmegaRF)

```

Converting to Liouvillian

```

In [9]: Hz_L = System.CommutationSuperoperator(Hz)
Hxr_L = System.CommutationSuperoperator(Hxr)
rho_in_L = System.Vector_L(rho_in)
rhoeq_L = System.Vector_L(rhoeq)

```

Pulse

```

In [10]: pulse_angle = 90.0
rho_L = System.Rotate_L(rho_in_L,pulse_angle,Sx[0])

```

Relaxation Constant

```

In [11]: """
Options: "No Relaxation", "Phenomenological", "Dipolar", "Random Field Fluctuation"
""";
R = None
Rprocess = "Random Field Fluctuation"
tau = 1.0e-6
bIS = 0
System.Relaxation_Parameters(LarmorF, OmegaRF, tau, bIS)
R_L = System.Relaxation_L(Rprocess,R,Sx,Sy,Sz,Sp,Sm)

```

Evolution of Density Matrix

```

In [12]: dt = 0.0005
AQ = 10.0
Npoints = int(AQ/dt)
print("Number of points in the simulation", Npoints)

"""
option for solver, "method": "Unitary Propagator", "Relaxation" or "ODE Solver"
"""
method = "Relaxation"

start_time = time.time()
t, rho_t = System.Evolution_L(rhoeq_L,rho_L,Sx,Sy,Hxr_L - 1j * R_L,dt,Npoints,method)
end_time = time.time()
timetaken = end_time - start_time
print("Total time = %s seconds " % (timetaken))

```

Number of points in the simulation 20000
Total time = 0.0884084701538086 seconds

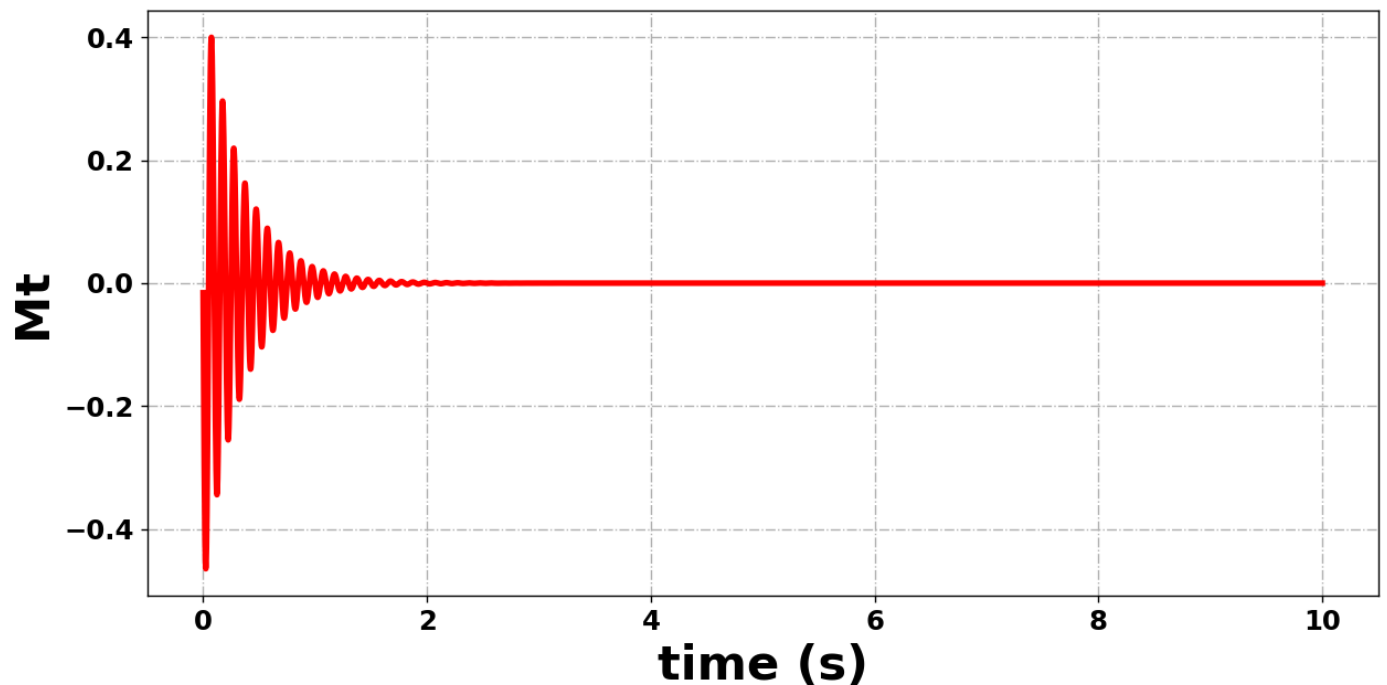
Expectation value

```
In [13]: EXP_T = Sx[0] + 1j * Sy[0]
EXP_Z = Sz[0]

LEXP_T = System.Detection_L(EXP_T)
LEXP_Z = System.Detection_L(EXP_Z)

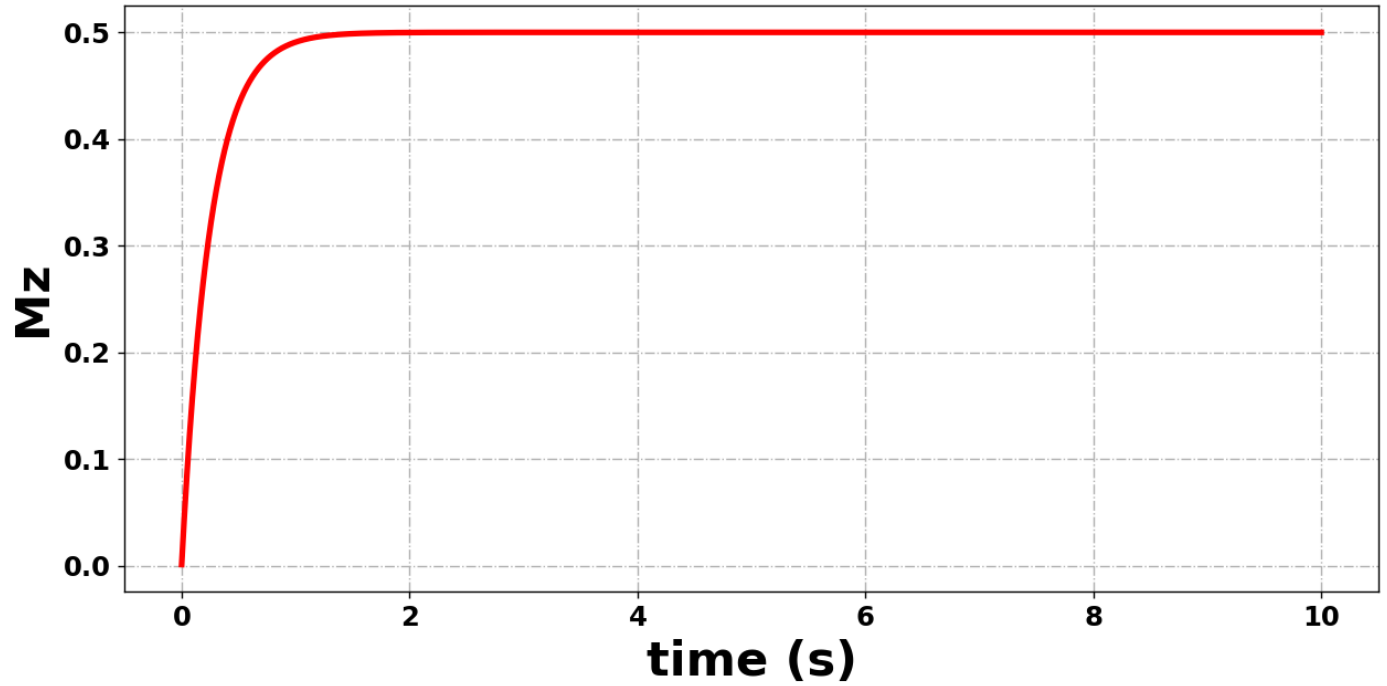
t, Mt = System.Expectation_L(rho_t, LEXP_T, dt, Npoints)
t, Mz = System.Expectation_L(rho_t, LEXP_Z, dt, Npoints)
```

```
In [14]: System.Plotting(1,t,Mt,"time (s)","Mt","red")
```



```
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
  return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.
```

```
In [15]: System.Plotting(2,t,Mz,"time (s)","Mz","red")
```



```
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
  return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.
```

Any suggestion? write to me

If you see something is wrong please write to me, so that the PyOR can be error free.

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