

# Python On Resonance (PyOR)

## Everybody can simulate NMR

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## Tutorial 12: Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) Part 2

In this tutorial you will see Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) of two spin half system. We will evolve the density matrix in Hilbert Space.

### Load Python packages and define path to the source file "PythonOnResonance.py"

```
In [1]: pathSource = '/media/HD2/Vineeth/PostDoc_Simulations/Github/PyOR_G/Source'
```

```
In [2]: from IPython.display import display, HTML
display(HTML("<style>.container { width:100% !important; }</style>"))
import sys
sys.path.append(pathSource)

import PythonOnResonance as PyOR

import time
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from matplotlib import rc
%matplotlib notebook
import sympy as sp
from sympy import *
```

### Generating Spin System

```
In [3]: """
Define Spin quantum numbers of your spins in "Slist1".
Slist1[0] is spin of first particle and Slist1[1] is spin of second particle.
""";

Slist1 = [1/2,1/2]
```

```
In [4]: """
Define Planck constant equals 1.
Because NMR spectroscopists are more interested to write Energy in frequency units.
if False then hbarEQ1 = hbar
""";

hbarEQ1 = True
```

```
In [5]: """
Generate Spin Operators
""";

System = PyOR.Numerical_MR(Slist1,hbarEQ1)

"""
Sx, Sy and Sz Operators
""";
Sx,Sy,Sz = System.SpinOperator()

"""
S+ and S- Operators
""";
Sp,Sm = System.PMoperators(Sx,Sy)
```

## Zeeman Hamiltonian in Lab Frame

```
In [6]: """
Gyromagnetic Ratio
Gamma = [Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, ...]
""";
Gamma = [System.gammaH1,System.gammaH1]

"""
Define the field of the spectrometer, B0 in Tesla.
""";
B0 = 9.4

"""
Define the chemical Shift of individual spins
Offset = [chemical Shift spin 1, chemical Shift spin 1, ..]
""";
Offset = [10,100] # Offset frequency in Hz

"""
Function "LarmorF" give the list Larmor frequencies of individual spins in lab frame
""";
LarmorF = System.LarmorFrequency(Gamma,B0,Offset)

Hz = System.Zeeman(LarmorF,Sz)
```

Larmor Frequency in MHz: [-400.22802765 -400.22811765]

## Initialize Density Matrix

```
In [7]: """
We will generate Initial Density Matrix in two ways:
First we will generate a density matrix as we prefer say, Sz.
Second we will create density matrix at thermal equilibrium

First Case
""";

Thermal_DensMatrix = False

if Thermal_DensMatrix:
    Hz_EnUnit = System.Convert_FreqUnitsToEnergy(Hz)
    HT_approx = False # High Temperature Approximation is False
    T = 300 # Temperature in Kelvin
```

```

rho_in = System.EquilibriumDensityMatrix(Hz_EnUnit,T,HT_approx)
rhoeq = rho_in.copy()
else:
    rho_in = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Initial Density Matrix
    rhoeq = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Equilibrium Density Matrix
    print("Trace of density metrix = ", np.trace(rho_in))

```

Trace of density metrix = 0j

## Zeeman Halitonian in Rotating Frame

```

In [8]: OmegaRF = [-System.gammaH1*B0, -System.gammaH1*B0]
Hzr = System.Zeeman_RotFrame(LarmorF, Sz, OmegaRF)

```

## J Coupling Hamiltonian

```

In [9]: '''
Define J couplings between individual spins
'''
Jlist = np.zeros((len(Slist1),len(Slist1)))
Jlist[0][1] = 10.5
Hj = System.Jcoupling(Jlist,Sx,Sy,Sz)

```

## Pulse

```

In [10]: '''
Selective Pulse on Spin 1
''';
pulse_angle = 180.0
rho = System.Rotate_H(rho_in,pulse_angle,Sx[0])

```

## Relaxation Constant

```

In [11]: '''
Options: "No Relaxation", "Phenomenological", "Dipolar"
''';
R1 = None
R2 = None
Rprocess = "Dipolar"
tau = 1.0e-5
bIS = -30.0e3
System.Relaxation_Constants(R1,R2)
System.Relaxation_Parameters(LarmorF, OmegaRF, tau, bIS)

```

## Evolution of Density Matrix

```

In [12]: dt = 0.0005
AQ = 30.0
Npoints = int(AQ/dt)
print("Number of points in the simulation", Npoints)

'''
option for solver, "method": "Unitary Propagator" or "ODE Solver"
'''

```

```
method = "ODE Solver"
```

```
start_time = time.time()
t, rho_t = System.Evolution_H(rhoeq, rho, Sx, Sy, Sz, Sp, Sm, Hxr + Hj, dt, Npoints, method, Rprocess)
end_time = time.time()
timetaken = end_time - start_time
print("Total time = %s seconds " % (timetaken))
```

Number of points in the simulation 60000

Total time = 55.54335880279541 seconds

## Expectation value

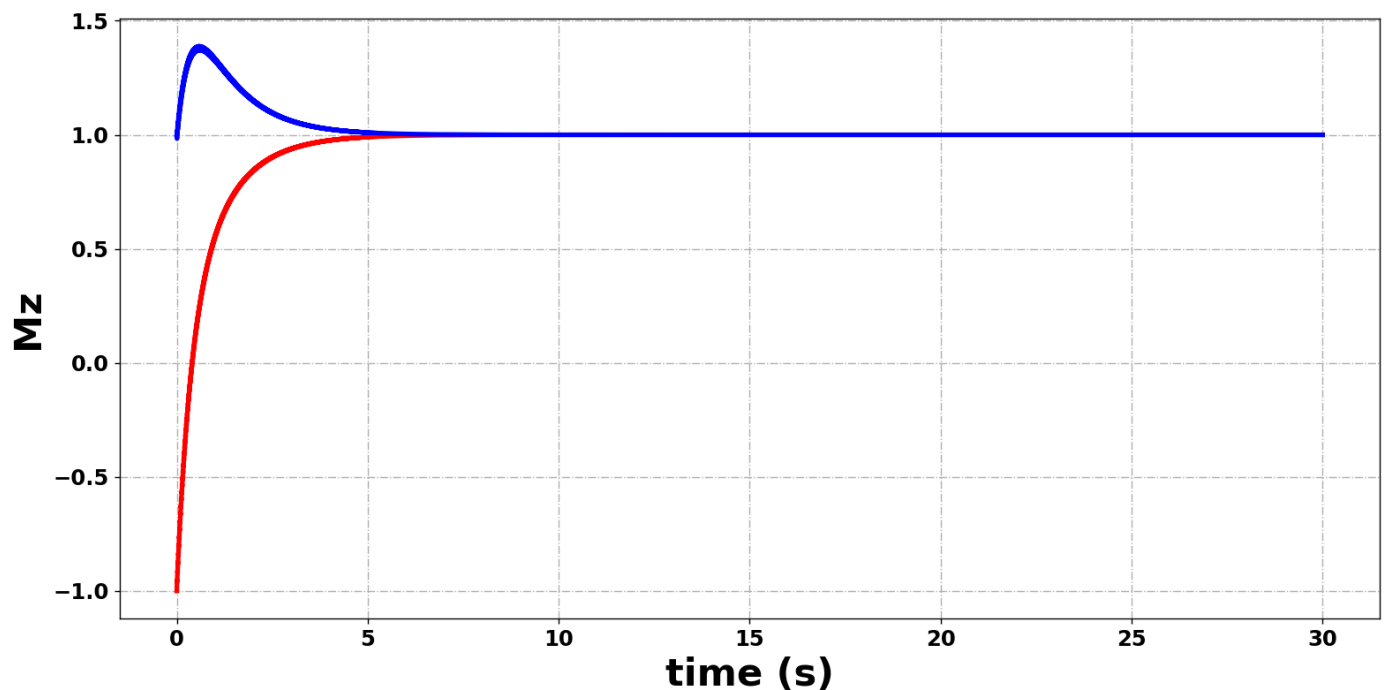
In [13]:

```
EXP_Z1 = Sz[0]
EXP_Z2 = Sz[1]

t, Mz1 = System.Expectation_H(rho_t, EXP_Z1, dt, Npoints)
t, Mz2 = System.Expectation_H(rho_t, EXP_Z2, dt, Npoints)
```

In [14]:

```
"""
Mz1: Red
Mz2: Blue
"""
System.PlottingMulti(4, [t, t], [Mz1, Mz2], "time (s)", "Mz", ["red", "blue"])
```



/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/\_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

```
return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
```

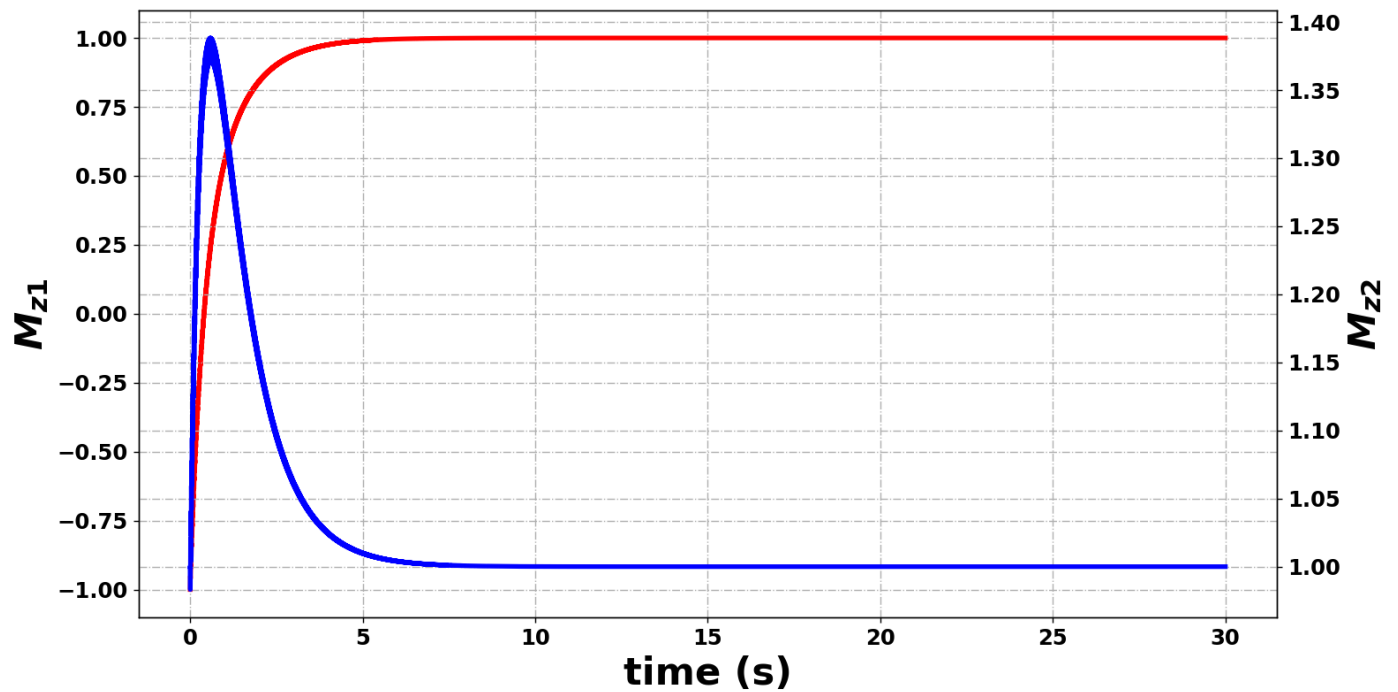
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/\_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part

```
return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
```

No handles with labels found to put in legend.

In [15]:

```
"""
Mz1: Red
Mz2: Blue
"""
System.PlottingTwin(5, t, Mz1, Mz2, "time (s)", r"$M_{z1}$", r"$M_{z2}$", "red", "Blue")
```



```

/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
  return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Casting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
  return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.

```

Any suggestion? write to me

If you see something is wrong please write to me, so that the PyOR can be error free.

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