Python On Resonance (PyOR)

Everybody can simulate NMR

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Tutorial 12: Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE)

In this tutorial you will see Homonuclear Nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) of two spin half system. We will evolve the density matrix in Liouville Space. Correlation time 10 pico second.

Load Python packages and define path to the source file "PythonOnResonance.py"

```
In [1]: pathSource = '/media/HD2/Vineeth/PostDoc_Simulations/Github/PyOR_G/Source'

In [2]: from IPython.display import display, HTML
    display(HTML("<style>.container { width:100% !important; }</style>"))
    import sys
    sys.path.append(pathSource)
    import PythonOnResonance as PyOR
    import time
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from matplotlib import rc
    %matplotlib inotebook
    import sympy as sp
    from sympy import *
```

Generating Spin System

```
In [3]:
    Define Spin quantum numbers of your spins in "Slist1".
    Slist1[0] is spin of first particle and Slist1[1] is spin of second particle.
    """;
    Slist1 = [1/2,1/2]

In [4]:
    Define Planck constant equals 1.
    Because NMR spectroscopists are more interested to write Energy in frequency units.
    if False then hbarEQ1 = hbar
    """;
    hbarEQ1 = True
```

```
In [5]:
    Generate Spin Operators
    """;

    System = PyOR.Numerical_MR(Slist1, hbarEQ1)

    """
    Sx, Sy and Sz Operators
    """;
    Sx, Sy, Sz = System.SpinOperator()

    """
    S+ and S- Operators
    """;
    Sp, Sm = System.PMoperators(Sx, Sy)
```

Zeeman Hamiltonian in Lab Frame

```
In [6]:
         0.00
         Gyromagnetic Ratio
         Gamma = [Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, Gyromagnetic Ratio spin 1, ...]
         0.00
         Gamma = [System.gammaH1, System.gammaH1]
         0.000
         Define the field of the spectromter, B0 in Tesla.
         B0 = 9.4
         Define the chemical Shift of individual spins
         Offset = [chemical Shift spin 1, chemical Shift spin 1, ...]
         Offset = [100,500] # Offset frequency in Hz
         0.00
         Function "LarmorF" give the list Larmor frequencies of individual spins in lab frame
         LarmorF = System.LarmorFrequency(Gamma, B0, Offset)
         Hz = System.Zeeman(LarmorF,Sz)
```

Larmor Frequency in MHz: [-400.22811765 -400.22851765]

Initialize Density Matrix

```
In [7]:
    We will generate Initial Density Matrix in two ways:
    First we will generate a density matrix as we prefer say, Sz.
    Second we will create density matrix at thermal equlibrium

First Case
    """;

Thermal_DensMatrix = False

if Thermal_DensMatrix:
    Hz_EnUnit = System.Convert_FreqUnitsTOEnergy(Hz)
    HT_approx = False # High Temperature Approximation is False
    T = 300 # Temperature in Kelvin
    rho_in = System.EqulibriumDensityMatrix(Hz_EnUnit,T,HT_approx)
```

```
rhoeq = rho_in.copy()
else:
    rho_in = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Initial Density Matrix
    rhoeq = np.sum(Sz,axis=0) # Equlibrium Density Matrix
    print("Trace of density metrix = ", np.trace(rho_in))
```

```
Trace of density metrix = 0j
```

```
In [8]:
         Basis = 'PMZ spin half'
         B_car = System.TwoSpinOP(Sx,Sy,Sz,Sp,Sm,Basis)
```

```
\text{Basis: } \frac{1}{2}E, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I_{+}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I_{-}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I_{z}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}S_{+}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}S_{-}, S_{z}, \sqrt{2}I_{x}S_{z}, \sqrt{2}I_{y}S_{z}, \sqrt{2}I_{z}S_{x}, \sqrt{2}I_{z}S_{y}, 2I_{z}S_{z}, I_{+}S_{+}, I_{+}S_{-}, I_{-}S_{+}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I_{z}S_{y}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}I_{z
   I_{-}S_{-}
```

Zeeman Halitonian in Rotating Frame

```
In [9]:
         OmegaRF = [-System.gammaH1*B0, -System.gammaH1*B0]
         Hzr = System.Zeeman_RotFrame(LarmorF, Sz, OmegaRF)
```

J Coupling Hamiltonian

```
In [10]:
          Define J couplings between individual spins
          Jlist = np.zeros((len(Slist1),len(Slist1)))
          Jlist[0][1] = 10.5
          Hj = System.Jcoupling_Weak(Jlist,Sz)
```

Converting to Liouvillian

```
In [11]:
          Hz_L = System.CommutationSuperoperator(Hz)
          Hzr_L = System.CommutationSuperoperator(Hzr)
          Hj_L = System.CommutationSuperoperator(Hj)
          rho_in_L = System.Vector_L(rho_in)
          rhoeq_L = System.Vector_L(rhoeq)
```

Pulse

```
In [12]:
          Selective Pulse on Spin 1
          pulse_angle = 180.0
          rho_L = System.Rotate_L(rho_in_L, pulse_angle, Sx[0])
```

Relaxation Constant

```
In [13]:
          Options: "No Relaxation", "Phenomenological", "Dipolar"
          R = None
          Rprocess = "Dipolar"
          tau = 10.0e-12
```

```
R_L = System.Relaxation_L(Rprocess, R, Sx, Sy, Sz, Sp, Sm)
In [14]:
R_redkite, Basis_L = System.Transform_Redkite(R_L, Sp, Sm, Sz)
```

```
S_{-}I_{-},S_{-}I_{z},S_{z}I_{-},S_{-},I_{-},S_{-}I_{+},S_{+}I_{-},S_{z}I_{z},I_{z},S_{z},E,S_{+}I_{z},S_{z}I_{+},S_{+},I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+}I_{+},S_{+
```

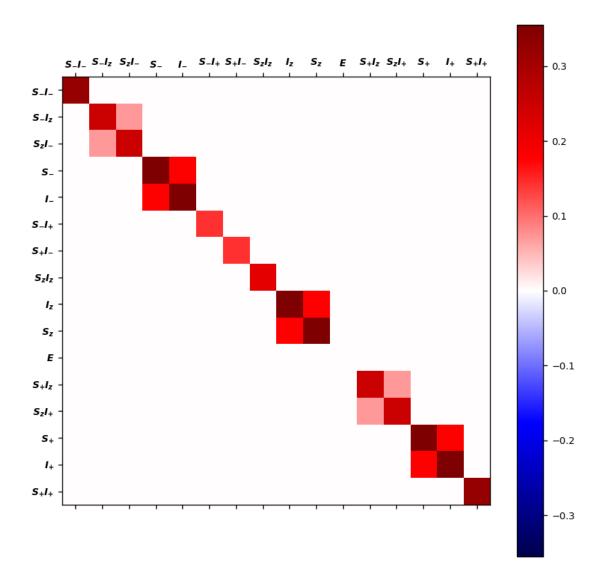
System.Relaxation_Parameters(LarmorF, OmegaRF, tau, bIS)

Eigen Values of Commutation Hamiltonian superoperator

Plotting the Redkite

bIS = 30.0e3

```
In [16]: System.PlotLabel_Hilbert = False
    System.Redkite_Label_SpinDynamica = True
    System.MatrixPlot(1, R_redkite.real)
```



Evolution of Density Matrix

```
In [17]:
    dt = 0.0005
    AQ = 30.0
    Npoints = int(AQ/dt)
    print("Number of points in the simulation", Npoints)
    """
    option for solver, "method": "Unitary Propagator", "Relaxation" or "ODE Solver"
    """
    method = "Relaxation"

    start_time = time.time()
    t, rho_t = System.Evolution_L(rhoeq_L,rho_L,Sx,Sy,Hzr_L + Hj_L - 1j * R_L,dt,Npoints,methor
    end_time = time.time()
    timetaken = end_time - start_time
    print("Total time = %s seconds " % (timetaken))
```

Number of points in the simulation 60000

Total time = 0.18714475631713867 seconds

Expectation value

```
In [18]: EXP_Z1 = Sz[0]
EXP_Z2 = Sz[1]

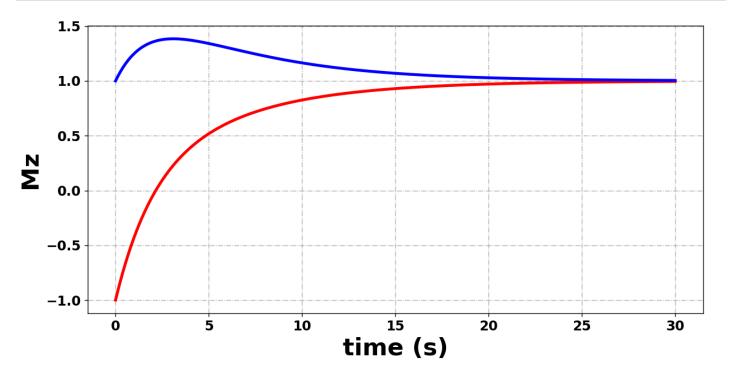
LEXP_Z1 = System.Detection_L(EXP_Z1)
LEXP_Z2 = System.Detection_L(EXP_Z2)

t, Mz1 = System.Expectation_L(rho_t, LEXP_Z1, dt, Npoints)
t, Mz2 = System.Expectation_L(rho_t, LEXP_Z2, dt, Npoints)
```

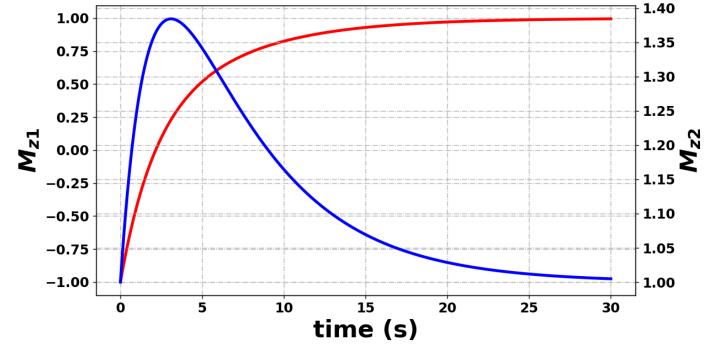
```
In [19]: """

Mz1: Red
    Mz2: Blue
    """

System.PlottingMulti(4,[t,t],[Mz1,Mz2],"time (s)","Mz",["red","blue"])
```



/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
ting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
 return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
ting complex values to real discards the imaginary part
 return array(a, dtype, copy=False, order=order)
No handles with labels found to put in legend.



/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/numpy/core/_asarray.py:102: ComplexWarning: Cas
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Any suggestion? write to me

If you see something is wrong please write to me, so that the PyOR can be error free.

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In []:			