

Introduction to \LaTeX and Overleaf

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What and Why

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- Easy management of footnotes, references and citations
- Can automatically accomplish tedious tasks (Table of contents and figure lists)

Overleaf has [thousands of templates](#)

- Preamble: Document's setup section

Document Structure

- Preamble: Document's setup section
 - Define class type

```
\documentclass[14pt,  
letterpaper]{article}
```

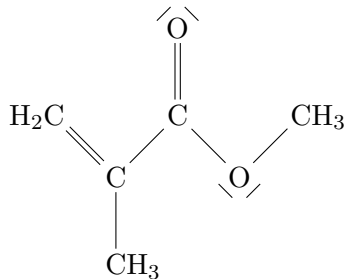
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 - Add additional parameters

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- Title, author and date

- `\title{My first LaTeX document}`
- `\author{<Name>}`
- `\date{Feb 2024}`

Document Structure

- Preamble: Document's setup section
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 - Add additional parameters
- Packages: Extends the capabilities of LaTeX with external files
- Title, author and date
- Press Enter twice to start a new paragraph or type either `\\` or `\newline`

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- Create (numbered) lists with `\begin{itemize}` or `\begin{enumerate}`
- Description environment:
`\begin{description}`
- Change labels of individual entries:
`\item[!] An item`
- Use package `\usepackage{layouts}`, and `\listdiagram` to show L^AT_EX list layout

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If v_1, \dots, v_p are in \mathbb{R}^n then the set of all linear combinations of v_1, \dots, v_p is denoted by $\text{Span}\{v_1, \dots, v_p\}$ and is called the **subset of \mathbb{R}^n spanned by v_1, \dots, v_p** . That is, $\text{Span}\{v_1, \dots, v_p\}$ is the collection of all vectors that can be written in the form

$$c_1 v_1 + c_2 v_2 + \dots + c_p v_p$$

with c_1, \dots, c_p scalars.

Chapters and Sections

Larger documents can be split into different parts:

- `\chapter`
- `\section`
- `\subsection`
- `\subsubsection`
- `\paragraph`
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All parts in a document can be rendered at the beginning of the document with `\tableofcontents`

- 1 Use the **Insert Figure button()**, located on the editor toolbar, to insert a figure into **Visual Editor** or **Code Editor**.
- 2 **Copy and paste an image** into **Visual Editor** or **Code Editor**.
- 3 Use **Code Editor** to write LaTeX code that inserts a graphic and places it inside a figure environment.

Images

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```
\begin{figure}  
\centering  
\includegraphics[width=0.5\linewidth]  
{Vrije_logo}  
\label{fig:enter-label}  
\end{figure}
```

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Reference to figures and Tables with
`\ref{fig:enter-label}` or
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Add images to an **Attachments** folder, and set `\graphicspath{{./Attachments/}}`



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- You can wrap text around images using the `wrapfigure` environment

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proident elit commodo dolor
sint qui non ullamco nisi nisi
consectetur amet eu sint sunt
tempor laborum eu Lorem deserunt
consectetur ullamco reprehenderit ut labore
voluptate occaecat deserunt proident enim

Tables

Easily create tables with [Tables Generator](#).
Visit [Overleaf's website](#) for more detail on complex tables.

```
\begin{table}[]  
  \centering  
  \begin{tabular}{c|c}  
    a & b \\  
    c & d  
  \end{tabular}  
  \label{tab:my_label}  
\end{table}
```

a	b
c	d

header1	header2	header3
cell1	cell2	cell3
cell4	cell5	cell6
cell7	cell8	cell9

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Paragraphs

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- Toggle the alignment in a specific environment with `\centering`, `\raggedright` and `\raggedleft` respectively.
- Every paragraph (other than the first) is automatically indented. Use `\noindent` to unindent a paragraph.