

MASINDE MULIRO UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (MMUST)

MAIN CAMPUS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS
2022/2023 ACADEMIC YEAR

# SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS

FOR THE DEGREE

IN

COMPUTER SCIENCE

COURSE CODE: BCS 124/BIT 126

COURSE TITLE: ELECTRONICS

DATE: 13/04/2023

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Answer Questions ONE and ANY OTHER TWO.

### **OUESTION ONE (30 MARKS) COMPULSORY**

- a. In a common base connection, current amplification factor is 0.9. If the emitter current is 4 Marks 1mA, determine the value of base current.
- b. Prove that for OPAMP connected in a non-inverting mode, the voltage gain (Vo/Vin), is 5 Marks given by (1+R<sub>f</sub>/R<sub>in</sub>). Show your working
- c. Use appropriate diagrams to explain the working of a Full Wave Bridge rectifier using a center tap 7 Marks transformer, including a smoothing circuit.
- d. Draw the forward and reverse characteristics of a p-n junction diode and explain them 5 Marks qualitatively.

5 Marks

9 Marks

- e. Briefly explain the operations of a Varactor diode
- 4 Marks f. Compare and contrast small signal amplifiers and power amplifiers

#### **QUESTION TWO (20 MARKS)**

- a. By use of schematic diagrams, explain the construction of an NPN Bipolar Junction 10 Marks Transistor.
  - Compare and contrast the different regions of the BJT i.
  - Why is the device referred to as bipolar junction transistor?
- 4 Marks b. State the ideal characteristics of an OPAMP
- c. What is a 'multistage amplifier'? Give the requirements to be fulfilled for an ideal coupling network. 6 Marks

## **QUESTION THREE (20 MARKS)**

a. Differentiate 'intrinsic' and 'extrinsic' semiconductors. Comment on their conductivity.

5 Marks b. A BJT has a base current of 250 μA and emitter current of 15mA. Determine the collector current gain and B 4 Marks

c. Explain the classification of power amplifiers according to operational modes. 5 Marks

d. Using diagrams, illustrate an OPAMP as an integrator; show its typical input and output waveforms. 6 Marks

### **QUESTION FOUR (20 MARKS)**

- a. By use of diagrams, illustrate and explain the THREE different types of coupling applied in multistage amplifiers. 6 Marks
- b. Briefly explain what transistor biasing is. 2 Marks
- c. State the basic conditions which are necessary to be fulfilled for achieving faithful amplification of input signal in transistor amplifiers. 4 Marks
- d. Explain how an Opamp can be used as a, use clear illustration diagrams. 8 Marks (i) Differentiator (ii) Integrator

# QUESTION FIVE (20 MARKS)

- a. This transistor configuration is preferred for impedance matching.
  - i) Identify which configuration,

  - ii) Explain the term impedance matching

- iii) Identify and explain how the characteristic(s) makes it suitable for this task.
- b. Draw a three input summing amplifier circuit diagram using an operational amplifier as a summer for three input voltages v1, v2 and v3. Calculate the output voltage in terms of resistance and voltage. Show your working.
   8 Marks

c. Explain the difference between a clipping and a clamping circuit.

3 Marks