# Angular 2+

# Workshop. HttpClient.

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### Task 01. Import Modules

1. Make changes to **AppModule**. Use the following snippet of code:

### Task 02. Simulating Web API

1. Run the following command from command line:

```
>npm install -g json-server
>npm install concurrently -D
```

2. Create file **db\db.json** (in project root folder). Use the following snippet of code:

3. Make changes to package.json file.

```
Windows:
"start": "concurrently --kill-others \"ng serve -o\" \"json-server --watch
db\\db.json\"",
Mac
"start": "concurrently --kill-others \"ng serve -o\" \"json-server --watch
db\\db.json\""
"start": "ng serve",
```

4. Run project:

>npm start

#### Task 03. Task Promise Service

1. Create **TaskPromiseService**. Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { Injectable } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient } from '@angular/common/http';
import { firstValueFrom } from 'rxjs';
import type { TaskModel } from './../models/task.model';
@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'any'
export class TaskPromiseService {
  private tasksUrl = 'http://localhost:3000/tasks';
  constructor(private http: HttpClient) {}
  getTasks(): Promise<TaskModel[]> {
    const request$ = this.http.get(this.tasksUrl);
    return firstValueFrom(request$)
      .then(response => response as TaskModel[])
      .catch(this.handleError);
  private handleError(error: any): Promise<any> {
    console.error('An error occurred', error);
    return Promise.reject(error.message || error);
}
   2. Create file tasks/services/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
export * from './task-array.service';
export * from './task-promise.service';
   3. Make changes to the file tasks/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
export * from './services';
   4. Make changes to TaskListComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
import { TaskArrayService, TaskPromiseService } from './../../services/task-
promise.service';
// 2
constructor(
    private taskPromiseService: TaskPromiseService) { }
ngOnInit(): void {
    this.tasks = this.taskArrayService.getTasks();
    this.tasks = this.taskPromiseService.getTasks();
```

#### Task 04. GetTask

.subscribe(observer);

1. Make changes to **TaskPromiseService.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
{\tt getTask(id:\ NonNullable<TaskModel['id']>\ |\ string):\ Promise<TaskModel>\ \{}
    const url = `${this.tasksUrl}/${id}`;
    const request$ = this.http.get(url);
    return firstValueFrom(request$)
      .then(response => response as TaskModel)
      .catch(this.handleError);
}
   2. Make changes to TaskFormComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
// 1
import { TaskArrayService, TaskPromiseService } from './../../services/task-
array.service';
constructor(
    private taskPromiseService: TaskPromiseService
  ) { }
// 3
this.route.paramMap
      .pipe(
         switchMap((params: ParamMap) =>
            // notes about "!"
            // params.get() returns string | null, but getTask takes string | number
// in this case taskID is a path param and can not be null
              this.taskArrayServicetaskPromiseService.getTask(params.get('taskID')!)
        // transform undefined => {}
        map(el => el ? el : {} as TaskModel)
```

#### Task 05. UpdateTask

}

...task,

private async updateTask(task: TaskModel) {

const updatedTask = await this.taskPromiseService.updateTask({

```
1. Make changes to TaskPromiseService. Use the following snippet of code:
// 1
import { HttpClient, HttpHeaders } from '@angular/http';
updateTask(task: TaskModel): Promise<TaskModel> {
    const url = `${this.tasksUrl}/${task.id}`;
    const options = {
       headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
      };
    const request$ = this.http.put(url, task, options);
    return firstValueFrom(request$)
      .then(response => response as TaskModel)
      .catch(this.handleError);
   2. Make changes to method onSaveTask of TaskFormComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
if (task.id) {
      this.taskArrayService.updateTask(task);
      this.taskPromiseService.updateTask(task)
       .then( () => this.onGoBack() );
else {
      this.taskArrayService.createTask(task);
      this.onGoBack();
this.onGoBack();
   3. Make changes to TaskListComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
import { TaskArrayService, TaskPromiseService } from './../.services';
// 2
  constructor(
    private router: Router,
    private taskArrayService: TaskArrayService,
    private taskPromiseService: TaskPromiseService
  ) { }
// 3
onCompleteTask(task: Task): void {
    const updatedTask = { ...task, done: true };
    this.taskArrayService.updateTask(updatedTask);
    this.updateTask(task).catch(err => console.log(err));
```

```
done: true
});

const tasks: TaskModel[] = await this.tasks;
const index = tasks.findIndex(t => t.id === updatedTask.id);
tasks[index] = { ...updatedTask };
```

#### Task 06. CreateTask

1. Make changes to **TaskListComponent template**. Use the following snippet of HTML:

2. Make changes to TaskListComponent. Use the following snippet of code:

```
// 1
onCreateTask(): void {
   const link = ['/add'];
   this.router.navigate(link);
}
```

3. Make changes to **TasksRoutingModule**. Use the following snippet of code:

4. Make changes to **TaskPromiseService**. Use the following snippet of code:

```
createTask(task: TaskModel): Promise<TaskModel> {
   const url = this.tasksUrl;
   const options = {
     headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
   };
   const request$ = this.http.post(url, task, options);
   return firstValueFrom(request$)
     .then(response => response as TaskModel)
     .catch(this.handleError);
}
```

5. Make changes to method **ngOnInit** of **TaskFormComponent.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
// params.get() returns string | null, but getTask takes string | number
              // in this case taskID is a path param and can not be null
              this.taskPromiseService.getTask(params.get('taskID')!);
switchMap((params: ParamMap) => {
    // notes about "!"
             // params.get() returns string | null, but getTask takes string | number
             // in this case taskID is NOT a path param and can not be null
if (params.has('taskID')) {
                return this.taskPromiseService.getTask(params.get('taskID')!);
              } else {
                 return Promise.resolve(undefined);
        }),
   6. Make changes to method onSaveTask of TaskFormComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
if (task.id) {
      this.taskPromiseService.updateTask(task)
            .then( () => this.onGoBack() );
    else {
      this.taskArrayService.createTask(task);
      this.onGoBack();
const method = task.id ? 'updateTask' : 'createTask';
    this.taskPromiseService[method](task)
      .then(() => this.onGoBack())
      .catch(err => console.log(err));
   7. Make changes to TaskFormComponents. Use the following snippet of code:
// 1'
import { TaskArrayService, TaskPromiseService } from './../../services';
constructor(
    private taskArrayService: TaskArrayService,
  ) { }
```

#### Task 07. DeleteTask

1. Make changes to **TaskComponent template**. Use the following snippet of HTML:

```
<div class="panel panel-default">
      <div class="panel-heading">Task</div>
<div class="panel-body">
             <u1>
                    Action: {{task.action}}
                   Priority: {{task.priority}}
                    Done: {{task.done}}
             <button class="btn btn-primary btn-sm"</pre>
                    (click)="onCompleteTask()"
                    [disabled]="task.done">
             </button>
             <button class="btn btn-warning btn-sm"</pre>
                   (click)="onEditTask()">
             </button>
             <button class="btn btn-danger btn-sm"</pre>
                    (click)="onDeleteTask()">
                   Delete
             </button>
      </div>
</div>
   2. Make changes to TaskComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
@Output() deleteTask = new EventEmitter<TaskModel>();
onDeleteTask(): void {
    this.deleteTask.emit(this.task);
   3. Make changes to TaskListComponent template. Use the following snippet of code:
<app-task
    *ngFor="let task of tasks | async"
    [task]="task"
    (completeTask)="onCompleteTask($event)"
    (editTask)="onEditTask($event)"
    (deleteTask)="onDeleteTask($event)">
</app-task>
   4. Make changes to TaskPromiseService. Use the following snippet of code:
deleteTask(task: TaskModel): Promise<unknown> {
    const url = `${this.tasksUrl}/${task.id}`;
    const request$ = this.http.delete(url);
```

return firstValueFrom(request\$)

```
// json-server return empty object
    // so we don't use .then(...)
    .catch(this.handleError);
}

5. Make changes to TaskListComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
onDeleteTask(task: TaskModel): void {
    this.taskPromiseService
    .deleteTask(task)
    .then(() => (this.tasks = this.taskPromiseService.getTasks()))
    .catch(err => console.log(err));
}
```

#### Task 08. User Observable Service

1. Create file users/users.config.ts. Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { InjectionToken } from '@angular/core';
export const UsersAPI = new InjectionToken<string>('UsersAPI', {
  providedIn: 'any',
  factory: () => 'http://localhost:3000/users'
   2. Create UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code:
import { Injectable, Inject } from '@angular/core';
import { HttpClient, HttpHeaders, type HttpResponse, type HttpErrorResponse } from
'@angular/common/http';
import { type Observable, throwError, catchError, retry, share } from 'rxjs';
import { UsersAPI } from './../users.config';
import { type UserModel } from './../models/user.model';
@Injectable({
  providedIn: 'any'
export class UserObservableService {
  constructor(
    private http: HttpClient,
    @Inject(UsersAPI) private usersUrl: string
  ) {}
  getUsers(): Observable<UserModel[]> {
    return this.http.get<UserModel[]>(this.usersUrl).pipe(
      retry(3),
      share(),
      catchError(this.handleError)
   );
  }
  getUser(id: NonNullable<UserModel['id']> | string) {}
  updateUser(user: UserModel) {}
  createUser(user: UserModel) {}
  deleteUser(user: UserModel) {}
 private handleError(error: HttpErrorResponse) {
  if (error.status === 0) {
    // A client-side or network error occurred. Handle it accordingly.
    console.error('An error occurred:', error.error);
  } else {
    // The backend returned an unsuccessful response code.
    // The response body may contain clues as to what went wrong.
    console.error(
      `Backend returned code ${error.status}, body was: `, error.error);
  // Return an observable with a user-facing error message.
  return throwError(() => new Error('Something bad happened; please try again later.'));
```

```
3. Make changes to the file users/services/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
export * from './user-observable.service';
   4. Make changes to UserListComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
// 1
import { UserArrayService, UserObservableService } from './../../services/user-
array.service';
import { EMPTY, Observable, catchError, switchMap } from 'rxjs';
// 2
constructor(
    private userObservableService: UserObservableService
) { }
ngOnInit(): void {
  this.users$ = this.userObservableService.getUsers();
  this.users$ = this.userArrayService.users$
      .pipe(
        catchError(err => {
          console.log(err);
     })
          return EMPTY;
...
}
```

```
Task 09. GetUser
```

```
1. Make changes to UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code:
```

```
getUser(id: NonNullable<UserModel['id']> | string): Observable<UserModel> {
    const url = `${this.usersUrl}/${id}`;
    return this.http.get<UserModel>(url)
        .pipe(
             retry(3),
             share(),
             catchError(this.handleError)
        );
}
```

2. Make changes to UserResolveGuard. Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { UserArrayService, UserObservableService } from './../services/user-
array.service';
// 2
constructor(
    private userArrayService: UserArrayService,
    private userObservableService: UserObservableService,
) {}
// 3
resolve(route: ActivatedRouteSnapshot): Observable<User> {
      return this.userArrayService.getUser(id)
      return this.userObservableService.getUser(id)
}
```

3. Make changes to method **ngOnInit** of **UserListComponent.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { EMPTY, Observable, switchMap } from 'rxjs';
import { UserArrayService, UserObservableService } from './../../services';
// 2
constructor(
private userArrayService: UserArrayService,
) { ... }
// 2 ngOnInit
switchMap((params: ParamMap) =>
this.userArrayService.getUser(params.get('editedUserID')!))
switchMap((params: ParamMap) => {
    return params.has('editedUserID')
      ? this.userObservableService.getUser(params.get('editedUserID')!)
      : EMPTY;
  })
```

#### Task 10. UpdateUser and CreateUser

 Make changes to the method updateUser of UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code:

```
updateUser(user: UserModel): Observable<UserModel> {
   const url = `${this.usersUrl}/${user.id}`;
   const options = {
     headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
   };
   return this.http
     .put<UserModel>(url, user, options)
     .pipe( catchError(this.handleError) );
}
```

Make changes to the method createUser of UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code:

```
createUser(user: UserModel): Observable<UserModel> {
   const url = this.usersUrl;
   const options = {
     headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
   };

   return this.http
     .post<UserModel>(url, user, options)
     .pipe(
        catchError( this.handleError )
     );
}
```

3. Make changes to **UserFormComponent.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
// 1
import { Component, type OnInit, type OnDestroy } from '@angular/core';
import { type Observable, type Subscription, map } from 'rxjs;
import { UserArrayService } from './../../services/user-array.service';
import { UserObservableService } from './../../services';
import { Location } from '@angular/common';

// 2
export class UserFormComponent implements OnInit, OnDestroy, CanComponentDeactivate {

// 3
private sub!: Subscription;

// 4
constructor(
    private userArrayService: UserArrayService,
    private userObservableService: UserObservableService,
    private location: Location,
    ...
    ) { }

// 5
ngOnDestroy(): void {
```

```
this.sub?.unsubscribe();
}
// 6 onSaveUser method
 if (user.id) {
       this.userArrayService.updateUser(user);
       // optional parameter: http://localhost:4200/users;editedUserID=2
       this.router.navigate(['users', {editedUserID: user.id}]);
     else {
       this.userArrayService.createUser(user);
       this.onGoBack();
this.originalUser = {...this.user};
const method = user.id ? 'updateUser' : 'createUser';
const observer = {
      next: (savedUser: UserModel) => {
        this.originalUser = { ...savedUser };
        user.id
          ? // optional parameter: http://localhost:4200/users;editedUserID=2
            this.router.navigate(['users', { editedUserID: user.id }])
          : this.onGoBack();
      },
      error: (err: any) => console.log(err)
this.sub = this.userObservableService[method](user).subscribe(observer);
// 7
onGoBack(): void {
    this.onGoBackClick = true;
    this.router.navigate(['./../../'], { relativeTo: this.route });
    this.location.back();
}
   4. Make changes to UsersComponent template. Use the following snippet of HTML:
<h2>Users</h2>
<button class="btn btn-primary"</pre>
       (click)="onCreateUser()">New User</button>
<br><br><br>>
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
   5. Make changes to UsersComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
import { Component, type OnInit } from '@angular/core';
import { Router } from '@angular/router';
// 2
constructor(
    private router: Router
) { }
// 3
```

```
onCreateUser(): void {
  const link = ['/users/add'];
  this.router.navigate(link);
}
```

#### Task 11. DeleteUser

1. Make changes to **UserComponent template.** Use the following snippet of HTML:

```
<button class="btn btn-warning btn-sm"
    (click)="onEditUser()">
    Edit
</button>
<button class="btn btn-danger btn-sm"
    (click)="onDeleteUser()">
    Delete
</button>
```

2. Make changes to **UserComponent.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
// 1
@Output() deleteUser = new EventEmitter<UserModel>();
// 2
onDeleteUser(): void {
    this.deleteUser.emit(this.user);
}
```

3. Make changes to **UserListComponent template.** Use the following snippet of HTML:

```
<user
 *ngFor='let user of users'
 [user]="user"
 [class.edited]="isEdited(user)"
  (editUser)="onEditUser($event)"
  (deleteUser)="onDeleteUser($event)">
</user>
```

4. Make changes to **UserObservableService.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
// 1
import { Observable, throwError, catchError, retry, share, concatMap } from 'rxjs';
// 2
deleteUser(user: UserModel): Observable<UserModel[]> {
    const url = `${this.usersUrl}/${user.id}`;

    return this.http.delete(url).pipe(
        concatMap(() => this.getUsers()),
        catchError(this.handleError)
    );
}
```

 $5. \quad \text{Make changes to } \textbf{UserListComponent.} \text{ Use the following snippet of code:} \\$ 

```
onDeleteUser(user: UserModel): void {
    this.users$ = this.userObservableService.deleteUser(user);
}
```

#### Task 12. AutoUnsubscribe Decorator

1. Create file app/core/decorators/auto-unsubscribe.decorator.ts. Use the following snippet of code:

```
export function AutoUnsubscribe(subName: string = 'sub') {
  return (target: Function | object, propName?: string) => {
    let constructor;
    if (typeof target === 'function') {
      constructor = target;
      console.log(`AutoUnsubscribe class decorator is called. Subscription name is:
${propName ?? subName}.`);
    } else {
      constructor = target.constructor;
      console.log(`AutoUnsubscribe property decorator is called. Subscription name is:
${propName ?? subName}.`);
    const original = constructor.prototype.ngOnDestroy;
    constructor.prototype.ngOnDestroy = function(): void {
      const sub = this[propName ?? subName];
      sub?.unsubscribe();
      if (original && (typeof original === 'function')) {
        original.apply(this);
    };
   2. Create file app/core/decorators/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
export * from './auto-unsubscribe.decorator';
   3. Make changes to file app/core/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
export * from './decorators';
   4. Make changes to UserFormComponent. Use the following snippet of code:
import { Component, type OnInit, type OnDestroy } from '@angular/core';
import { AutoUnsubscribe, DialogService, type CanComponentDeactivate } from
'./../../core';
// 2
@Component({
  templateUrl: './user-form.component.html',
  styleUrls: ['./user-form.component.css'],
@AutoUnsubscribe()
export class UserFormComponent implements OnInit, OnDestroy, CanComponentDeactivate {
// 3
ngOnDestroy(): void {
    this.sub?.unsubscribe();
```

Commented [VZ1]: Не работает в 9 версии в режиме AoT + Ivy – запрещено модифицировать хуки жизненного цикла компонента, хотя создавать другие методы можно.

#### Task 13. Interceptors

1. Create file app/core/interceptors/ts.interceptor.ts. Use the following snippet of code:

```
import {Injectable} from '@angular/core';
import { HttpHeaders, HttpEventType } from '@angular/common/http';
import type {
  HttpEvent,
  HttpInterceptor,
  HttpHandler,
  HttpRequest,
  HttpResponse
} from '@angular/common/http';
import { type Observable } from 'rxjs';
@Injectable()
export class TsInterceptor implements HttpInterceptor {
  intercept(req: HttpRequest<any>, next: HttpHandler): Observable<HttpEvent<any>> {
    // request interceptor
    let clonedRequest;
    if (req.method === 'POST' || (req.method === 'PUT')) {
  console.log('req.method:', req.method);
      clonedRequest = req.clone({
        headers: new HttpHeaders({
           'Content-Type': 'application/json',
'Authorization': 'user-token'
        })
      });
      console.log(clonedRequest);
    } else {
      clonedRequest = req;
    return next.handle(clonedRequest);
   2. Create file app/core/interceptors/index.ts. Use the following snippet of code:
import { HTTP_INTERCEPTORS } from '@angular/common/http';
import { TsInterceptor } from './ts.interceptor';
export const httpInterceptorProviders = [
```

```
provide: HTTP_INTERCEPTORS,
   useClass: TsInterceptor,
    multi: true
];
```

3. Make changes to **AppModule.** Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { httpInterceptorProviders } from './core/interceptors';
providers: [ httpInterceptorProviders ]
```

- Look at the requests in the browser console. Ensure that only the user requests are processed by TsInterceptor.
- 5. Make changes to TaskPromiseService. Use the following snippet of code:

```
import { HttpClient, HttpHeaders } from '@angular/common/http';
updateTask(task: TaskModel): Promise<TaskModel> {
    const url = `${this.tasksUrl}/${task.id}`;
    const options = {
        headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
    const request$ = this.http.put(url, task, options);
    return firstValueFrom(request$)
      .then(response => response as TaskModel)
      .catch(this.handleError);
  createTask(task: TaskModel): Promise<TaskModel> {
    const url = this.tasksUrl;
    const options = {
      headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
    const request$ = this.http.post(url, task, options);
    return firstValueFrom(request$)
      .then(response => response as TaskModel)
      .catch(this.handleError);
  }
   6. Make changes to UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code:
updateUser(user: UserModel): Observable<UserModel> {
    const url = `${this.usersUrl}/${user.id}`;
    const body = JSON.stringify(user);
    const options = {
      headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
    return this.http
      .put<UserModel>(url, body, options)
      .pipe(catchError(this.handleError));
  }
  createUser(user: UserModel): Observable<UserModel> {
    const url = this.usersUrl;
    const body = JSON.stringify(user);
    const options = {
      headers: new HttpHeaders({ 'Content-Type': 'application/json' })
    };
    return this.http
      .post<UserModel>(url, body, options)
      .pipe(catchError(this.handleError));
  }
```

7. Make changes to  ${f TSInterceptor.}$  Use the following snippet of code:

```
// 1
import { type Observable, filter, map } from 'rxjs';
// 2
return next.handle(clonedRequest);
    // response interceptor
    return next.handle(clonedRequest).pipe(
      filter((event: HttpEvent<any>) => event.type === HttpEventType.Response),
      map((event: HttpEvent<any>) => {
        // do stuff with response
        if ((event as HttpResponse<any>).url!.includes('users')) {
          console.log('Response Interceptor:');
          console.log(event);
          console.log((event as HttpResponse<any>).body);
        return event;
      })
    );
   8. Look in the console on the result of applying TsInterceptor.
   9. Make changes to UserObservableService. Use the following snippet of code
import { HttpClient, HttpContextToken, HttpContext } from '@angular/common/http';
export const interceptorTOKEN = new HttpContextToken(() => 'Some Default Value');
getUsers(): Observable<UserModel[]> {
    const httpOptions = {
      context: new HttpContext().set(interceptorTOKEN, 'Some Value')
    return this.http.get<UserModel[]>(this.usersUrl, httpOptions).pipe(
      retry(3),
      share(),
      catchError(this.handleError)
}
   10. Make changes to TSInterceptor. Use the following snippet of code
import { interceptorTOKEN } from './../../users';
// 2
// request interceptor
    const contextValue = req.context.get(interceptorTOKEN);
    console.log('contextValue:', contextValue);
```