

“Life in a Boarding School”

Living in a boarding school can be a challenging but rewarding experience. Students live on campus and follow strict routines. Each student **must** wake up at 6:30 a.m. and attend breakfast by 7:00 a.m. They **have to** wear the school uniform every day and **mustn't** be late to class. If a student is late three times in a week, they receive a warning.

Phones are allowed but students **can't** use them during class or study hours. These times are respected strictly to ensure focus and discipline. Students **should** use their phones only during free time or weekends. Also, everyone **has to** keep their rooms clean and organized; surprise inspections are common.

The school encourages respect and teamwork. Students **shouldn't** speak loudly in the dormitories, especially at night, as others might be studying or sleeping. If someone has a problem, they **should** talk to a teacher or a school counselor instead of creating conflicts. Fighting or bullying is strictly forbidden — students **mustn't** harm others physically or emotionally.

On weekends, students are allowed to leave campus with permission. They **don't have to** stay if their parents sign a leave form. However, they **must** return by Sunday evening.

Living at a boarding school requires responsibility. Following the rules helps create a safe and productive environment for everyone.

1. Students must wake up before 7:00 a.m. ()
2. Phones are completely forbidden in the school. ()
3. Fighting or bullying is not allowed. ()
4. Students can leave the school on weekends if authorized. ()
5. Students must stay in school all year without leaving. ()

6. What modal expresses obligation?

- a) should
- b) might
- c) must
- d) can

7. You _____ use your phone during class.

- a) can
- b) must
- c) mustn't
- d) have to

8. "You should apologize" means:

- a) It's a rule
- b) It's advice
- c) It's a law
- d) It's optional

9. "You don't have to attend the event" means:

- a) You're not allowed
- b) You must attend
- c) It's not necessary
- d) It's forbidden

10. Which sentence shows prohibition?

- a) You can enter
- b) You must leave
- c) You can't talk
- d) You should go

11. Write a sentence using “mustn’t” related to school rules.

12. What’s the difference between “must” and “should”?

13. Write a rule using “have to”.

14. Why would you use “should” instead of “must”?

15. Write a sentence using “can’t” to describe a community rule.

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|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| A) You must bring your ID. | 1. Prohibition |
| B) You can't run in the hallways. | 2. Recommendation |
| C) You don't have to bring food. | 3. Strong obligation |
| D) You should talk to your teacher. | 4. Not necessary |
| E) You have to study for the exam. | 5. Important rule |

21. You _____ be late to the airport. (obligation)
22. Students _____ cheat on exams. (prohibition)
23. If you're tired, you _____ take a break. (suggestion)
24. We _____ bring our textbooks tomorrow. (necessity)
25. You _____ pay to enter the museum — it's free today! (lack of obligation)

1. V

2. F

3. V

4. V

5. F

6. c) must

7. c) mustn't

8. b) It's advice

9. c) It's not necessary

10. c) You can't talk

11. You mustn't talk during tests.

12. "Must" is for strong obligation; "should" is for suggestions.

13. Students have to arrive on time.

14. Because "should" is softer and used for advice.

15. You can't litter in the park.

16. A → 5

17. B → 1

18. C → 4

19. D → 2

20. E → 3

21. mustn't

22. mustn't

23. should

24. have to

25. don't have to