

NAME

readlink – read value of a symbolic link

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
ssize_t readlink(const char *path, char *buf, size_t bufsiz);
```

DESCRIPTION

readlink() places the contents of the symbolic link *path* in the buffer *buf*, which has size *bufsiz*. **readlink()** does not append a null byte to *buf*. It will truncate the contents (to a length of *bufsiz* characters), in case the buffer is too small to hold all of the contents.

RETURN VALUE

The call returns the count of characters placed in the buffer if it succeeds, or a `-1` if an error occurs, placing the error code in *errno*.

ERRORS**EACCES**

Search permission is denied for a component of the path prefix. (See also **path_resolution(2)**.)

EFAULT

buf extends outside the process's allocated address space.

EINVAL

bufsiz is not positive.

EINVAL

The named file is not a symbolic link.

EIO

An I/O error occurred while reading from the file system.

ELOOP

Too many symbolic links were encountered in translating the pathname.

ENAMETOOLONG

A pathname, or a component of a pathname, was too long.

ENOENT

The named file does not exist.

ENOMEM

Insufficient kernel memory was available.

ENOTDIR

A component of the path prefix is not a directory.

CONFORMING TO

4.4BSD (the **readlink()** function call appeared in 4.2BSD), POSIX.1-2001.

HISTORY

In versions of glibc up to and including glibc 2.4, the return type of **readlink()** was declared as *int*. Nowadays, the return type is declared as *ssize_t*, as (newly) required in POSIX.1-2001.

SEE ALSO

lstat(2), **path_resolution(2)**, **readlinkat(2)**, **stat(2)**, **symlink(2)**