

## IDENTIFY THE NOUN AND TYPE OF NOUN

1. Tagore was a great poet.  
(1) Tagore = proper noun  
(2) poet = common noun
2. Robert scored forty runs that day.  
(1) Robert = proper noun  
(2) forty runs = countable noun
3. I saw the actor in Bombay on Sunday.  
(1) actor = common noun  
(2) Bombay = proper noun
4. My dog is called Sony.  
(1) dog = common noun  
(2) Sony = proper noun
5. The boy has gone to school.  
(1) boy = common noun  
(2) school = common noun
6. Padma is staying with her aunt in Bangalore.  
(1) Padma = proper noun  
(2) Bangalore = proper noun
7. May is usually the hottest month.  
(1) May = proper noun  
(2) Month = common noun
8. You should show respect for your teachers.  
(1) respect = abstract noun  
(2) teacher = common noun
9. Our soldiers fought with great courage.  
(1) soldier = common noun  
(2) courage = abstract noun
10. There is truth in his story.  
(1) truth = abstract noun  
(2) story = common noun
11. My friend listened with pleasure to the beautiful music.  
(1) friend = common noun  
(2) music = common noun
12. The girl lost her parents in childhood.  
(1) girl = common noun  
(2) childhood = proper noun
13. The women stood there in fear.

- (1)women =common noun
- (2)fear =abstract noun

14. She felt sorrow for the death of her dog.

- (1)sorrow =abstract noun
- (2)dog =common noun

15. The crowd cheered the cricketer.

- (1)crowd =concrete noun
- (2)cricketer =common noun

16. The police have caught the thief.

- (1)police = common noun
- (2)thief = common noun

17. The crew of the ship was attacked.

- (1)crew =concrete noun
- (2)ship =proper noun

18. I am a member of the committee.

- (1)committee =concrete noun
- (2)member =common noun

19. There is a herd of cattle in the field.

- (1)herd of cattle =concrete noun
- (2)field = common noun

20. I can see a fleet of boats on the sea.

- (1)fleet of boats =concrete noun
- (2)sea = proper noun

21. There is a group of tall trees besides the river.

- (1)group of tall trees=concrete noun
- (2)the river = common noun

22. Mohan and I are in the same class.

- (1)mohan =proper noun
- (2)class =common noun

23. There is a pile of books on the table.

- (1)pile of books =concrete noun
- (2)table =

24. A team of doctors worked all night to save her life.

- (1) team of doctors =concrete noun
- (2)life =common noun

25. My father doesn't take sugar in tea.

- (1)father =common noun
- (2)sugar = uncountable noun
- (3)tea = uncountable noun

26. Oil floats on water.

- (1)oil = uncountable noun

- (2)water = uncountable noun
27. Gold is a precious metal.  
(1)gold = common noun  
(2) metal = common noun
28. I take bread and butter in the morning.  
(1)bread = proper noun  
(2)butter =uncountable noun
29. The tin is empty. Who has eaten the cookies?  
(1)tin =proper noun  
(2)cookies =proper noun
30. She has gone to market to buy meat and vegetables.  
(1)market = common noun  
(2)vegetables = common noun
31. The angry mob pelted stones at the police.  
(1)stones = countable noun  
(2)police = common noun
32. Honesty is the best policy.  
(1)honesty = abstract noun  
(2)policy =proper noun
33. You must always speak the truth.  
(1)truth =abstract noun
34. Julie is my youngest sister.  
(1)julie =proper noun  
(2)sister =common noun
35. Solomon was famous for his wisdom.  
(1)solomon =proper noun  
(2)wisdom =abstract noun
36. Birds make their nests in trees.  
(1)birds =common noun  
(2)trees =proper noun
37. A committee was appointed to study the situation.  
(1)committee =concrete noun
38. Nelson is known for his victory at Trafalgar.  
(1)nelson =proper noun  
(2)trafalgar =common noun
39. The boys were congratulated on their performance.  
(1)boys =common noun  
(2)congratulate=abstract noun
40. He gave me a bunch of grapes.  
(1)bunch of grapes =concrete noun

41. The children sang the national anthem.

(1) children = common noun

(2) national anthem = common noun

42. He owns a fleet of cars.

(1) fleet of cars = concrete noun

43. The lion is the king of beasts.

(1) lion = proper noun

(2) beast = common noun

44. Greenland is the largest island.

(1) Greenland = proper noun

(2) island = common noun

----- verbs -----

1. go → went → gone

2. say → said → said

3. do → did → done

4. come → came → came

5. have → ha → had

6. stand → stood → stood

7. make → made → made

8. buy → bought → bought

9. sit → sat → sat

10. swim → swam → swam

11. speak → spoke → spoke

12. see → saw → seen

13. write → wrote → written

14. sing → sang → sung

15. run → ran → ran

16. catch → caught → caught

17. tell → told → told

18. understand → understood → understood

19. cut → cut → cut

20. ring → rang → rang

21. eat → ate → eaten

22. wear → wear → wear

23. put → put → put

24. sell → sold → sold

25. think → thought → thought

26. drive → drove → driven

27. win → won → won

28. drink → drunk → drunken

29. break → broke → broken

