

INDIAN AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS 1197 - 2021

This report delves into the captivating realm of India's agriculture cultivation, providing a comprehensive visual exploration of key aspects and trends in the agriculture sector. Through the visual representations, readers can gain valuable insights into crop production, seasonal variations, regional distribution, and overall production trends. These visualizations enable intuitive analysis, allowing stakeholders to uncover patterns, identify areas of growth or concern, and make data driven decisions.

By harnessing the power of tableau, this report not only presents the data in a visually appealing manner but also provides an interactive experience for readers to explore the intricacies of India's agriculture cultivation. To extract the insights from the data and put the data in the form of visualizations, Dashboards and story we employed Tableau tool.

Through the visual representations, readers can gain valuable insights into the crop production, seasonal variations, regional distribution, and overall production trends. These visualization enable intuitive analysis, allowing stakeholders to uncover patterns, identify areas of growth or concern, and make data driven decisions.

Project flow:

To accomplish this, we have to complete all the activities listed below,

- Define problem / problem understanding
 - Specify the business problem
 - Business requirements
 - Literature survey
 - Social & Business Impact.
- Data collection & Extraction from Database
 - Collect the dataset
 - Storing Data in DB
 - perform SQL operations
 - connect DB with tableau
- Data preparation
 - prepare the Data for visualization.
- Data visualizations
 - No of unique visualization.
- Dashboard
 - Responsive and Design of Dashboard.
- Story
 - No. of Scenes of story
- Performance Testing
 - Amount of Data Rendered to DB

- Utilization of Data filters.
- No of calculation fields.
- No. of Visualizations/Graphs.
- Web Integration
 - Dashboard and story embed with U2 with flask.
- Project Demonstration & Documentation
 - Record Explanation video for project end to end solution
 - Project Documentation step by step project development procedure.

MILESTONE 1: Define problem / problem understanding

Activity 1: Specify the business problem
Agriculture crop production Analysis (1997-2021)

Activity 2: Business requirements

The primary business requirements for this report are to visualize and analyze business Expenses, provide industry specific insights, identify cost drivers, highlight outliers, and offer interactive functionality. Stakeholders needs a visual representation of Expenses to compare and analyze spending patterns across different business and industries. The report should facilitate the primary factor contributing to Expenses. Additionally, it should flag any outliers or anomalies for further investigation. The report should provide a user friendly and intuitive Experiences that empowers.

Activity 3: Literature Survey

The literature survey section of the report provides a concise overview of India's agricultural sector, focusing on key aspects and insights from existing studies and publications. It examines the historical context of agricultural practices in India and highlights the role of government policies and initiatives in supporting the sector's growth and development.

The survey explores the diversity of crops cultivated across different regions, along with trends in production and the impact of climate variability. It also addresses the adoption of technology and innovation in agriculture, along with the challenges faced by farmers and potential research gaps.

Additionally, the section showcases best practices and success stories that have contributed to improved productivity and sustainability in Indian agriculture. This literature review forms the basis for the subsequent analysis and visualization of agriculture data in the report.

Activity 4: Social or Business Impact

Social Impact:

On the social front, agriculture serves as a vital source of livelihood for a large portion of the population, especially in rural areas. It plays a crucial role in ensuring food security

Security and alleviating poverty by providing employment opportunities and income generation. Moreover, agricultural activities contribute to the overall socio-economic development of rural communities, fostering social cohesion and preserving cultural traditions.

Business Impact:

From a business perspective, the agricultural sector plays a pivotal role in India's economy. It contributes to the country's GDP and serves as a source of raw materials for various industries, such as food processing, textile and pharmaceuticals. The growth and productivity of the agricultural sector have direct implications for the overall economic performances and stability of nation. Furthermore, advancements in agricultural practices and technology have the potential to enhance productivity, optimize resource utilization, and promote sustainable practices. This, in turn can lead to increased profitability and competitiveness for agriculture businesses.

MILESTONE 2: Data collection & extraction from database

Data collection is the process of gathering and measuring information on variables of interest, in an established systematic fashion that enables one to answer stated research questions, test hypotheses, evaluate outcomes and generate insights from the data.

Activity 1.1: understand the data

Data consists of 345409 rows and 10 columns and correspond to different values.

column Description of the Dataset:

State : The name of the Indian states.

District : The name of the districts of Indian states.

Crop : Name of different crops grown in India.

Year : Date

Season : India has 5 seasons for crop cultivation Kharif, rabi, autumn, winter and summer.

Area : Area for crop cultivation in acres.

Production : production of crops in tonnes.

Yield : yield by the crops under cultivation.

MILESTONE 3 : Data preparation

Activity 1 : prepare the data for visualization

Preparing the data for visualization involves cleaning the data to remove irrelevant or missing the data, transforming the data into a format that can be easily visualized, exploring the data to identify patterns and trends, filtering the data to focus on specific subsets of data, preparing the data for visualization software, and ensuring the data is accurate and complete. This process helps to make

the data easily understandable and ready for creating visualizations to gain insights into the performance and efficiency.

MILESTONE 4: Data Visualization

Data visualization is the process of creating graphical representations of data to help people understand and explore the information. The goal of data visualization is to make complex data sets more accessible, intuitive, and easier to interpret. By using visual elements such as charts, graphs, and maps, data visualizations can help people quickly identify patterns, trends, and outliers in the data.

Activity 1.1: No. of unique visualizations

The number of unique visualizations that can be created with a given dataset. Some common types of visualizations that can be used to analyze the performance and efficiency of banks include bar charts, line charts, heat maps, scatter plots, pie charts, maps etc.

State wise Agriculture Land

State

(all)



Activity 1.1 : State wise Agriculture Land

The visualization titled is "State wise agriculture land", and it appears to be a screenshot of an interactive map. It depicts the distribution of agriculture land in various Indian states. While the legend, (the small box that explains the symbol of used in the map) is missing, it appears that red states have the most agriculture land, while blue state have the least agriculture land. Here are some of the states with the most agriculture land according to the visualization:

Rajasthan

Madhya Pradesh

Gujarat

Uttar Pradesh

Maharashtra

Andhra Pradesh

Here are some of the states with the least agricultural & according to the visualization:

Himachal Pradesh

Jammu and Kashmir

Arunachal Pradesh

Meghalaya

Mizoram

Nagaland

Crop Plantation By Area



Activity 1.2: Crop plantation By Area

The visualization titled is "Crop plantation By Area", and it depicts the crop plantation by area in the United States. The data is represented by circles of different sizes.

- The largest circle coloured red, represents Sugarcane at 2.94%.
- The second largest circle coloured teal, represents rice at 28.44%.
- The third largest circle, coloured dark green represents wheat at 18.98%.

Here's list of all the crops included in the visualization:

Sugarcane (2.94%)

Rice (28.44%)

wheat (18.98%)

corn (maize) (5.16%)

cottonseed (6.63%)

Soybeans (5.84%)

Towhee (5.10%)

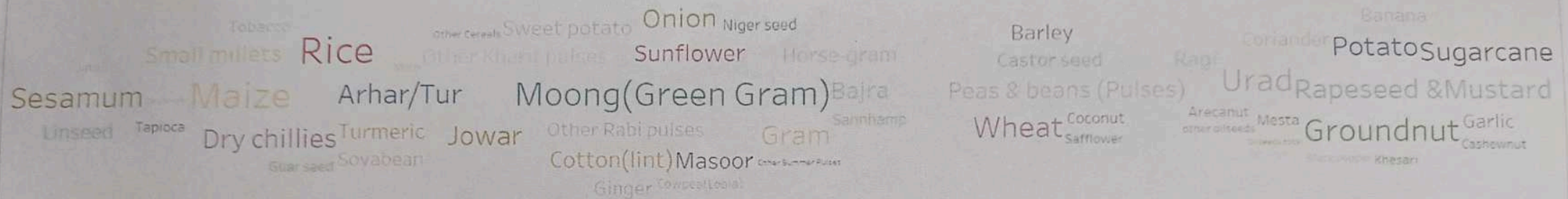
Arhar/Pun (2.37%)

Bajra (5.69%)

Gram (5.06%)

Groundnut (3.79%)

Crop (Plantation By Count)



Activity 1.3: Crop (plantation by count)

The visualisation titled is "Crop (plantation by count)",

It is not a sophisticated data visualization tool used for data analytics, but a simple list.

However, the list does provide information that could be used for data analytics. For instance an analyst could look at the list to see which crops are most commonly grown in India. They could then use this information to study the factors that affect the production of these crops, such as climate, soil conditions, and government policies.

Here's a breakdown of the information in the list:

crop - This column lists the names of the crops grown in India.

→ There is no column for the quantity grown.

→ The list appears to be sorted alphabetically by crop name.

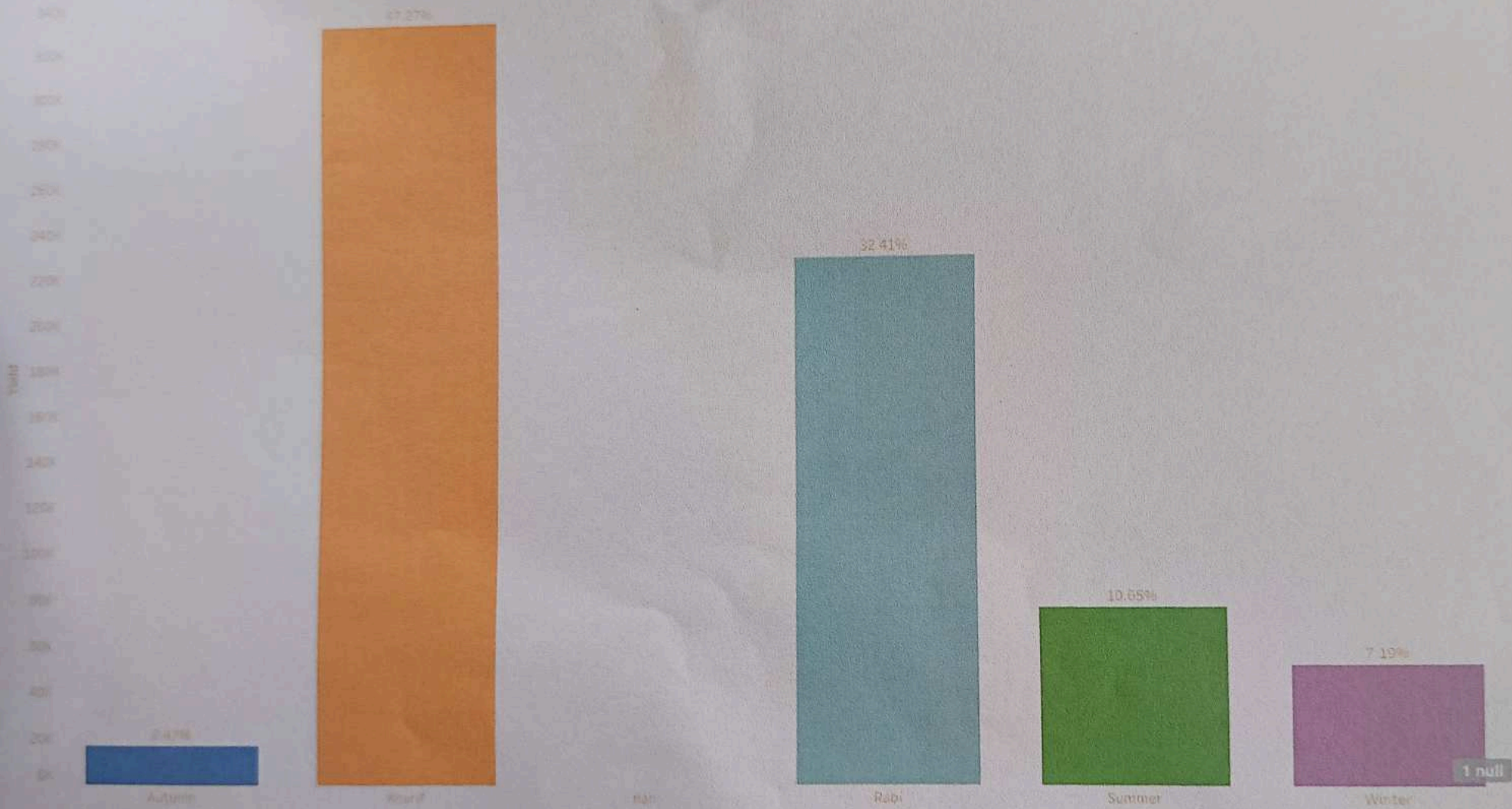
It may be helpful for someone who is unfamiliar with India agriculture to get a general sense of the range of crops that are grown here.

Yield By Season

Season

Season

- Autumn
- Kharif
- Rabi
- Summer
- Winter



1 null

Activity 1.4: yield By season

The visualization titled is "yield By season". It appears to show the yield of a crop over four seasons.

Here's a breakdown of the information in the graph:

x-axis: The x-axis is labelled "season", but it doesn't show the names of the specific seasons. They are four bars coloured in blue, green, orange & purple.

y-axis: The y-axis is labelled "yield", but it doesn't show a unit of measurement. The values range from 20 to 7204.

Bars: The four bars represent the yield each season. The yield for each season is:

Season 1 (blue) : 74

Season 2 (green) : 2004

Season 3 (orange) : 300

Season 4 (purple) : 300

Data analysis:

Without knowing the names of the seasons, or the units on the y-axis, it's difficult to draw specific conclusions from this graph. However, we can see that the yield is highest in Season 2 (green) and roughly the same in Season 3 (orange) and 4 (purple). Season 1 (blue) has the lowest yield.

Area Vs Production



Major Crops Production

SUM(Production)

4,943

3118

Crop	
Null	
Areca nut	
Arhar/Tur	
Bajra	
Banana	
Barley	
Black pepper	
Cardamom	
Cashewnut	
Castor seed	
Coconut	
Coriander	
Cotton(lint)	
Cowpea(Lobia)	
Dry chillies	
Dry Ginger	
Garlic	
Ginger	18,178,969
Gram	
Groundnut	
Guar seed	
Horse gram	
Jowar	
Jute	
Khesari	
Linseed	
Maize	
Masoor	
Mesta	
Moong(Green Gram)	
Moth	
Niger seed	
Oilseeds total	
Onion	
Other Cereals	
Other Kharif pulses	
other oilseeds	
Other Rabi pulses	
Other Summer Pulses	
Peas & beans (Pulses)	
Potato	
Ragi	
Rapeseed & Mustard	
Rice	
Safflower	

18,178,969

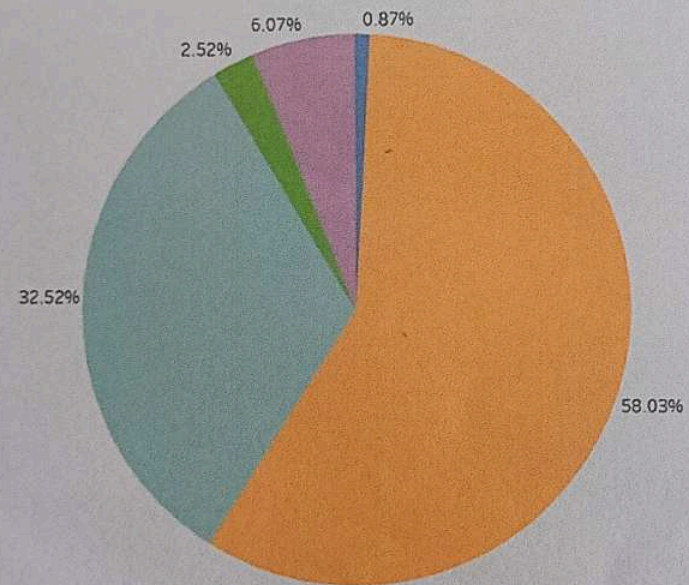
Season wise Production

Running Sum of SUM(P...

9,688,954,548

Season

- Autumn
- Kharif
- nan
- Rabi
- Summer
- Winter



State wise agriculture Land

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop (Plantation By Count)

Yield By Season

Season Wise Production

Area Vs Production

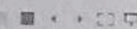
⌵ Agr Dashboard1

Major Crops Growth

Season Vs Crops

⌵ Agr Dashboard2

Crop Product



MILESTONE 5: Dashboard

A dashboard is a graphical user interface (GUI) that displays information and data in an organized, easy to read format. Dashboards are often used to provide real-time monitoring and analysis of the data and typically designed for a specific purpose or use case. Dashboards can be used in a variety of settings, such as business, finance, manufacturing, health care, and many other industries. They can be used to track key performance indicators (KPIs), monitor performance metrics, and display data in the form of charts, graphs, and tables.

Activity 1: Responsive and Design of dashboard

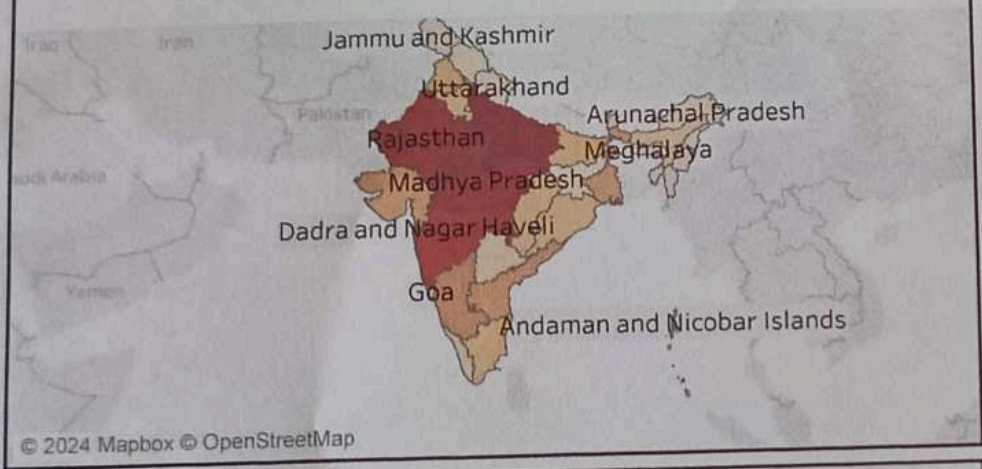
Once you have created views on different sheets in Tableau, you can pull them into a dashboard.

State wise Agriculture Land

© 2024 Mapbox © OpenStreetMap

Area Vs Production

State	Area	Sum of Production
Uttar Pradesh	486,453,365	9,688,954,548
Madhya Pradesh	257,907,399	589,164,332
Rajasthan	222,434,333	807,581,678
Maharashtra		63,772,797,345
Karnataka		
Andhra Pradesh		
West Bengal		
Gujarat		
Bihar		
Punjab		

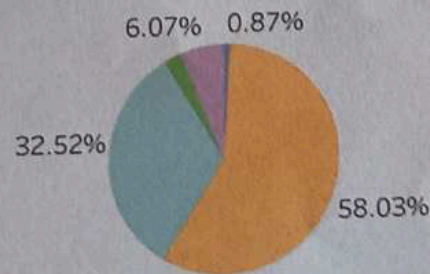


State	Area	Sum of Production
Uttar Pradesh		
Madhya Pradesh		
Rajasthan	486,453,365	589,164,332
Maharashtra		
Karnataka	257,907,399	63,772,797,345
Andhra Pradesh		
West Bengal		
Gujarat	222,434,333	807,581,678
Bihar		
Punjab		

Season

- Autumn
- Kharif
- nan
- Rabi
- Summer
- Winter

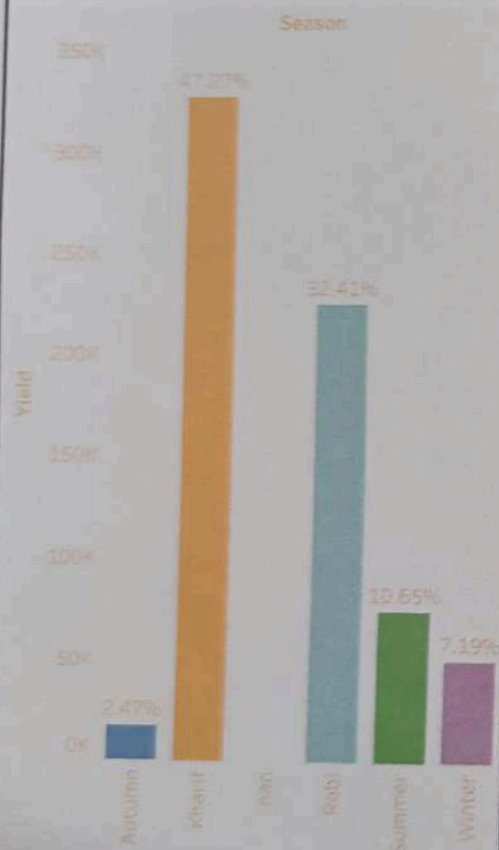
Response Category	Percentage
Orange	58.03%
Teal	32.52%
Purple	6.07%
Green	0.87%



other oilseeds
Turmeric Onion Sannamp Barley Tapioca Ginger Guar seed
Small millets Wheat Ragi Masoor Linseed Sweet potato Banana Potato
Maize Arhar/Tur Rice Peas & beans (Pulses) Sugarcane
Sesamum Moong (Green Gram) Urad Groundnut
Garlic Soyabean Other pulses Horse gram Rapeseed & Mustard
Other Rabi pulses Dry chillies Jowar Coriander Other Summer Pulses Tobacco
Cotton (lint) Sunflower Gram Bajra Coconut Mesta Niger seed Other Cereals
Cashewnut Groundnut Bitter melon Raddish

Indian Agriculture Crop Production Dashboard-2

Yield By Season



Major Crops Production

Crop	
Null	
Arecanut	39,299,347
Arhar/Tur	61,261,333
Bajra	200,665,871
Banana	227,197,787
Barley	35,069,316
Black pepper	2,097,305
Cardamom	255,498
Cashewnut	3,740,786
Castor seed	27,949,344
Coconut	310,804,772,578
Coriander	7,355,899
Cotton(lint)	483,907,993
Cowpea(Lobia)	745,565
Dry chillies	26,534,387
Dry Ginger	4,943
Garlic	22,733,459
Ginger	18,178,969
Gram	160,256,414
Groundnut	163,832,022
Guar seed	31,321,927
Horse-gram	5,276,757
Jowar	149,255,890
Jute	230,423,820
Khesari	7,115,453
Linseed	3,298,063
Maize	443,991,183
Masoor	20,412,721
Mesta	14,052,266

Season Vs Crops

Crop	Autumn	Kharif	nan	Season	Rabi	Summer	Whole Ye..	Winter
Null								
Arecanut	Arecanut	Arecanut			Arecanut	Arecanut	Arecanut	
Arhar/Tur	Arhar/Tur	Arhar/Tur			Arhar/Tur	Arhar/Tur	Arhar/Tur	Arhar/Tur
Bajra		Bajra			Bajra	Bajra	Bajra	
Banana	Banana	Banana			Banana	Banana	Banana	Banana
Barley		Barley			Barley		Barley	
Black pepper	Black pep.	Black pep.			Black pep.	Black pep.	Black pep.	
Cardamom		Cardamom					Cardamom	
Cashewnut		Cashewn			Cashewn		Cashewn	
Castor seed		Castor se			Castor se		Castor se	
Coconut		Coconut					Coconut	
Coriander		Coriander			Coriander		Coriander	Coriander
Cotton(lint)	Cotton(li.	Cotton(li.			Cotton(li.	Cotton(li.	Cotton(li.	Cotton(li.
Cowpea(Lobia)		Cowpea(L.			Cowpea(L.	Cowpea(L.	Cowpea(L.	
Dry chillies	Dry chilli.	Dry chilli.			Dry chilli.	Dry chilli.	Dry chilli.	Dry chilli.
Dry Ginger					Dry Ginger	Dry Ginger		
Garlic		Garlic			Garlic		Garlic	
Ginger	Ginger	Ginger			Ginger	Ginger	Ginger	Ginger
Gram		Gram			Gram		Gram	Gram
Groundnut	Groundnut	Groundnut			Groundnut	Groundnut	Groundnut	Groundnut
Guar seed		Guar seed			Guar seed		Guar seed	
Horse-gram		Horse-gr.			Horse-gr.	Horse-gr.	Horse-gr.	Horse-gr.
Jowar	Jowar	Jowar			Jowar	Jowar	Jowar	
Jute	Jute	Jute			Jute	Jute		
Khesari		Khesari			Khesari		Khesari	
Linseed		Linseed			Linseed		Linseed	
Maize	Maize	Maize			Maize	Maize	Maize	Maize
Masoor		Masoor			Masoor		Masoor	

Activity 1.1 : Dashboard 1

The visualization is a dashboard that appears to visualize data on Indian agriculture crop production. It contains several charts and seems to be divided into different sections.

Here's a breakdown of the sections I can see:

Statewise agriculture land :

This section appears to show a map of India. Each state is coloured differently. It likely represents some data related to agriculture land, but it's difficult to say exactly what without a legend.

They are also text labels for some states, but some labels are cut off in the image.

Area vs production :

This section appears to be a table. The table columns include "State", "Autumn Season", "Rabi Season", "Summer Season", and "Area". There are also values listed for some states but they are cutoff in the image.

Season wise production :

This section appears to be a pie chart. The pie chart slices are labelled "Summer Onion Barley", "wheat", "maison", "lent", "potato", "maize", "Arhar/Tur", "Rice".

"Gram", "other", and "Sugarcane". The size of the pie slice likely represents the proportion of the total production each crop occupies.

Crop (plantation By Count)

This section appears to be a bar chart. The x-axis label is cut off in the image but it appears to represent different crops. The y-axis label is "%". The height of each bar likely represents the percentage of plantation dedicated to each crop.

Limitation of the visualisation for Data analysis:

While this Dashboard contains data that could be useful for data analysis of Indian agriculture, it's difficult to perform a comprehensive analysis because of the following limitations:

→ missing tables:

There are missing tables for the x and y-axis in some charts and the legend for the map is missing.

→ cut off text:

Some text labels are cut off in the image, making it difficult to interpret the data.

MILESTONE 6 : STORY

A data story is the way of presenting data and analysis in a narrative format, intending to make the information more engaging and easier to understand. A data story typically includes a clear introduction that sets the stage and explains the context for the data, a body that presents the data and analysis logically and systematically and a conclusion that summarizes the key findings and highlights their implications. Data stories can be told using a variety of mediums, such as reports, presentations, interactive visualizations and videos.

Activity 1 : Number of scenes in a story

The number of scenes in a storyboard for a data visualization analysis of the performances of banks will depend on the complexity of the analysis and the specific insights that are trying to be conveyed. A storyboard is a visual representation of the data analysis.

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

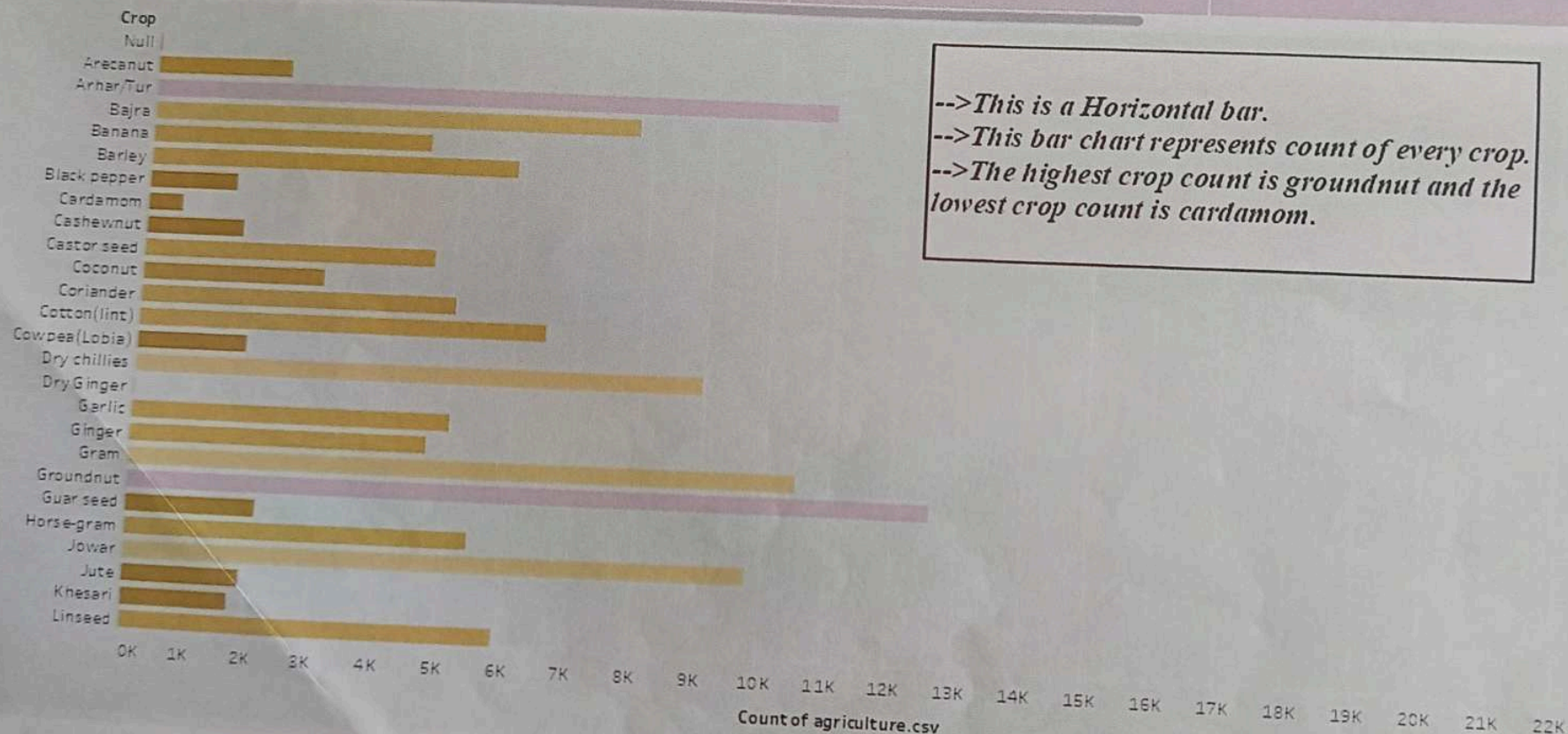
Count of every crop.

District Wise Yeild

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise
Production



-->This is a Horizontal bar.
 -->This bar chart represents count of every crop.
 -->The highest crop count is groundnut and the lowest crop count is cardamom.

Count of agriculture..
 3 21.611

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

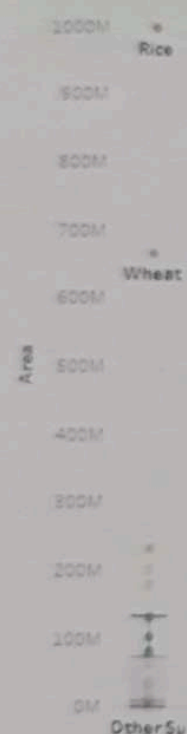
Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise Production

Area Based Crops

Yield By Season



-> This is a box and whisker plot.
 -> This box and whisker plot represents Area based Crops.
 -> This box and whisker plot has high area of Rice.

Crop

- Areca nut
- Arhar/Tur
- Bajra
- Banana
- Barley
- Black pepper
- Cardamom
- Cashewnut
- Castor seed
- Coconut
- Coriander
- Cotton(lint)
- Cowpea(Lobia)
- Dry chillies
- Dry Ginger
- Garlic
- Ginger
- Gram
- Groundnut
- Guar seed
- Horse gram
- Jowar
- Jute
- Khesari
- Linseed
- Maize
- Masoor

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

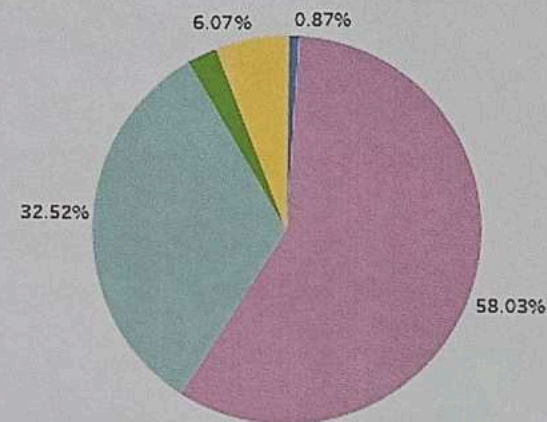
Season Wise Production

Area Based Crops

Yield By Season

Running Sum of Su..
9,688,954,548

Season
■ Autumn
■ Kharif
■ nan
■ Rabi
■ Summer
■ Winter



-->This is a pie chart.
-->This pie chart represents the Season Wise Production.
-->From the above seasons kharif season has highest production.

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

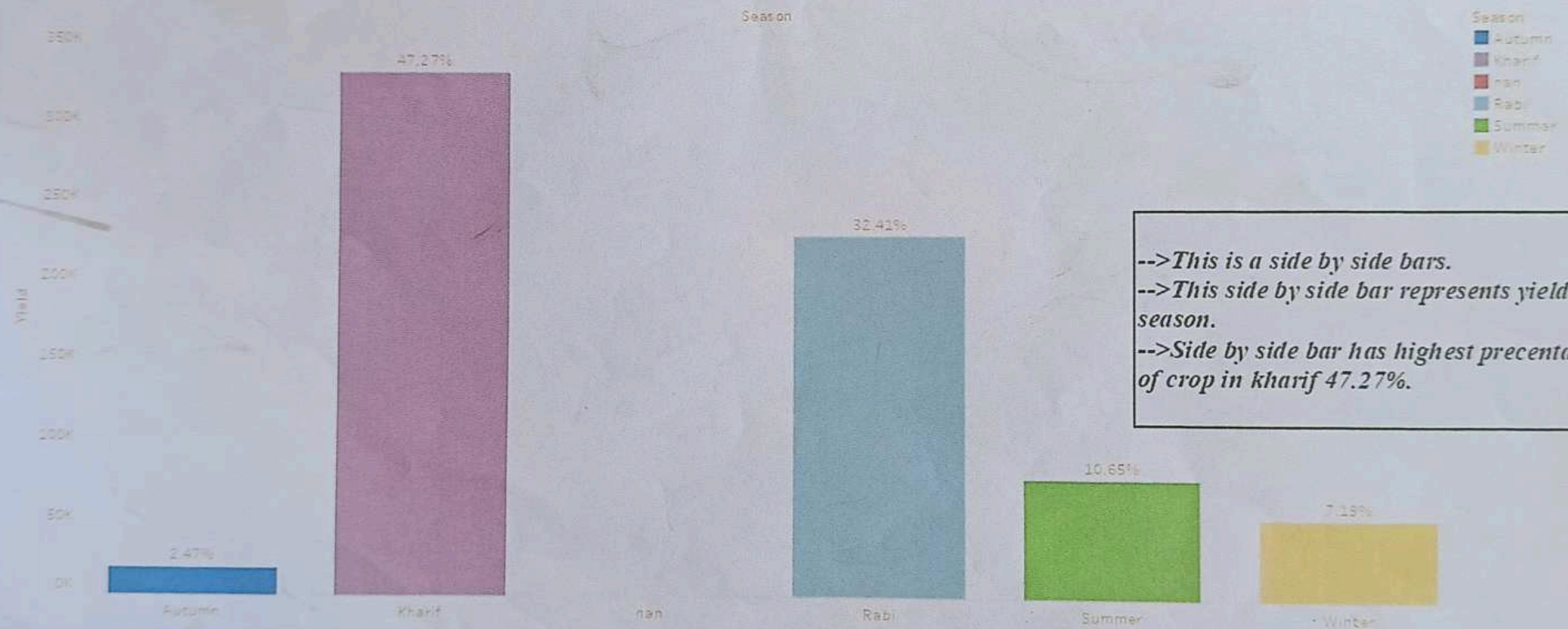
Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise Production

Area Based Crops

Yield By Season



-->This is a side by side bars.

-->This side by side bar represents yield by season.

-->Side by side bar has highest precentage of crop in kharif 47.27%.

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

District Wise Yeild

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise Production

Area Based Crops

Rice

Cotton(lint)

Soyabean

Bajra

Maize

Area

614

996M

Jowar

Rapeseed
& Mustard

Urad

Guar
seed

Wheat

Gram

Sugarcane

Ragi

Masoor

Jute

Arhar/Tur

Groundnut

Moong(Green
Gram)

Moth

→ This is a tree maps.
→ This tree maps represents the crop production.
→ This map has high rate of Rice production.

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

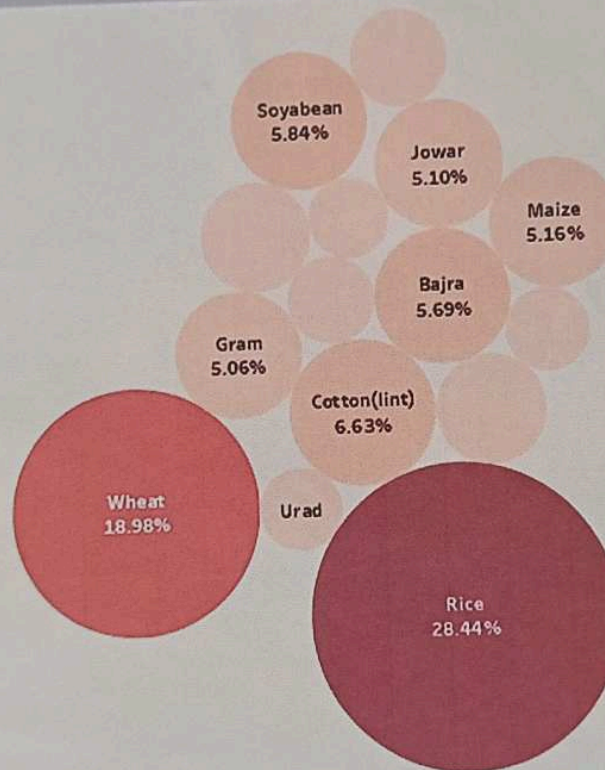
Count of every crop.

District Wise Yield

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise Production



-->This is a bubble chart.
-->This bubble chart represents the crop plantation by area.
-->This bubble chart has highest Rice percentage 28.44% and the lowest is Guar seed 2.03%.

INDIA AGRICULTURE CROP PRODUCTION ANALYSIS(1197-2021)

Count of every crop.

District Wise Yelld

Crop Plantation By Area

Crop Production

Season Wise
Production

District	
24 PARAGANAS NO..	362,221
24 PARAGANAS SOU..	307,435
ADILABAD	3,873
AGRA	3,353
ANJAW	526
ANUGUL	2,082
ANUPPUR	1,352
BADGAM	507
BAGALKOT	143,144
BAGALKOTE	8,501
BALRAMPUR	3,865
BEGUSARAI	3,036
BELAGAVI	8,515
BELGAUM	139,857
BISHNUPUR	2,053
CACHAR	57,325
CHANDRAPUR	730
CHANGLANG	916
CHARAIDEO	5,273
CHARKI DADRI	449
CHATRA	903
CHENGALPATTU	3,999
CHENNAI	43
CHHATARPUR	1,877
CHHINDWARA	3,693
CHHOTAUDEPUR	930
CHIKBALLAPUR	98,882
CHIKKARAI APIIRA	8,511

Yield

0 362,221

-->This is a text table.

-->This table represents the a district wise yeild.

-->This table text shows all the yeilds in district wise.And the highest yeild rate is in 24 paraganas north.

MILESTONE 7: Performance Testing

- 1) Statewise agriculture land
- 2) count of each crop
- 3) District wise yield
- 4) crop plantation by Area
- 5) crop production
- 6) season wise production
- 7) Area Based crop
- 8) yield By season

MILESTONE 8: Web Integration

publishing helps us to track and monitor key performance metrics and to communicate results and progress. help a publisher stay informed, make better decisions, and communicate their performance to others.

Explanation video link:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1bsxnaha28MPL29Kjed-eAtUirpJILuqcv/view?usp=drive_dk