

1. Assessment of Marginal Workers in Tamil Nadu- A Socioeconomic Analysis

1. Team number=01

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1. Project objective:

The main objective of the project is to analyze the given csv file big data of marginal workers of Tamil Nadu and to provide in a proper virtual understanding by data visualization techniques like scatter plot ,bar chart, histogram, pie chart etc.. can be used.

2. Analyze approach:

Project Documentation

1. Clean and prepare the data.

This may involve removing any duplicate rows, handling missing values, and converting the data into the appropriate format for your analysis.

2. Calculate the share of marginal workers in the total workforce.

This can be done by dividing the number of marginal workers by the total number of workers in your dataset.

3. Virtualization types:

1. Create a pie chart.

A pie chart is a type of chart that shows the proportional relationship between different categories. To create a pie chart for your marginal worker analysis, you will need to divide the pie into slices, each representing a different category of workers. For example, you could divide the pie into slices for marginal workers, non-marginal workers, and unemployed workers.

2. Label the pie slices and add a title.

The pie slices should be labelled with the category of workers that they represent. The title of the pie chart should be descriptive and informative

3. Other virtualization types:

Some of the other virtualization types are pie chart, bar chart, histogram, pie plot, scatter plot, etc.

3. Code implementation:

We used Python code programming language for the big data analysis purpose to virtualize the given csv file

This code will create a pie chart that shows the distribution of virtualization types among marginal workers. The chart shows that the majority of marginal workers use desktop virtualization. This suggests that desktop virtualization is the most popular type of virtualization among marginal workers.

You can also use a pie chart to analyse the distribution of virtualization types across different industries or occupations. Simply change the categories in the pie chart to the industries or occupations that you want to analyse.

```
[1]: #importing the libraries in python
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#import seaborn for using piechart
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
```

1 Importing csv file data sets

```
[2]: # Load the dataset into a Pandas DataFrame
df = pd.read_csv('Downloads/DDW_B06SC_3300_State_TAMIL_NADU-2011.csv')
```

2 checking the data fully filled that is fully true

```
[3]: #checking the dataset given is null or not
df.isnull()
```

[3]:

	Table Ccde	State Ccde	District Ccde	Area Name	Total/ Rural/ Urban \
0	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False
...
589	False	False	False	False	False
590	False	False	False	False	False
591	False	False	False	False	False
592	False	False	False	False	False
593	False	False	False	False	False

Age group Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Persons \

0	False	False
1	False	False
2	False	False
3	False	False

4	False	False
..
589	False	False
590	False	False
591	False	False
592	False	False
593	False	False

Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Males \		
0	False	False False
1	False	False
2	...	False False False
3		False
4	False	
..		
589	Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Females \	
590	False	False False
591	False	False
592	...	False False False
593		False
	False	

Worked for less than 3 months - Persons ... \		
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
..		
589		
590		
591		
592		
593		

0	False	...
1	False	...
2	False	...
3	False	...
4	False	...
..	
589	False	...
590	False	...
591	False	...
592	False	...
593	False	...

0 Industrial Category - N to O - FemalesFalse \

1 False

2 False

3 False

4 False

..

589 False

590 False

591 False

592 False

593 False

Industrial Category - P to Q - PersonsFalse \

0

1 False

2 False

3 False

4 False

..

589 False

590 False

591 False

592 False

593 False

Industrial Category - P to Q - MalesFalse \

0

1 False

2 False

3 ... False

4 False

..

589 False

590 False

591 False

592 False

593 False

Industrial Category - P to Q - FemalesFalse \

0

1 False

2 False

3 False

4 False

..

589 False

590	False
591	False
592	False
593	False

	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Persons \
0	False
1	False
2	False
3	False
4	False
..	...
589	False
590	False
591	False
592	False
593	False

	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Males \
0	False
1	False
2	False
3	False
4	False
..	...
589	False
590	False
591	False
592	False
593	False

	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Females \
0	False
1	False
2	False
3	False
4	False
..	... False
589	False
590	False
591	False
592	False
593	

	Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Persons \
0	False
1	False

```

2          False
3          False
4          False
..          ...
589        False
590        False
591        False
592        False
593        False

Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Males \
0          False
1          False
2          False
3          False
4          False
..          ... False
589        False
590        False
591        False
592        False
593        False

Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Females
0          False
1          False
2          False
3          ...
4          False
..          False
589        False
590        False
591        False
592
593

```

[594 rows x 69 columns]

3 Fetching and describe the data

[4]:

```

I1=tuple([df['Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months -_
_Females'],df['Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Males']])

```

[5]:

```

I2=tuple([df['Industrial Category - N to O - Females'],df['Industrial Category_
_P to Q - Persons']])

```



```
[6]: df.describe()
```

[6]:	Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Persons	\
count	5.940000e+02	
mean	1.617277e+04	
std	7.607172e+04	
min	0.000000e+00	
25%	2.872500e+02	
50%	2.225500e+03	
75%	9.628500e+03	
max	1.200828e+06	

	Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Males	\
count	594.000000	
mean		7932.700337
std		36864.822704
min		0.000000
25%		147.250000
50%		1147.000000
75%		4770.500000
max		589003.000000

	Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Females	\
count	594.000000	
mean		8240.067340
std		39259.545337
min		0.000000
25%		144.000000
50%		1076.000000
75%		4887.500000
max		611825.000000

	Worked for less than 3 months - Persons	\
count	594.000000	
mean	2981.629630	
std	13909.621137	
min	0.000000	
25%	27.000000	
50%	430.000000	
75%	1775.250000	
max	221386.000000	

	Worked for less than 3 months - Males	\
count	594.000000	
mean	1338.289562	
std	6127.047670	
min	0.000000	

25%	14.250000
50%	198.500000
75%	774.250000
max	99368.000000

	Worked for less than 3 months - Females \
count	594.000000
mean	1643.240067
std	7808.832522
min	0.000000
25%	13.000000
50%	213.000000
75%	946.500000
max	122018.000000

	Industrial Category - A - Cultivators - Persons \
count	594.000000
mean	865.117845
std	4274.458077
min	0.000000
25%	9.000000
50%	69.500000
75%	466.000000
max	64235.000000

	Industrial Category - A - Cultivators - Males \
count	594.000000
mean	466.424242
std	2298.072295
min	0.000000
25%	5.000000
50%	35.500000
75%	244.250000
max	34632.000000

	Industrial Category - A - Cultivators - Females \
count	594.000000
mean	398.693603
std	1978.682322
min	0.000000
25%	4.000000
50%	32.000000
75%	204.750000
max	29603.000000

	Industrial Category - A - Agricultural labourers - Persons ... \
count	594.000000 ...

mean	12225.616162	...
std	60458.382586	...
min	0.000000	...
25%	79.250000	...
50%	1094.000000	...
75%	6279.750000	...
max	907752.000000	...

	Industrial Category - N to O - Females \
count	594.000000
mean	48.013468
std	222.553500
min	0.000000
25%	0.000000
50%	2.000000
75%	18.000000
max	3565.000000

	Industrial Category - P to Q - Persons \
count	594.000000
mean	149.225589
std	696.553730
min	0.000000
25%	0.000000
50%	14.500000
75%	99.750000
max	11080.000000

	Industrial Category - P to Q - Males \
count	594.000000
mean	54.127946
std	253.067862
min	0.000000
25%	0.000000
50%	6.000000
75%	35.750000
max	4019.000000

	Industrial Category - P to Q - Females \
count	594.000000
mean	95.097643
std	444.011425
min	0.000000
25%	0.000000
50%	6.500000
75%	64.000000
max	7061.000000

count	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Persons	200000 \
mean		
std	1039.9530226707071	
min		0.000000
25%		0.000000
50%		27.000000
75%		126.750000
max	16833.000000	

	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Males	200000 \
count		200000
mean	57.454545	
std		0.000000
min		0.000000
25%		0.000000
50%		7.500000
75%		32.000000
max	4266.000000	

	Industrial Category - R to U - HHI - Females	594.000000 \
count	776.206806	
mean	169.252525	
std		0.000000
min		0.000000
25%		0.000000
50%		20.000000
75%		97.500000
max	12567.000000	

	Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Persons	594.000000 \
count	7325.241597	
mean	1644.282828	
std		0.000000
min		0.000000
25%		64.500000
50%		263.500000
75%		994.000000
max	12567.000000	

	Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Males	3352.811737 \
count		
mean	24.000000	
std		0.000000
min		0.000000
25%		

```

      Industrial Category - R to U - Non HHI - Females
count      594000000
mean      892.754209
std      3988.125301
min         0.000000
25%       30.500000
50%      135.000000
75%      500.000000
max     66287.000000
```

[8 rows x 63 columns]

```

[7]: | 1 | 123.000000
50%  |
75%  | 447.750000
max   | 55801.000000
```

```

[7]: (0      611825
      1      13666
      2     254780
      3     290624
      4      52270
```

```

589    ... 143
```

```

590      1631
591      1903
592
593 297
      1
```

Name: Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Females, Length: 594, dtype: int64,

```

0      589003
1      14125
2      259560
3      251957
4      62833
```

```

589    ... 129
```

```

590      1654
591      1769
592
593 399
      1
```

Name: Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months - Males, Length: 594, dtype: int64)

[8]:

12

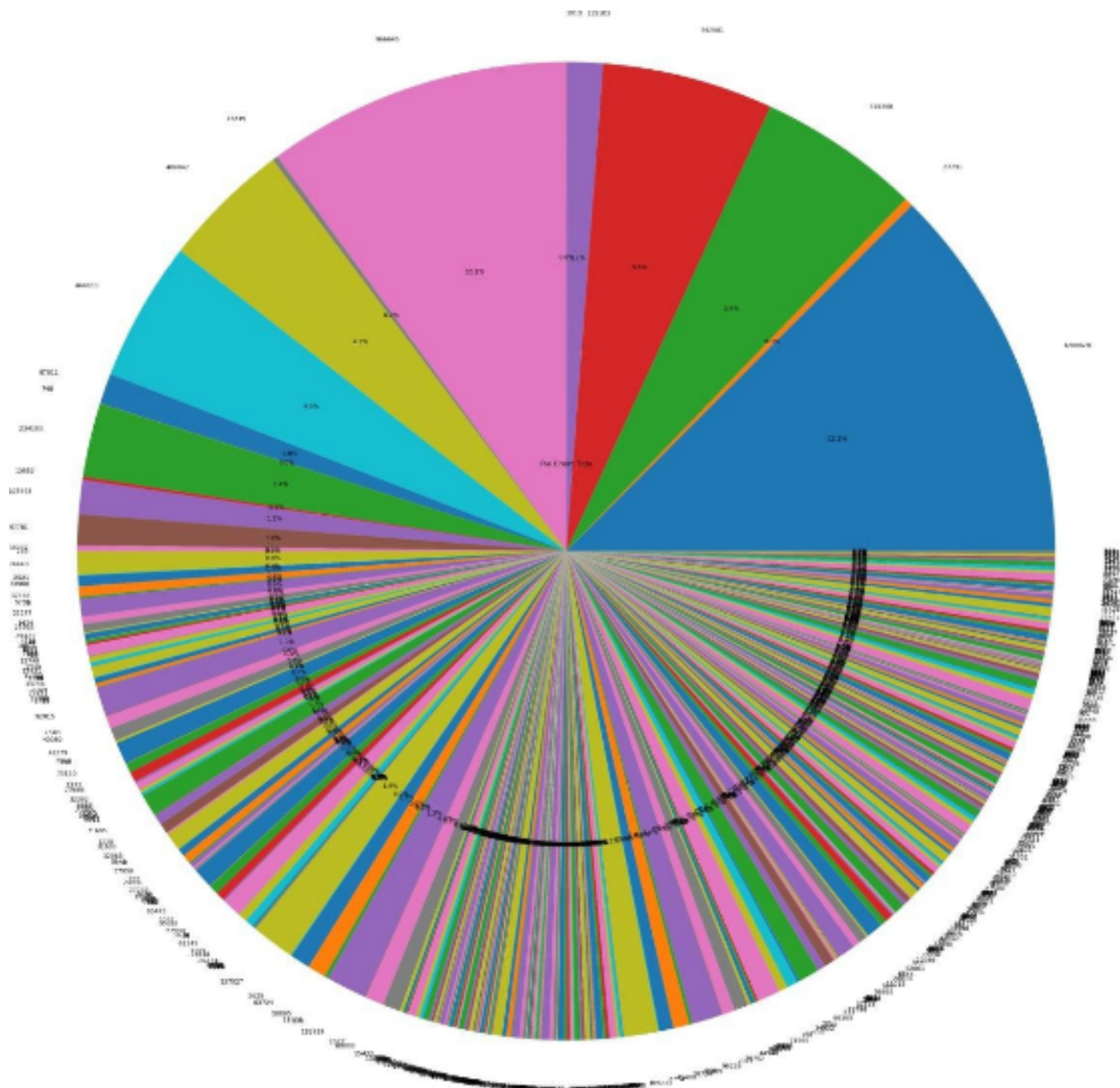
```
[8]: (0      3565
      1       11
      2     1754
      3     1619
      4      175
      ...
      589       0
      590      20
      591      33
      592       0
      593       0
      Name: Industrial   Category - N to O - Females, Length: 594, dtype: int64,
      0      11080
      1       122
      2      7536
      3      3205

      4      ... 211

      589           0
      590          44
      591          35
      592           3
      593           0
```

```
[9]: # assigning the csv data to variable of piechart
pie_chart_data = df[Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months -
    Persons']
# assigning values to the pie chart
plt.pie(pie_chart_data, labels=df[Worked for 3 months or more but less than 6 months -
    Persons'], autopct='%1.1f%%', radius=7.5)

plt.title('Pie Chart Title') # printing the pie chart plt.show()
```



4 printing the pie chart using the given csv file data sets

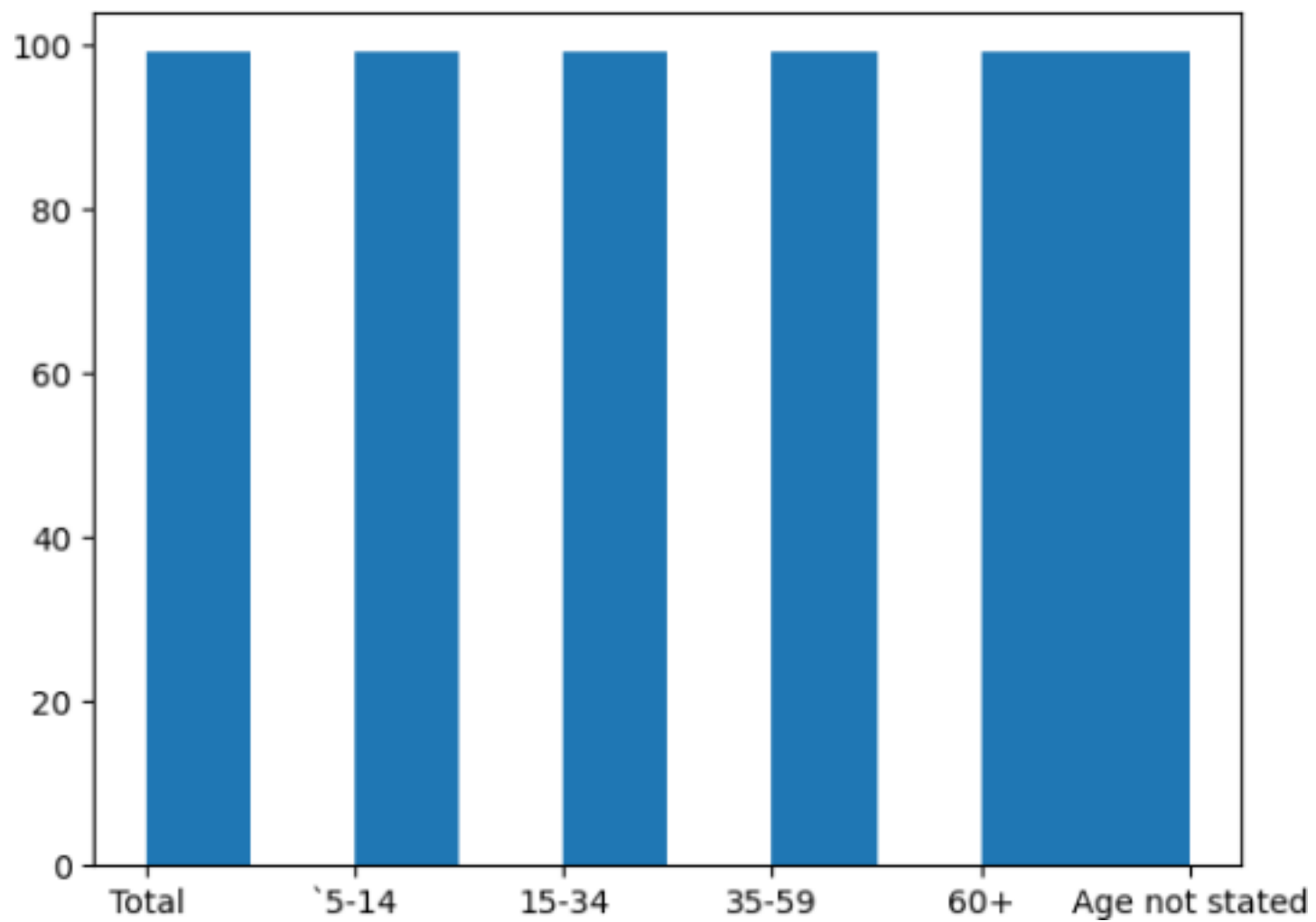
```
[10]: price = df["Age group"]
```

5 visualizing the data set's column in the form of histogram

```
[11]:
```

```
plt.hist(price)
```

```
[11]: (array([99.,  0., 99.,  0., 99.,  0., 99.,  0., 99., 99.]),
      array([0. , 0.5, 1. , 1.5, 2. , 2.5, 3. , 3.5, 4. , 4.5, 5. ]),
      <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

```
[16]: column_1 = df["Age group"]
      column_2 = df["Industrial Category - A - Cultivators - Persons"]

      # Create the histogram
      fig, axs = plt.subplots(1, 2)

      axs[0].hist(column_1) axs[1].hist(column_2)

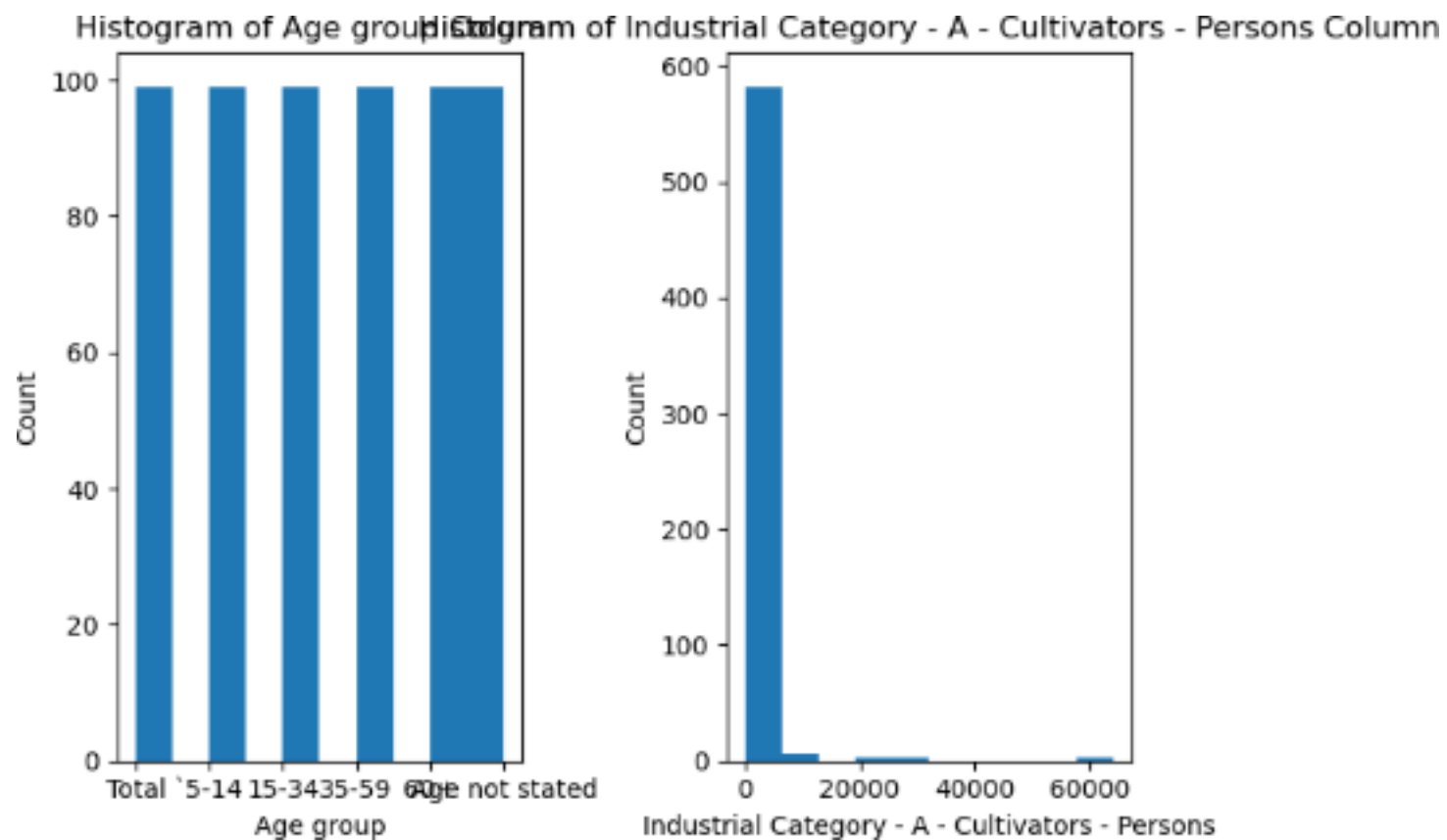
      # Add a title and axis labels for each subplot
      axs[0].set_title("Histogram of {}".format(column_1.name))
      axs[1].set_title("Histogram of {}".format(column_2.name))

      axs[0].set_xlabel(column_1.name)
      axs[1].set_xlabel(column_2.name)

      axs[0].set_ylabel("Count")
      axs[1].set_ylabel("Count")

      # Adjust the subplot layout
      plt.tight_layout()
```

```
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



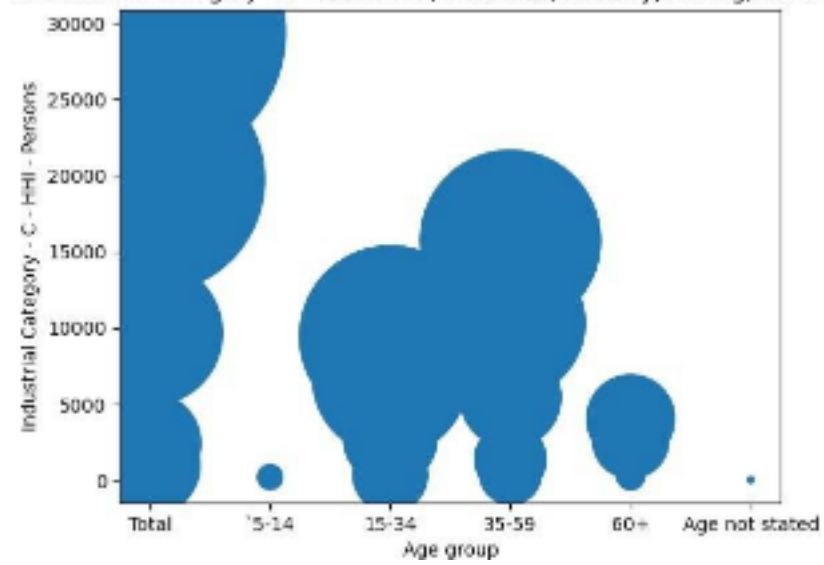
6 visualizing three different columns by using scatter plot

```
[26]: x_column = df["Age group"]
y_column = df["Industrial Category - A - Plantation, Livestock, Forestry,
    Fishing, Hunting and allied activities - Persons"]
z_column = df["Industrial Category - C - HHI - Persons"]
# Create the scatter plot
plt.scatter(x_column, y_column, z_column)

# Add a title and axis labels
plt.title("Scatter Plot of {} vs. {}".format(x_column.name, y_column.name,
    z_column.name))
plt.xlabel(x_column.name) plt.ylabel(y_column.name) plt.ylabel(z_column.name)

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

Scatter Plot of Age group vs. Industrial Category - A - Plantation, Livestock, Forestry, Fishing, Hunting and allied activities - Persons



7 output for the scatter plot for the given three columns