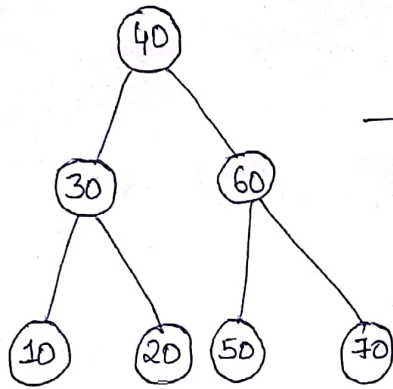


② Assume you are a Data Scientist and you are Wrangling in the preprocessing stage of your data. And there are no tools yet developed so your task is to convert a Binary Tree (BST) to a sparse matrix for performing analysis.



→ [This is the Tree Input as BST]

- ↓
- ① Input → root of a tree.
 - ② output → is a sparse matrix.

↓
Test Case - 1 :-

[Base Cases]

(40)

Only one node

↓
Output

↓
[40]

Test Case - 2 :-

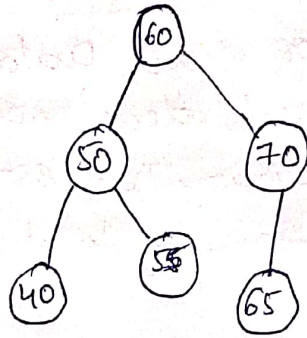


→ [30, 40] ← 2 Nodes as Input

↓

$$\begin{bmatrix} 30 & 0 \\ 0 & 40 \end{bmatrix}$$

Testcase - 3:-



[40, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70]

↓
Sparse matrix to be generated is

↓

40	0	0	0	0	0
0	50	0	0	0	0
0	0	55	0	0	0
0	0	0	60	0	0
0	0	0	0	65	0
0	0	0	0	0	70

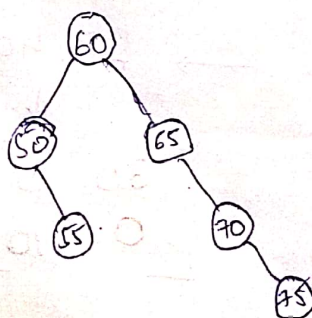
[Base cases]

Testcase:-4

[] ← empty list

↓
[] ← empty Sparse Matrix

Testcase: 5 :-



[50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75]



50	0	0	0	0	0
0	55	0	0	0	0
0	0	60	0	0	0
0	0	0	65	0	0
0	0	0	0	70	0
0	0	0	0	0	75

* These are the Five Test Cases
of the problem

Input:

↓ Input

def Sparse (self, root):

root is Input

Matrix is output