

FAQ: @JoinColumn ... where does it find the column?

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Question

In the Course class, we have OneToMany relation with reviews with join column `course_id`.

But in course table we do not have column `course_id`.

Ideally when we say `@JoinColumn` a new column should be created in course table ... isn't it?

How does `@JoinColumn` know where to find the join column?

Answer

The `JoinColumn` is actually fairly complex and it goes through a number of advanced steps to find the desired column.

This info below is from the documentation

Source:

<http://docs.oracle.com/javaee/7/api/javax/persistence/JoinColumn.html#name-->

The table in which it is found depends upon the context.

- If the join is for a OneToOne or ManyToOne mapping using a foreign key mapping strategy, the foreign key column is in the table of the source entity or embeddable.

- If the join is for a unidirectional OneToMany mapping using a foreign key mapping strategy, the foreign key is in the table of the target entity.
- If the join is for a ManyToMany mapping or for a OneToOne or bidirectional ManyToOne/OneToMany mapping using a join table, the foreign key is in a join table.
- If the join is for an element collection, the foreign key is in a collection table.

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So as you can see, it depends on the context.

In our training video, we are using @OneToMany uni-directional (course has one-to-many reviews).

As a result, the join column / foreign key column is in the target entity. In this case, the target entity is the Review class. So, you will find the join column "course_id" in the "review" table.