SAM

```
! pip install metaseq -q
from IPython.display import Image
Image('/content/Prostate.png')
!pip install matplotlib-venn
!apt-get -gg install -y libfluidsynth1
!apt-get -qq install -y libarchive-dev && pip install -U libarchive
import libarchive
!apt-get -gg install -y graphviz && pip install pydot
import pydot
!pip install cartopy
import cartopy
pip install metaseq
!pip install fal_serverless
!pip install metaseg
from metaseg import SegAutoMaskPredictor
autoseq image = SeqAutoMaskPredictor().image predict(
    source='/content/Prostate.png',
    model type="vit 1", # vit 1, vit h, vit b
    points per side=16,
    points per batch=64,
    min_area=0,
    output path="output.png",
    show=False,
    save=True,
)
from IPython.display import Image
Image('output.png')
from IPython.display import Image
Image('/content/Prostate.png')
```

Forward Diffusion

```
from scipy.stats import norm
import random
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.linspace(-3, 3, num = 100) #Input x
sigma = 1 # Standard Deviation
mean = 0 # Mean
print(x)
constant = np.sqrt(2.0*np.pi*sigma**2)
pdf_normal_distribution = np.exp(-
((x - mean)**2/(2.0*sigma**2)))/constant
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 5));
ax.plot(x, pdf_normal_distribution);
ax.set ylim(0);
```

```
ax.set title('Normal Distribution', size = 20);
ax.set ylabel('Probability Density', size = 20)
import os
import scipy
import urllib
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.stats import norm, multivariate normal
import plotly
import plotly.graph objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make subplots
def forward diffusion process (img prev, beta, t):
    beta t = beta[t].reshape(-1, 1, 1)
        #Calculate mean and variance
    mu = np.sqrt((1.0 - beta t)) * img prev
    sigma = np.sqrt(beta t)
        #Obtain image at timestep t using equation
    img t = mu + sigma * np.random.randn(*img prev.shape)
    return img t
#Input
img = Image.open("/content/Prostate.png")
IMG SIZE = (128, 128)
img = img.resize(size=IMG SIZE)
img curr = np.asarray(img.copy(), dtype=np.float32) / 255.
#Parameters
timesteps = 100
beta start = 0.0001
beta end = 0.05
beta = np.linspace(beta start, beta end, num=timesteps, dtype=np.float
print("Beta: ", beta)
processed images = []
# Run the forward process to obtain img after t timesteps
for t in range(timesteps):
    img curr = forward diffusion process(img prev=img curr, beta=beta,
 t=t)
    if t%20==0 or t==timesteps - 1:
        sample = (img curr.clip(0, 1) * 255.0).astype(np.uint8)
        processed images.append(sample)
#Plot and see samples at different timesteps
, ax = plt.subplots(1, len(processed images), figsize=(12, 5))
for i, sample in enumerate (processed images):
    ax[i].imshow(sample)
    ax[i].set title(f"Timestep: {i*20}")
    ax[i].axis("off")
    ax[i].grid(False)
plt.suptitle("forward diffusion process", y=0.75)
plt.show()
```

Image generator

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import *
from tensorflow.keras.models import *
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.keras.utils import load img
import tensorflow
import tensorflow as tf
# from tf.keras.utils import load img
from tensorflow.keras.utils import img to array
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
# Total Generated number
total number = 20
data gen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1. / 255, shear range=0.2,
                              zoom range=0.2, horizontal flip=True)
# !unzip '/content/Desktop.zip'
# Create image to tensor
img = load img("/content/drive/MyDrive/G/generated 0 523..png",
grayscale=False)
arr = img to array(img)
tensor image = arr.reshape((1, ) + arr.shape)
for i, in enumerate (data gen.flow (x=tensor image,
                                    batch size=1,
                                    save to dir="/content",
                                    save prefix="generated",
                                    save format=".png")):
   if i > total number:
      break
```

Image enhancement with Keras epochs Increasing image resolution

```
import numpy as np
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, Activation, Reshape
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array,
load_img
```

```
# Define the dimensions of the input image
input height = 123
input width = 217
# Define the number of training epochs
epochs = 1000
# Load and preprocess the input image
input image = load img('/content/ProstateBad.jpeg',
target size=(input height, input width), color mode='grayscale')
input image = img to array(input image) / 255.0 # Normalize pixel
values to the range [0, 1]
input image = np.expand dims(input image, axis=0)
# Repeat the grayscale image across three channels
input image = np.repeat(input image, 3, axis=-1)
# Define the model architecture
model = Sequential()
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), padding='same',
input shape=(input height, input width, 3)))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), padding='same'))
model.add(Activation('relu'))
model.add(Conv2D(3, (3, 3), padding='same'))
model.add(Activation('sigmoid'))
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.001), loss='mse')
# Train the model
model.fit(input image, input image, epochs=epochs, verbose=1)
# Generate the enhanced image
enhanced image = model.predict(input image)
# Rescale the enhanced image back to the range [0, 255]
enhanced image = enhanced image.squeeze() * 255.0
enhanced image = enhanced image.astype(np.uint8)
# Save the enhanced image
enhanced image = enhanced image.reshape((input height, input width,
keras.preprocessing.image.save img('enhanced image2.jpg',
enhanced image)
```

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from google.colab.patches import cv2 imshow
# Load the color image
image = cv2.imread('/content/ProstateBad.jpeg')
# Convert the color image to grayscale
gray image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR BGR2GRAY)
# Resize the grayscale image to the desired dimensions
# desired width = 217
# desired height = 123
gray image = cv2.resize(gray image, (desired width, desired height))
# Convert the grayscale image to 8-bit unsigned integer
gray image = np.uint8(gray image)
# Apply various image enhancement techniques
enhanced image = gray image.copy()
# Apply noise reduction techniques (e.g., Gaussian blur)
enhanced image = cv2.GaussianBlur(enhanced image, (3, 3), 0)
# Adjust the image contrast using histogram equalization
enhanced image = cv2.equalizeHist(enhanced image)
# Increase image sharpness using unsharp masking
enhanced image = cv2.GaussianBlur(enhanced image, (3, 3), 0)
enhanced image = cv2.addWeighted(enhanced image, 1.5, gray image, -
0.5, 0)
# Apply dynamic range adjustment (e.g., contrast stretching)
min intensity = np.min(enhanced image)
max intensity = np.max(enhanced image)
enhanced image = (enhanced image - min intensity) / (max intensity -
min intensity) * 255
# Reduce compression artifacts using JPEG deblocking
enhanced image = cv2.fastNlMeansDenoising(gray image, None, 10, 7, 21)
# Apply artistic interpretation or style transfer techniques
# (e.g., using pre-trained neural networks)
# Display the enhanced image
cv2 imshow(enhanced image)
```

Cancer Detection with EfficientNetB3

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import *
from tensorflow.keras.models import *
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
!unzip '/content/Project 1 DWI.zip'
train datagen = image.ImageDataGenerator(
    rotation range=15,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal flip=True,
    fill_mode='nearest',
    width shift range=0.1,
    height shift range=0.1)
val datagen= image.ImageDataGenerator(
    rotation range=15,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal flip=True,
    fill mode='nearest',
    width shift range=0.1,
    height shift range=0.1)
test datagen= image.ImageDataGenerator(
   rotation range=15,
    shear range=0.2,
    zoom range=0.2,
    horizontal flip=True,
    fill mode='nearest',
    width shift range=0.1,
    height shift range=0.1)
train generator = train datagen.flow from directory(
    '/content/train',
    target size = (224, 224),
    batch size = 8,
    class mode = 'categorical')
test_generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    '/content/valid',
    target size = (224, 224),
    batch_size = 8,
    shuffle=True,
    class mode = 'categorical')
validation generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    '/content/test',
    target_size = (224, 224),
```

```
batch size = 8,
    shuffle=True,
    class mode = 'categorical')
base model = tf.keras.applications.EfficientNetB3(weights='imagenet',
input shape=(224,224,3), include top=False)
for layer in base model.layers:
    layer.trainable=True
model = Sequential()
model.add(base model)
model.add(GaussianNoise(0.25))
model.add(GlobalAveragePooling2D())
model.add(Dense(1024, activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization())
model.add(GaussianNoise(0.25))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(Dense(2, activation='sigmoid'))
model.summary()
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer=tf.keras.opti
mizers.Adam(learning rate=0.000001), metrics=['accuracy', 'AUC', 'Precisi
on','Recall'])
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping
es=EarlyStopping(monitor='val loss',patience=3)
history = model.fit(
    train generator,
    epochs=100,
    validation data=validation generator
model.evaluate(train generator)
model.evaluate(validation generator)
imag = tf.keras.utils.load img('/content/Test Internet CancerDWI.jpg')
imaq
from PIL import Image
img=Image.open("/content/Test Internet CancerDWI.jpg")
w, h=img.size  # w=Width and h=Height
print("Width =",w,end="\t")
print("Height =",h)
imag = imag.resize((224, 224))
from PIL import Image
w, h=imag.size # w=Width and h=Height
print("Width =",w,end="\t")
print("Height =",h)
from tensorflow.keras.utils import load img
```

```
from keras.preprocessing import image
img = tf.keras.utils.load img('/content/Test Internet CancerDWI.jpg',t
arget_size=(224,224))
# imag = tf.keras.utils.load img('/content/Test Internet CancerDWI.jpg
imaga = np.expand dims(imag,axis=0)
ypred = model.predict(imaga)
print(ypred)
a=np.argmax(ypred,-1)
if a==0:
 op="Cancer"
elif a==1:
 op="Normal"
plt.imshow(img)
print("THE UPLOADED IMAGE IS SUSPECTED AS: "+str(op))
tf.keras.models.save model(model, 'mymodel.vahid')
!pip install streamlit
```