Review OOP & UML

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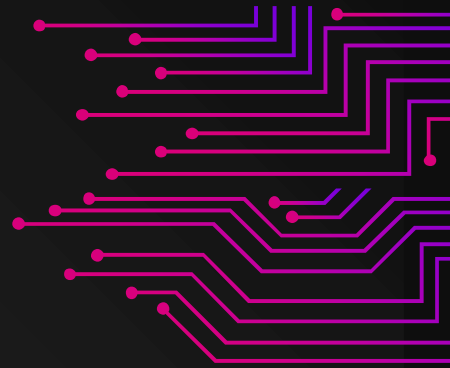
Why OOP?

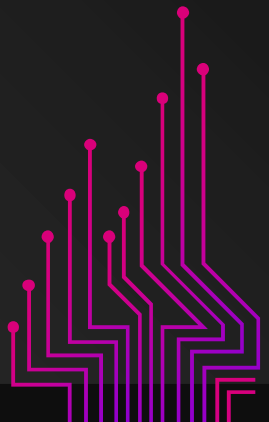
OOP

- OOP can make software development more modular
- Which can make it easier to upgrade and update
- OOP systems can be easily upgraded from small to large systems
- It is very easy to partition the work in a project

Class Attributes

- **Java class attributes** are the variables that are bound in a class
- A class attribute defines the state of the class during program execution
- A class attribute is accessible within class methods by default.





Lets See an Example!

```
class practice {
    private String ;
    public String Final_Name;
    final int Age = 20;
    static double Height;
    protected int Number;
}
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Access modifiers Review

Private

Protected

Public

02
Methods

Class Methods

- A method in Java is a set of instructions that can be called for execution using the method name
- Getters and setters are used to protect your data

Lets See an Example!

```
1       private String ;
2       public String Final_Name;
3       final int Age = 20;
4       static double Height;
5       protected int Number;
6       double Change_Grade(double Grade){
7           return Grade*2;
8       }
9       String add(String Name, String Final_Name){
10          return Name + " " + Final_Name;
11      }
```

03

Constructors

Constructors

- A constructor is a special method in a class that initializes new objects.
- In most programming languages, the constructor has the same name as the class. (such as JAVA)

What are the types of Constructors?

No Arguements

Default

Parametrized

Lets See an Example!

```
practice (String n){
    Name = n;
}

practice(String Name , String Final_Name , double Grade){
    this.Grade = Grade;
    this.Final_Name=Final_Name;
    this.Name = Name;
}

practice(String Name , String Final_Name , int Age){
    this(Name);
}
```

Sequence

Defince Class → Declare variables → Access Modifiers

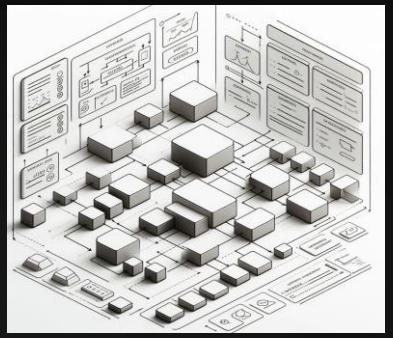
Constructors → Methods → Make an Object


"eslintConfig": {
"extends": [
"react-app",
"react-app/"
]
},
position: fixed;
left: 0;
top: 0;
right: 0;
bottom: 0;
background-color: rgba(14, 7, 7, 0.514);
opacity: 0;
transition: all 0.3s ease-in-out;
pointer-events: none;
display: flex;
align-items: start;
justify-content: center;
.App {
text-align: center;
}
Uml Diagrams!

04

UML

UML

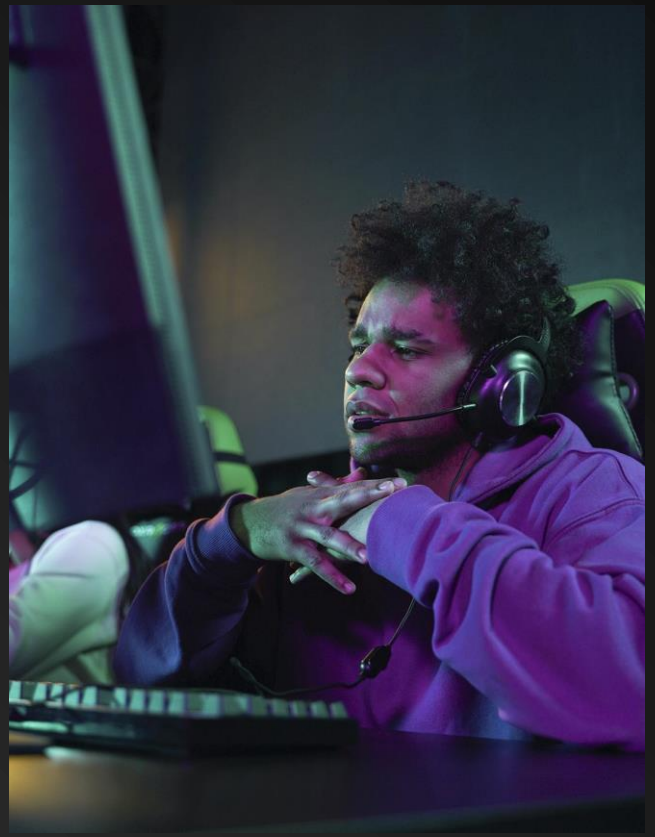


- The UML Class diagram is a graphical notation
- Is used to construct and visualize object oriented systems
- Is a type of static structure diagram
- Describes the structure of a system

Important Marks

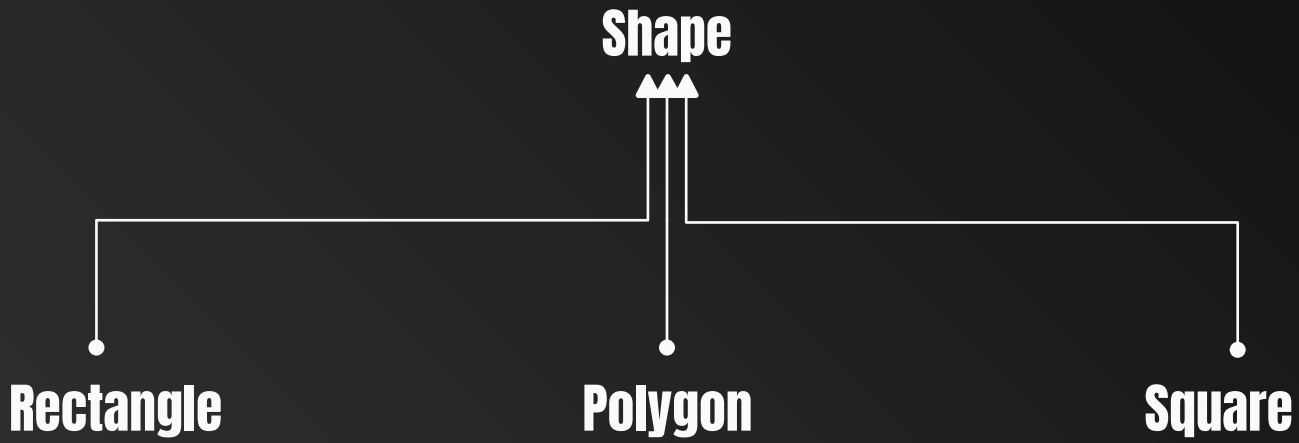
Public	Private	Protected
+	-	#
Package	**Derived**	**Static**
~	/	_

Why do we need UML Diagrams?

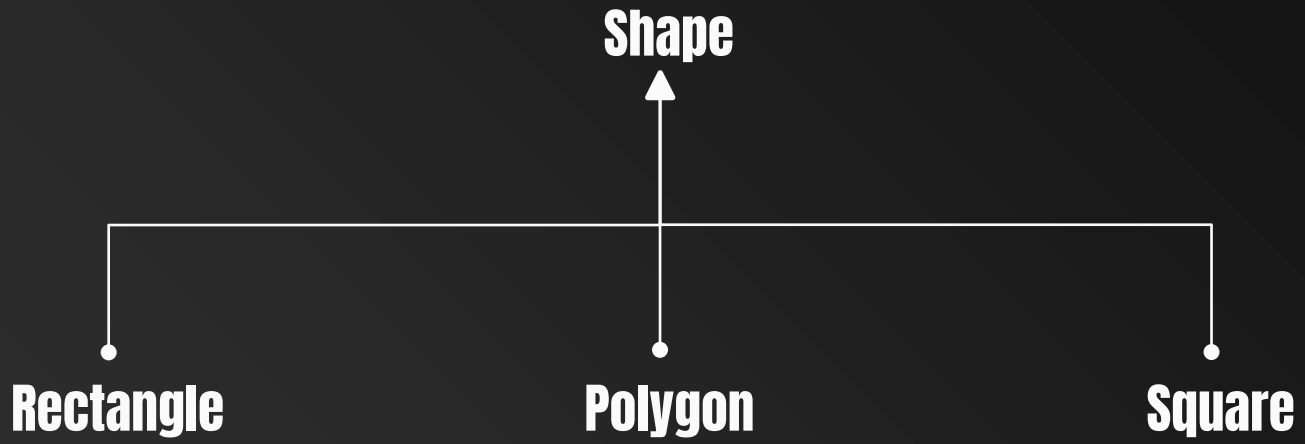


UML provides a standardized way to visualize the design of a system

Separate Targets

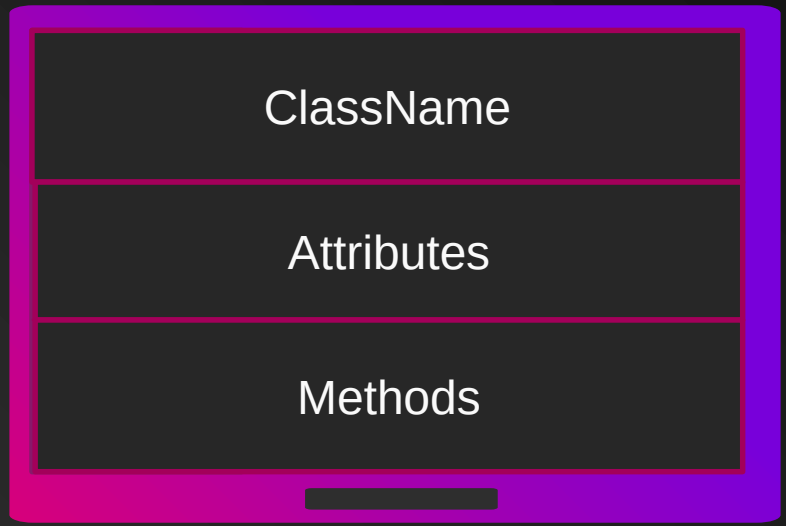


Shared Targets



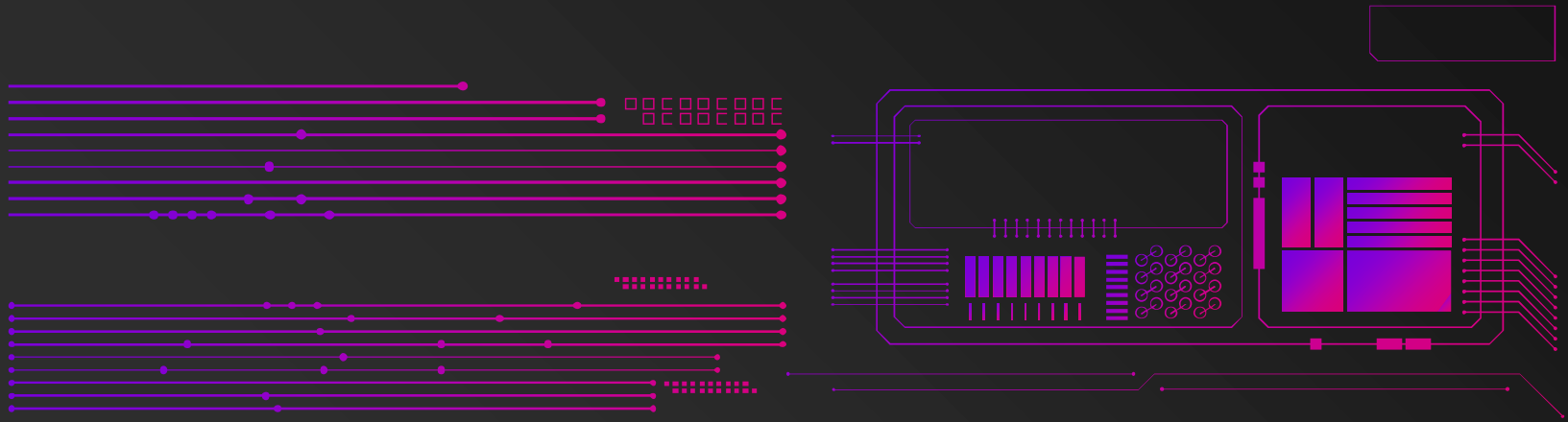
Info Shown

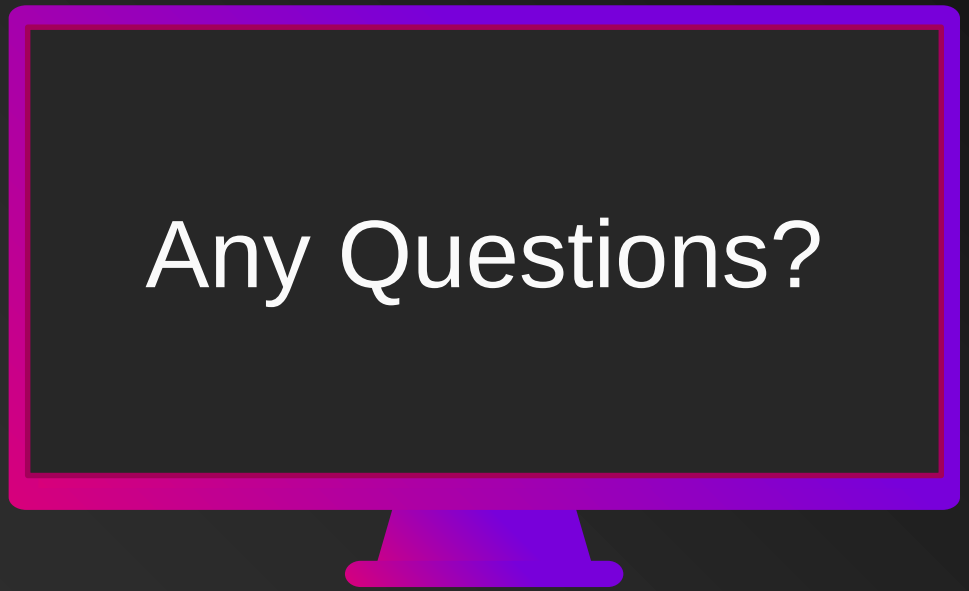
- Variable Names
- Access modifiers
- Methods and Their Arguements



Resources

https://www.w3schools.com/java/java_classes.asp
https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/java-tutorial/methods-in-java
https://www.javatpoint.com/java-constructor
https://www.programiz.com/java-programming/constructors




Any Questions?

Thanks!