#List local Images docker images

#Log in to a remote registry docker login -u user

#Start container in background docker run -d nginx

#Run a container docker run -d -it -p 80:80 -v /nfs:/var/www/html registry.redhat.io/rhel8/httpd-24

#Assign it a hostname docker run --hostname anibrain nginx

#Assign it a dns entry docker run --add-host HOSTNAME:IP IMAGE

#Copy a file from a container to the host docker cp containername:/indez.html indez.html

#Copy a file from the host to a container docker cp indez.html containername:/indez.html

#Pull an image from a remote registry docker pull registry.redhat.io/rhel8/httpd-24

#Push an image from a remote registry docker tag 27941809078c vvgadhave/ubuntu:firsttry #need to tag your image first docker push vvgadhave/ubuntu:firsttry #then you can push the image

#List the running containers docker ps

#List the running containers # no difference between ls and ps docker container ls

#List the running and non running containers docker container ls -a

#Execute a command in a running container docker exec -it containerid /bin/bash

#Execute a command by root in a running container docker exec -u 0 -it a34b5708919d /bin/bash

#Display the logs of a container docker logs containerid

#Save an image docker save -o test.tar imagename

#Load an image docker load -i /path/test.tar

#Start an existing container docker start containerid

#Stop an existing container docker stop containerid

#Restart an existing container docker restart containerid

#Remove a container docker rm containerid

#Remove a container image docker rmi containerimages

#Docker version docker version

#Log out docker logout

#Create a new image based on the current state of a running container docker commit containerid newImage:tag

#Restart an existing container docker restart containerid

#Wait on one or more containers to stop docker wait container1 [container2...]

#Stop a running container gracefully docker stop containerid

#Kill a running container docker kill containerid

#Remove a container (use -f if the container is running) docker rm [-f] containerid

#Display a live stream of a container's resource usage docker stats containerid

#Return metadata (in JSON) about a running container docker inspect containerid

#Processors running on Docker docker top container-id

#Delete volume forcefully docker volume prune

#Remove all stopped containers docker container prune

#Build docker images docker build -t yourusername/repository-name.

#Specify the docker file if having other name docker build -f dockerfile.dev .

#Show all modified files 1n container docker diff containerid

#Show mapped ports of a container docker port containerid

#Search an image in official repository docker search nginx

URL: https://dockerlabs.collabnix.com/docker/cheatsheet/

#Stop and Remove Containers with all networks and devices docker-compose down

# Stop Containers and detach docker-compose down -d

# Create Containers and don't start docker-compose create ### old command docker-compose up —nostart ### new command

#Start the stopped Containers docker-compose start

#Stop Containers docker-compose stop

#Remove Containers docker-compose stop

#List containers docker-compose ls

#Check and list the state of container docker-compose ps

#Check and list the state of exited containers docker-compose ls -a

#Pause the container docker-compose pause

#Unpause the container docker-compose unpause

#Kill Containers docker-compose kill

#Check logs docker-compose logs -f

#check port of any particular service in docker-compose file docker-compose port webapp1 80 #Execute any command in running container of compose file docker-compose exec webapp1 ls #Only pull the images from docker-compose file docker-compose pull **#Scale conatiners** docker-compose scale webapp1=4 webapp2=6 FROM ubuntu:18.04 #Add base image LABEL name vaibhav #Add name labels to container LABEL email vvgadhave@gmail.com #Add email label ENV NAME vaibhav #Add enviroment variables ENV PASS Passwd@123# #Add environment variables RUN pwd > /home/test.txt # (/) Run command WORKDIR /tmp # Change working directory, default may be / RUN pwd > /home/test.txt #(/tmp) output after changing working directory USER vaibhavg # Switch user from root to vaibhavg COPY test.txt /tmp/ #Copy local test.txt file from local to container /tmp/ ADD test.txt.tar /tmp #Extract contents from test.txt.tar in /tmp CMD ["python"] #Run any specific command in container CMD ["/bin/bash"] # If having multiple CMD in docker file then last CMD will execute when container is up ENTRYPOINT ["test.sh"] # Executes as soon as the container is up version: '2.2' services: node01: image: docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:7.11.1 container name: node01 environment: - node.name=node01 - cluster.name=es-cluster-7 - discovery.type=single-node - "ES JAVA OPTS=-Xms128m -Xmx128m" ulimits: memlock: soft: -1 hard: -1 volumes:

- es-data01:/usr/share/elasticsearch/data

image: docker.elastic.co/kibana/kibana:7.11.1

ELASTICSEARCH HOSTS: http://node01:9200

ports:

kibana:

ports:

- 9200:9200 networks: - es-network

environment:

```
networks:
   - es-network
  depends_on:
   - node01
  restart: always
                 #(no = never restart | always = if container stops for nay reason | on-failure = only restart if
stops by any error code | unless-stopped = always restart wnless we forcefully stop it )
 heartbeat:
  image: docker.elastic.co/beats/heartbeat:7.11.1
  environment:
   ELASTICSEARCH_HOSTS: http://node01:9200
  volumes:
   - /home/vaibhavg/kibana/heartbeat.yml:/usr/share/heartbeat/heartbeat.yml:ro
  networks:
   - es-network
  depends_on:
   - node01
volumes:
 es-data01:
  driver: local
networks:
 es-network:
  driver: bridge
# Install ssh server in container
RUN apt install openssh-server -y
EXPOSE 22
CMD ["/usr/sbin/sshd", "-D"]
#URL for docker-machine
https://docker-docs.netlify.app/machine/install-machine/
#Check Version
docker-machine version
#List docker machines
docker-machine ls
#Create docker machines
docker-machine create --driver virtualbox machine1
#You need to tell Docker to talk to the new machine. You can do this with the docker-machine env command.
docker-machine env machine1
#Connect your shell to the new machine.
eval "$(docker-machine env machine1)"
#Start a Docker machine
```

- 5601:5601

docker-machine start machine1

#Stop a Docker machine docker-machine stop machine 1

#Restart a Docker machine docker-machine restart machine 1

#Configuration for a Docker machine docker-machine config machine1

#Inspect a Docker machine docker-machine inspect machine1

#Get ip of a Docker machine docker-machine ip machine1

#Kill a Docker machine docker-machine kill machine1

#regenerated certificates for a Docker machine docker-machine regenerate-certs machine1

#ssh a Docker machine docker-machine ssh machine 1

#Status a Docker machine docker-machine status machine 1

#upgrade a Docker machine docker-machine upgrade machine1

#Stop a Docker machine docker-machine url machine1

##### Docker Swarm #####Docker always recommends to promote manager as 1,3,5,7.. (as odd no)

#To create a new docker swarm leader docker swarm init

#To chek the list of nodes connected to docker swarm docker node ls

#To get the docker initialise link again to join worker docker swarm join-token worker

#To get the docker initialise link again to join mananger docker swarm join-token manager

#To exit from docker swarm manager (Run this comand on worker) docker swarm leave

#To remove any worker from group (Run this command on manager) docker node rm worker2

#To inspect worker information docker node inspect worker1

#To promote docker worker to manager docker node promote worker1 worker2

#To demote docker worker to manager docker node demote worker1 worker2

#To create a service docker service create -d alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To create a service with replicas docker service create -d --replicas 4 alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To check the running serices. docker service ls

#To check where the serices are running docker service ps ajdlkjdlii211

#To scale docker conatainers docker service scale asdekjjkajdf=4 dasdewdqw=4

#To run the serice globally docker service create --mode global alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To run container on manager only docker service create --constraint="node.role==manager" alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To run container on any particular worker only docker service create --constraint="node.role==worker" alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To add any label to any worker (Labels are required because you can run containers on any particular workers by this) docker node update --label-add="ssd=true" worker1

#TO remove any label from worker docker node update --label-rm ssd node2

#To create a service on docker docker service create --replicas 4 alpine ping 10.0.2.6

#To check wether service working on manager or worker (rgdwt4x9f8kqzyetwu861wbqm = service id) docker service ps rgdwt4x9f8kqzyetwu861wbqm

#To list all services docker service ls

#To run any service on particular worker by using labels docker service create --constraint="node.labels.ssd==true" --replicas=3 -d alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To pause any running worker node but it will not shift any load to manager docker node update --availability=pause worker2

#To unpause any running worker node but it will not shift any load to worker docker node update --availability=active worker2

#To move all containers from running worker node to other automatically docker node update --availability=drain worker2

#To run compose-file as stack deploy docker stack deploy --compose-file docker-compose.yml Demo

#To remove stack docker stack rm Demo

#List no of stacks docker stack ls

#To check on which machines stacks are running docker stack ps Demo.