#List local Images docker images

#Log in to a remote registry docker login -u user

#Start container in background docker run -d nginx

#Run a container docker run -d -it -p 80:80 -v /nfs:/var/www/html registry.redhat.io/rhel8/httpd-24

#Assign it a hostname docker run --hostname anibrain nginx

#Assign it a dns entry docker run --add-host HOSTNAME:IP IMAGE

#Copy a file from a container to the host docker cp containername:/indez.html indez.html

#Copy a file from the host to a container docker cp indez.html containername:/indez.html

#Pull an image from a remote registry docker pull registry.redhat.io/rhel8/httpd-24

#Push an image from a remote registry docker tag 27941809078c vvgadhave/ubuntu:firsttry #need to tag your image first docker push vvgadhave/ubuntu:firsttry #then you can push the image

#List the running containers docker ps

#List the running containers # no difference between ls and ps docker container ls

#List the running and non running containers docker container ls -a

#Execute a command in a running container docker exec -it containerid /bin/bash

#Execute a command by root in a running container docker exec -u 0 -it a34b5708919d /bin/bash

#Display the logs of a container docker logs containerid

#Save an image docker save -o imagename > /path/test.tar

#Load an image docker load -i /path/test.tar

#Start an existing container docker start containerid

#Stop an existing container docker stop containerid

#Restart an existing container docker restart containerid

#Remove a container docker rm containerid

#Remove a container image docker rmi containerimages

#Docker version docker version

#Log out docker logout

#Create a new image based on the current state of a running container docker commit containerid newImage:tag

#Restart an existing container docker restart containerid

#Wait on one or more containers to stop docker wait container1 [container2...]

#Stop a running container gracefully docker stop containerid

#Kill a running container docker kill containerid

#Remove a container (use -f if the container is running) docker rm [-f] containerid

#Display a live stream of a container's resource usage docker stats containerid

#Return metadata (in JSON) about a running container docker inspect containerid

#Processors running on Docker docker top container-id

#Delete volume forcefully docker volume prune

#Remove all stopped containers docker container prune

#Build docker images docker build -t yourusername/repository-name.

#Specify the docker file if having other name docker build -f dockerfile.dev .

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#Show all modified files 1n container
docker diff containerid
#Show mapped ports of a container
docker port containerid
#Search an image in official repository
docker search nginx
URL: https://dockerlabs.collabnix.com/docker/cheatsheet/
FROM ubuntu:18.04 #Add base image
LABEL name vaibhav #Add name labels to container
LABEL email vvgadhave@gmail.com #Add email label
ENV NAME vaibhav #Add enviroment variables
ENV PASS Passwd@123# #Add environment variables
RUN pwd > /home/test.txt # (/) Run command
WORKDIR /tmp # Change working directory, default may be /
RUN pwd > /home/test.txt #(/tmp) output after changing working directory
USER vaibhavg # Switch user from root to vaibhavg
COPY test.txt /tmp/ #Copy local test.txt file from local to container /tmp/
ADD test.txt.tar /tmp #Extract contents from test.txt.tar in /tmp
CMD ["python"] #Run any specific command in container
CMD ["/bin/bash"] # If having multiple CMD in docker file then last CMD will execute when container is up
ENTRYPOINT ["test.sh"] # Executes as soon as the container is up
version: '2.2'
services:
 node01:
  image: docker.elastic.co/elasticsearch/elasticsearch:7.11.1
  container name: node01
  environment:
   - node.name=node01
   - cluster.name=es-cluster-7
   - discovery.type=single-node
   - "ES JAVA OPTS=-Xms128m -Xmx128m"
  ulimits:
   memlock:
    soft: -1
    hard: -1
  volumes:
   - es-data01:/usr/share/elasticsearch/data
  ports:
   - 9200:9200
  networks:
   - es-network
 kibana:
  image: docker.elastic.co/kibana/kibana:7.11.1
  environment:
   ELASTICSEARCH HOSTS: http://node01:9200
```

ports:

```
networks:
   - es-network
  depends_on:
   - node01
  restart: always
                 #(no = never restart | always = if container stops for nay reason | on-failure = only restart if
stops by any error code | unless-stopped = always restart wnless we forcefully stop it )
 heartbeat:
  image: docker.elastic.co/beats/heartbeat:7.11.1
  environment:
   ELASTICSEARCH_HOSTS: http://node01:9200
  volumes:
   - /home/vaibhavg/kibana/heartbeat.yml:/usr/share/heartbeat/heartbeat.yml:ro
  networks:
   - es-network
  depends_on:
   - node01
volumes:
 es-data01:
  driver: local
networks:
 es-network:
  driver: bridge
# Install ssh server in container
RUN apt install openssh-server -y
EXPOSE 22
CMD ["/usr/sbin/sshd", "-D"]
#URL for docker-machine
https://docker-docs.netlify.app/machine/install-machine/
#Check Version
docker-machine version
#List docker machines
docker-machine ls
#Create docker machines
docker-machine create --driver virtualbox machine1
#You need to tell Docker to talk to the new machine. You can do this with the docker-machine env command.
docker-machine env machine1
#Connect your shell to the new machine.
eval "$(docker-machine env machine1)"
#Start a Docker machine
docker-machine start machine1
```

- 5601:5601

#Stop a Docker machine docker-machine stop machine 1

#Restart a Docker machine docker-machine restart machine 1

#Configuration for a Docker machine docker-machine config machine1

#Inspect a Docker machine docker-machine inspect machine 1

#Get ip of a Docker machine docker-machine ip machine1

#Kill a Docker machine docker-machine kill machine 1

#regenerated certificates for a Docker machine docker-machine regenerate-certs machine1

#ssh a Docker machine docker-machine ssh machine 1

#Status a Docker machine docker-machine status machine 1

#upgrade a Docker machine docker-machine upgrade machine 1

#Stop a Docker machine docker-machine url machine1

Docker Swarm #####Docker always recommends to promote manager as 1,3,5,7.. (as odd no) #To create a new docker swarm leader docker swarm init

#To chek the list of nodes connected to docker swarm docker node ls

#To get the docker initialise link again to join worker docker swarm join-token worker

#To get the docker initialise link again to join mananger docker swarm join-token manager

#To exit from docker swarm manager (Run this comand on worker) docker swarm leave

#To remove any worker from group (Run this command on manager) docker node rm worker2

#To inspect worker information docker node inspect worker1

#To promote docker worker to manager docker node promote worker1 worker2

#To demote docker worker to manager docker node demote worker1 worker2

#To create a service docker service create -d alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To create a service with replicas docker service create -d --replicas 4 alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To check the running serices. docker service ls

#To check where the serices are running docker service ps ajdlkjdlii211

#To scale docker conatainers docker service scale asdekjjkajdf=4 dasdewdqw=4

#To run the serice globally docker service create --mode global alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To run container on manager only docker service create --constraint="node.role==manager" alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To run container on any particular worker only docker service create --constraint="node.role==worker" alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To add any label to any worker (Labels are required because you can run containers on any particular workers by this) docker node update --label-add="ssd=true" worker1

#TO remove any label from worker docker node update --label-rm ssd node2

#To run any service on particular worker by using labels docker service create --constraint="node.labels.ssd==true" --replicas=3 -d alpine ping 8.8.8.8

#To pause any running worker node docker node update --availability=pause worker2

#To unpause any running worker node docker node update --availability=active worker2

#To move all containers from running worker node to other automatically docker node update --availability=drain worker2

#To run compose-file as stack deploy docker stack deploy --compose-file docker-compose.yml Demo

#To remove stack docker stack rm Demo

#List no of stacks docker stack ls

#To check on which machines stacks are running docker stack ps Demo.