#### 1

# Assignment 15

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Abstract—This document solves a problem involving Consider, linear transformations.

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Vaibhav11002/EE5609/tree/ master/Assignment 15

### 1 Problem

Let V be a vector space over the field F and T is a linear operator on V. If  $T^2 = 0$ , what can you say about the relation of the range of T to the null space of T? Give an example of linear operator T on  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $\mathbb{T}^2 = 0$  but  $\mathbb{T} \neq 0$ .

2 Solution

Given,

$$\mathbf{T}: \mathbf{V} \to \mathbf{V} \tag{2.0.1}$$

Now,  $T^2$  is also a linear operator as,

$$\mathbf{T}^{2}(c\alpha) = \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{T}(c\alpha)) = \mathbf{T}(c\mathbf{T}(\alpha))$$
 (2.0.2)

$$= c\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{T}(\alpha)) = c\mathbf{T}^{2}(\alpha) \qquad (2.0.3)$$

Let some vector  $\mathbf{y} \in \text{Range}(\mathbf{T})$  then there exists  $\mathbf{x} \in$ V such that,

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{v} \tag{2.0.4}$$

Now given that,

$$\mathbf{T}^2(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x})) = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{v}) = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.0.7}$$

∴ y lies in the Null space of T. Hence T is singular. Thus, the range of T must be contained in Null space of **T** i.e., Range(**T**)  $\subseteq$  NullSpace(**T**)

## 2.1 Example

$$\mathbf{T}: \mathbf{R}^2 \to \mathbf{R}^2 \tag{2.1.1}$$

$$\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \tag{2.1.2}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{T} \neq 0$$
 (2.1.3)

Now,

$$\mathbf{T}^2: \mathbf{R}^2 \to \mathbf{R}^2 \tag{2.1.4}$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{2}(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{T}(\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{x})) \tag{2.1.5}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.1.6}$$

$$\implies \mathbf{T}^2(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.1.7}$$

Thus  $T^2$  is a zero transformation,

$$\implies \mathbf{T}^2 = \mathbf{0} \tag{2.1.8}$$

Thus from (2.1.3), (2.1.8) it is clear that  $T^2 = 0$  but  $\mathbf{T} \neq 0$ .