

Hypothesis Tests

Population Mean for one sample Population Standard Deviation for one sample



Parametric Tests for Means

- Test for means is done under two assumptions:
 - Population Standard Deviation is known
 - Population Standard Deviation is unknown
- For Known Standard Deviation: Z-test
- For Unknown Std Deviation: t-test
- Assumption: Sample is drawn from a population which follows Normal Distribution



Parametric Test

T-TEST FOR ONE SAMPLE MEAN



One Sample t-test

- One Sample t-test is test for mean of single population
- Assumption: Sample has been drawn from population which is Normal
- Suppose that we want to test whether population mean of the population from which sample is drawn is a particular value, say μ_0

$$H_0$$
: $\mu = \mu_0$ against H_1 : $\mu \neq \mu_0$



Test Statistic

- The test statistic of the t-test can be proved to be following t distribution with (n-1) degrees of freedom
- The test statistic is given by:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{S / \sqrt{n}}$$

Where

 $\bar{\mathbf{x}}$: Sample Mean

 μ_0 : Population mean to be tested

s : Sample Standard Deviation

n : Sample Size



Example

- Given data on plant growth contains weights of dried plants for three different treatments
- We want to test the hypothesis whether the mean weight of the dried plants is 6 for the population



Solution

$$H_0$$
: $\mu = 6$ against H_1 : $\mu \neq 6$

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - 6}{S / \sqrt{n}}$$

Where

 \bar{x} : Sample Mean

 $\mu_0\,:$ Population mean to be tested

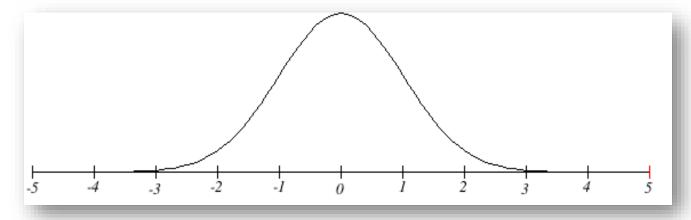
s : Sample Standard Deviation

n : Sample Size



Calculations

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - 6}{s / \sqrt{n}} = -7.241$$



• We see here that area under the curve at both sides is less than 0.01. Hence, we reject null hypothesis ${\cal H}_0$



One Sample t-test in Python

Syntax:

scipy.stats.ttest_1samp(a, popmean, ...)

where

a: Numerical vector

popmean: Population mean to be tested (μ_0)



Python Program

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
    from scipy import stats
    PlantGrowth = pd.read_csv("G:/Statistics (Python)/Datasets/PlantGrowth.csv")
    stats.ttest_1samp(PlantGrowth.weight,popmean=6.0)
Out[1]: Ttest_1sampResult(statistic=-7.241082682752039, pvalue=5.666151490495602e-08)
```

- We observe here that p-value is less than 0.05 and even 0.01. Hence, we reject H_0 .
- Conclusion: Population mean of the weight of plants may not be 6 at 1% level of significance



Questions?