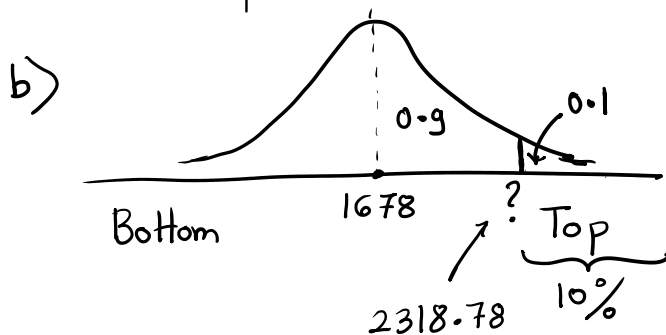
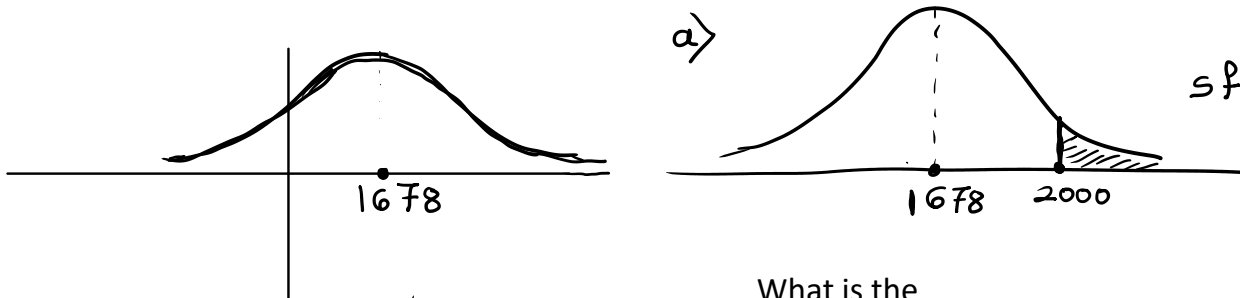


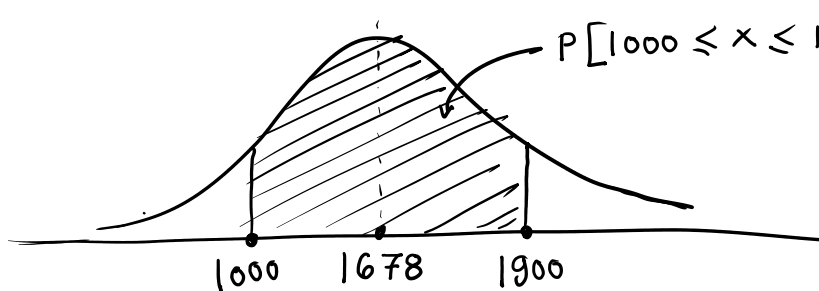
2. In an insurance company, daily amount of claims is normally distributed with mean \$1678 with standard deviation \$500. Find the following:
- Probability that amounts exceeds \$2000
 - What is the minimum amount of claims for the top 10% of the daily claims?
 - Probability that the amount is between \$1000 and \$1900.



What is the minimum amount of claims for the top 10% of the daily claims?

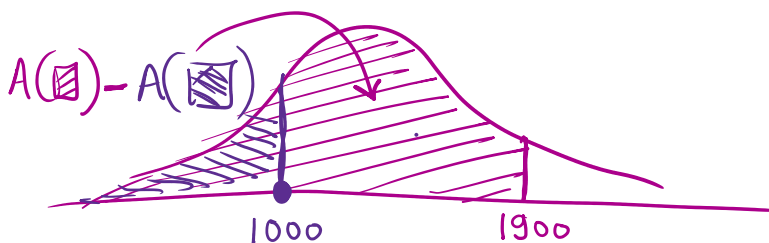
$$ppf(0.9, -)$$

- c) Probability that the amount is between \$1000 and \$1900.



$$P[1000 \leq x \leq 1900] = \int_{1000}^{1900} f(x) dx$$

$$= P[x \leq 1900] - P[x \leq 1000]$$

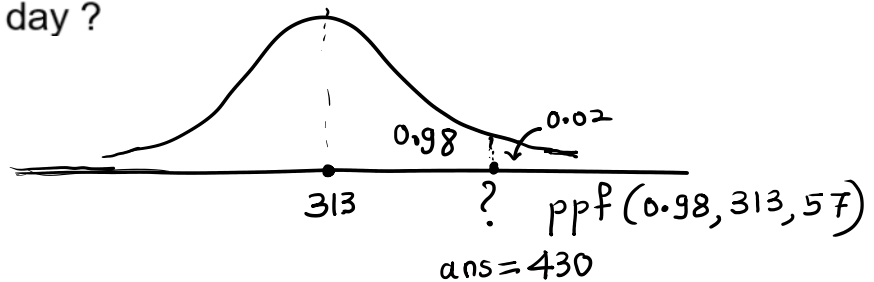


A fast-food restaurant sells As and Bs. On a typical weekday the demand for As is normally distributed with mean 313 and standard deviation 57; the demand for Bs is normally distributed with mean 93 and standard deviation 22.

- A) How many As must the restaurant stock to be 98% sure of not running

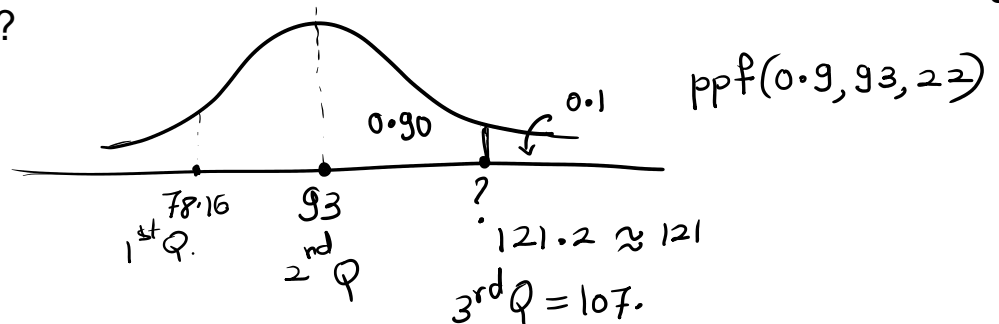
22.

A) How many As must the restaurant stock to be 98% sure of not running out of stock on a given day?



A fast-food restaurant sells As and Bs. On a typical weekday the demand for As is normally distributed with mean 313 and standard deviation 57; the demand for Bs is normally distributed with mean 93 and standard deviation 22.

B) How many Bs must the restaurant stock to be 90% sure of not running out on a given day?



A fast-food restaurant sells As and Bs. On a typical weekday the demand for As is normally distributed with mean 313 and standard deviation 57; the demand for Bs is normally distributed with mean 93 and standard deviation 22.

C) If the restaurant stocks 450 As and 150 Bs for a given day, what is the probability that it will run out of As or Bs (or both) that day? Assume that the demand for As and Bs are probabilistically independent.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &X_A : \text{Demand of A} & X_B : \text{Demand of B} \\
 &X_A \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 313, \sigma^2 = 57^2) & X_B \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 93, \sigma^2 = 22^2) \\
 &450 \text{ As} & 150 \text{ Bs} \\
 &A \text{ out of stock} \equiv X_A > 450 & X_B > 150 \\
 &P(X_A > 450 \text{ or } X_B > 150 \text{ or } X_A > 450 \cap X_B > 150) & \text{AUB actually} \\
 &= P(X_A > 450) + P(X_B > 150) - P(X_A > 450 \cap X_B > 150) \\
 & & \underbrace{P(X_A > 450) * P(X_B > 150)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Joint & Marginal

25 May 2023 10:10

14. A Canadian business school summarized the gender and residency of its incoming class as follows:

| Gender | Residency | | | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------------|--------|------|-------|-----|
| | Canada | United States | Europe | Asia | Other | |
| Male | 125 | 18 | 17 | 50 | 8 | 218 |
| Female | 103 | 8 | 10 | 92 | 4 | 217 |
| | 228 | 26 | 27 | 142 | 12 | 435 |

Joint Probability Distribution

| | Canada | US | Europe | Asia | Others |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Male | 0.28736 | 0.04138 | 0.03908 | 0.11494 | 0.01839 |
| Female | 0.23678 | 0.01839 | 0.02299 | 0.21149 | 0.0092 |

$P(\text{Male} \cap \text{Canada})$

$P(\text{Male} \cap \text{Europe})$

$P(\text{Female} \cap \text{US})$

| | Canada | US | Europe | Asia | Others | |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Male | 0.28736 | 0.04138 | 0.03908 | 0.11494 | 0.01839 | 0.50115 |
| Female | 0.23678 | 0.01839 | 0.02299 | 0.21149 | 0.0092 | 0.49885 |
| | | | | | | 1 |

Marginal Distribution of Gender

| | Canada | US | Europe | Asia | Others | |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Male | 0.28736 | 0.04138 | 0.03908 | 0.11494 | 0.01839 | 0.50115 |
| Female | 0.23678 | 0.01839 | 0.02299 | 0.21149 | 0.0092 | 0.49885 |
| | 0.52414 | 0.05977 | 0.06207 | 0.32644 | 0.02759 | 1 |

Marginal Distribution of Country of Origin

| | Canada | US | Europe | Asia | Others | |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Male | 0.28736 | 0.04138 | 0.03908 | 0.11494 | 0.01839 | 0.50115 |
| Female | 0.23678 | 0.01839 | 0.02299 | 0.21149 | 0.0092 | 0.49885 |
| | 0.52414 | 0.05977 | 0.06207 | 0.32644 | 0.02759 | 1 |

What is the probability that a female student is from outside Canada or the United States? 0.2436

| Region | Book | DVD | Total |
|--------|------|-----|-------|
| East | 56 | 42 | 98 |
| North | 43 | 42 | 85 |
| South | 62 | 37 | 99 |
| West | 100 | 90 | 190 |
| Total | 261 | 211 | 472 |

- Find the marginal probabilities that a sale originated in each of the four regions and the marginal probability of each type of sale (book or DVD).
- Find the conditional probabilities of selling a book given that the customer resides in each region.

$$P(Bk|E) \quad P(Bk|N) \quad P(Bk|S) \quad P(Bk|W)$$

| Region | Book | DVD | |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| E | $P(Bk \cap E)$ 0.118644068 | $P(DVD \cap E)$ 0.088983051 | 0.20763 → $P(East)$ |
| N | $P(Bk \cap N)$ 0.091101695 | $P(DVD \cap N)$ 0.088983051 | 0.18008 $P(North)$ |
| S | $P(Bk \cap S)$ 0.131355932 | $P(DVD \cap S)$ 0.078389831 | 0.20975 $P(S)$ |
| W | $P(Bk \cap W)$ 0.211864407 | $P(DVD \cap W)$ 0.190677966 | 0.40254 $P(West)$ |
| | 0.552966102 | 0.447033898 | 1 |

$$P(Bk|E) = \frac{P(Bk \cap E)}{P(E)} = \frac{0.118644}{0.20763} = 0.5714$$

$$P(Bk|N) = 0.50588 \quad P(Bk|S) = 0.6263 \quad P(Bk|W) = 0.526316$$

| Region | Book | DVD | |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| E | $P(Bk \cap E)$ 0.118644068 | $P(DVD \cap E)$ 0.088983051 | 0.20763 → $P(East)$ |
| N | $P(Bk \cap N)$ 0.091101695 | $P(DVD \cap N)$ 0.088983051 | 0.18008 $P(North)$ |
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| | 0.552966102 | 0.447033898 | 1 |

$$P(Bk|E) = 0.1186 \quad P(DVD|E) = 0.0889 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Conditional Prob.} \\ \text{Distribution of} \end{array} \right.$$

$$P(B_k | E) = \frac{0.1186}{0.2076}$$

$$P(DVD | E) = \frac{0.0889}{0.2076}$$

{ Conditional Prob.
Distribution of
East Region

$$P(E | B) = \frac{P(E \cap B_k)}{P(B_k)}$$

$$P(W | B_k) = \frac{P(W \cap B_k)}{P(B_k)}$$

$$P(N | B_k) = \frac{P(N \cap B_k)}{P(B_k)}$$

$$P(S | B_k) = \frac{P(S \cap B_k)}{P(B_k)}$$

Conditional Prob Dist of Book