

### Lab Program-5

Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as .csv file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier considering few test data sets.

- It is a classification technique based on Bayes Theorem with an assumption of independence among predictors. In simple terms, a Naïve Bayes classifier assumes that the presence of a particular feature in a class is unrelated to the presence of other features. For example - a fruit may be considered to be an apple if it is red, round, and about 3 inches in diameter. Even if these features depend on each other or upon the existence of other features, all of these properties independently contribute to the probability that this fruit is an apple and that is why it is known as "Naïve".



```
print("Naive Bayes Classifier for concept learning  
problem")
```

```
import csv
```

```
import random
```

```
import math
```

```
import operator
```

```
def safe-div(x, y):
```

```
    if y == 0:
```

```
        return 0
```

```
    return x/y
```

```
def loadCsv(filename):
```

```
    lines = csv.reader(open(filename))
```

```
    dataset = list(lines)
```

```
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
```

```
        dataset[i] = [float(x) for x in dataset[i]]
```

```
    return dataset
```

```
def splitDataset(dataset, splitRatio):
```

```
    trainSize = int(len(dataset) * splitRatio)
```

```
    trainSet = []
```

```
    copy = list(dataset)
```

```
    i = 0
```

```
    while len(trainSet) < trainSize:
```

```
        trainSet.append(copy.pop(i))
```

```
    return [trainSet, copy]
```



```
def separateByClass(dataset):
    separated = {}
    for i in range(len(dataset)):
        vector = dataset[i]
        if (vector[-1] not in separated):
            separated[vector[-1]] = []
        separated[vector[-1]].append(vector)
    return separated
```

```
def mean(numbers):
    return safe-div(sum(numbers), float(len(numbers)))
```

```
def stdev(numbers):
    avg = mean(numbers)
    variance = safe-div(sum([pow(x-avg, 2)
                             for x in numbers]), float(len(numbers)-1))
    return math.sqrt(variance)
```

```
def summarize(dataset):
    summaries = [(mean(attribute), stdev(attribute)) for
                  attribute in zip(*dataset)]
```

```
    del summaries[-1]
    return summaries
```

```
def summarizeByClass(dataset):
    separated = separateByClass(dataset)
    summaries = {}
```



```

for classValue, instances in separated.items():
    summaries[classValue] = summarize(instances)
return summaries

```

```

def calculateProbabilities(x, mean, stdev):
    exponent = math.exp(-safe-div(math.pow(x - mean, 2),
                                     (2 * math.pow(stdev, 2))))
    final = safe-div(1, (math.sqrt(2 * math.pi) * stdev))
    * exponent
    return final

```

```

def calculateClassProbabilities(summaries, inputVector):
    probabilities = {}
    for classValue, classSummaries in summaries.items():
        probabilities[classValue] = 1
        for i in range(len(classSummaries)):
            mean, stdev = classSummaries[i]
            x = inputVector[i]
            probabilities[classValue] *= calculateProbabilities
                (x, mean, stdev)
    return probabilities

```

```

def predict(summaries, inputVector):
    probabilities = calculateClassProbabilities(summaries,
                                                inputVector)
    bestLabel, bestProb = None, -1

```



DATE:

PAGE NO.

```
for classValue, probability in probabilities.items():  
    if bestLabel is None or probability > bestProb:  
        bestProb = probability  
        bestLabel = classValue  
return bestLabel.
```

```
def getPrediction(summaries, testSet):  
    predictions = []  
    for i in range(len(testSet)):  
        result = predict(summaries, testSet[i])  
        predictions.append(result)  
    return predictions.
```

```
def getAccuracy(testSet, predictions):  
    correct = 0  
    for i in range(len(testSet)):  
        if testSet[i][-1] == predictions[i]:  
            correct += 1  
    accuracy = safe-div(correct, float(len(testSet)))  
    * 100  
    return accuracy
```

```
def main():  
    filename = 'concept Learning.csv'  
    splitRatio = 0.80  
    dataset = loadCsv(filename)
```

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51

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DATE:

PAGE NO.

```

trainingSet, testSet = splitDataset(dataset, splitRatio)
print('Split {0} rows into'.format(len(dataset)))
print('Number of Training data', + (repr(len(trainingSet))))
print('Number of Test Data', + (repr(len(testSet))))
print('The values assumed for the concept learning attributes are')
print('OUTLOOK => Sunny = 1
              Overcast = 2
              Rain = 3
TEMPERATURE => Hot = 1
              Mild = 2
              Cool = 3
HUMIDITY => High = 1
              Normal = 2
Wind => Weak = 1, Strong = 2')
print('Target Concept Play Tennis' => 'Yes = 10 No = 5')
print('The training set are:')
for x in trainingSet:
    print(x)
print('The Test dataset are:')
for x in testSet:
    print(x)
print("\n")
summaries = summarizeByClass(trainingSet)
predictions = getPredictions(summaries, testSet)
actual = []

```

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53

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```
for i in range(len(testSet)):
    vector = testSet[i]
    actual.append(vector[-1])
print('Actual value: {}'.format(actual))
print('Predictions: {}'.format(predictions))
accuracy = getAccuracy(testSet, predictions)
print('Accuracy: {}'.format(accuracy))
```

```
main()
```



DATE:

Output-

Naive Bayes Classifier for Concept Learning problem  
Split 16 rows into  
Number of Training data 12  
Number of Test data 4

The values assumed for the concept learning attributes are

OUTLOOK  $\Rightarrow$  Sunny = 1 Overcast = 2 Rain = 3

TEMPERATURE  $\Rightarrow$  Hot = 1 Mild = 2 Cool = 3

HUMIDITY  $\Rightarrow$  High = 1 Normal = 2

WIND  $\Rightarrow$  Weak = 1 Strong = 2

Target Concept: Play tennis  $\Rightarrow$  Yes = 10 No = 5

The Training set are:

[1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 5.0]

[1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]

[2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]

[3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 10.0]

[3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]

[3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 2.0, 5.0]

[2.0, 3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 10.0]

[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 1.0, 5.0]

[1.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]

[3.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 10.0]

[1.0, 2.0, 2.0, 2.0, 10.0]

[2.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]

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46

Teacher's Signature



DATE:

The test data set are :

$[2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 10.0]$

$[3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]$

$[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 10.0]$

$[1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 2.0, 5.0]$

Actual values :  $[10.0, 5.0, 10.0, 5.0]$

Predictions :  $[5.0, 10.0, 5.0, 5.0]$

Accuracy 25.0 %.