Importing Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

Importing the dataset

In [3]: df=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Jai Shree Shyam\Desktop\Python Project\hotel_booking.csv'

Explore and Cleaning the data

[n [4]:	df	head()				
out[4]:		hotel	is_canceled	lead_time	arrival_date_year	arrival_date_month	arrival_date_week_numbe
	0	Resort Hotel	0	342	2015	July	2
	1	Resort Hotel	0	737	2015	July	2
	2	Resort Hotel	0	7	2015	July	2
	3	Resort Hotel	0	13	2015	July	2
	4	Resort Hotel	0	14	2015	July	2
	5 ro	ows × 3	6 columns				

Out[5]:

	hotel	is_canceled	lead_time	arrival_date_year	arrival_date_month	arrival_date_week_num
119385	City Hotel	0	23	2017	August	
119386	City Hotel	0	102	2017	August	
119387	City Hotel	0	34	2017	August	
119388	City Hotel	0	109	2017	August	
119389	City Hotel	0	205	2017	August	

5 rows × 36 columns

```
In [12]:
          df.shape
          (119390, 36)
Out[12]:
In [13]:
          df.columns
         Index(['hotel', 'is_canceled', 'lead_time', 'arrival_date_year',
Out[13]:
                 'arrival_date_month', 'arrival_date_week_number',
                 'arrival_date_day_of_month', 'stays_in_weekend_nights',
                 'stays_in_week_nights', 'adults', 'children', 'babies', 'meal',
                 'country', 'market_segment', 'distribution_channel',
                 'is_repeated_guest', 'previous_cancellations',
                 'previous_bookings_not_canceled', 'reserved_room_type',
                 'assigned_room_type', 'booking_changes', 'deposit_type', 'agent',
                 'company', 'days_in_waiting_list', 'customer_type', 'adr',
                 'required_car_parking_spaces', 'total_of_special_requests',
                 'reservation_status', 'reservation_status_date', 'name', 'email',
                 'phone-number', 'credit_card'],
                dtype='object')
In [14]: df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 119390 entries, 0 to 119389
Data columns (total 36 columns):

```
Column
                                 Non-Null Count
                                                Dtype
--- -----
                                 _____
   hotel
0
                                 119390 non-null object
                                 119390 non-null int64
   is canceled
1
   lead time
                                 119390 non-null int64
2
   arrival date year
                                119390 non-null int64
4
   arrival_date_month
                                119390 non-null object
```

arrival_date_week_number 119390 non-null int64 5 6 arrival_date_day_of_month 119390 non-null int64 7 stays_in_weekend_nights 119390 non-null int64 119390 non-null int64 8 stays in week nights adults 119390 non-null int64 10 children 119386 non-null float64 11 babies 119390 non-null int64

11 babies 119390 non-null int64
12 meal 119390 non-null object
13 country 118902 non-null object
14 market_segment 119390 non-null object
15 distribution_channel 119390 non-null object
16 is perpented guest 119390 non-null int64

16is_repeated_guest119390 non-null int6417previous_cancellations119390 non-null int6418previous_bookings_not_canceled119390 non-null int6419reserved_room_type119390 non-null object20assigned_room_type119390 non-null object21booking_changes119390 non-null int64

22 deposit_type 119390 non-null object
23 agent 103050 non-null float64
24 company 6797 non-null float64
25 days_in_waiting_list 119390 non-null int64

26customer_type119390 non-null object27adr119390 non-null float6428required_car_parking_spaces119390 non-null int6429total_of_special_requests119390 non-null int64

30 reservation_status 119390 non-null object 31 reservation_status_date 119390 non-null object 32 name 119390 non-null object

33 email 119390 non-null object
34 phone-number 119390 non-null object

35 credit_card 119390 non-null object dtypes: float64(4), int64(16), object(16)

In [15]: ## Here, reservation_status_date is object type, have to convert into date format f

df["reservation status date"]= pd.to datetime(df["reservation status date"])

In [19]: df.info()

memory usage: 32.8+ MB

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 119390 entries, 0 to 119389
Data columns (total 36 columns):

```
Column
                                  Non-Null Count
                                                  Dtype
--- -----
                                   _____
    hotel
0
                                  119390 non-null object
                                  119390 non-null int64
    is canceled
1
    lead time
                                  119390 non-null int64
2
    arrival date year
                                  119390 non-null int64
4
    arrival_date_month
                                 119390 non-null object
    arrival_date_week_number
                                  119390 non-null int64
5
6
    arrival_date_day_of_month
                                  119390 non-null int64
7
    stays_in_weekend_nights
                                  119390 non-null int64
                                  119390 non-null int64
8
    stays_in_week_nights
9
    adults
                                  119390 non-null int64
10 children
                                  119386 non-null float64
11 babies
                                  119390 non-null int64
12 meal
                                  119390 non-null object
13 country
                                  118902 non-null object
14 market_segment
                                  119390 non-null object
                                 119390 non-null object
15 distribution_channel
                                 119390 non-null int64
16 is_repeated_guest
                                  119390 non-null int64
17 previous cancellations
18 previous_bookings_not_canceled 119390 non-null int64
                                 119390 non-null object
19 reserved_room_type
                                  119390 non-null object
20 assigned_room_type
21 booking_changes
                                 119390 non-null int64
22 deposit_type
                                  119390 non-null object
                                  103050 non-null float64
23 agent
                                  6797 non-null
24 company
                                                  float64
25 days in waiting list
                                  119390 non-null int64
26 customer_type
                                  119390 non-null object
27 adr
                                  119390 non-null float64
                                  119390 non-null int64
28 required_car_parking_spaces
                                  119390 non-null int64
29 total_of_special_requests
30 reservation_status
                                  119390 non-null object
31 reservation_status_date
                                  119390 non-null datetime64[ns]
32 name
                                  119390 non-null object
33 email
                                  119390 non-null object
34 phone-number
                                  119390 non-null object
35 credit card
                                  119390 non-null object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(4), int64(16), object(15)
memory usage: 32.8+ MB
```

In [21]: df.describe().T

Out[21]:		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	7
	is_canceled	119390.0	0.370416	0.482918	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	lead_time	119390.0	104.011416	106.863097	0.00	18.00	69.000	16
	arrival_date_year	119390.0	2016.156554	0.707476	2015.00	2016.00	2016.000	20
	arrival_date_week_number	119390.0	27.165173	13.605138	1.00	16.00	28.000	3
	arrival_date_day_of_month	119390.0	15.798241	8.780829	1.00	8.00	16.000	í
	stays_in_weekend_nights	119390.0	0.927599	0.998613	0.00	0.00	1.000	
	stays_in_week_nights	119390.0	2.500302	1.908286	0.00	1.00	2.000	
	adults	119390.0	1.856403	0.579261	0.00	2.00	2.000	
	children	119386.0	0.103890	0.398561	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	babies	119390.0	0.007949	0.097436	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	is_repeated_guest	119390.0	0.031912	0.175767	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	previous_cancellations	119390.0	0.087118	0.844336	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	previous_bookings_not_canceled	119390.0	0.137097	1.497437	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	booking_changes	119390.0	0.221124	0.652306	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	agent	103050.0	86.693382	110.774548	1.00	9.00	14.000	22
	company	6797.0	189.266735	131.655015	6.00	62.00	179.000	27
	days_in_waiting_list	119390.0	2.321149	17.594721	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	adr	119390.0	101.831122	50.535790	-6.38	69.29	94.575	12
	required_car_parking_spaces	119390.0	0.062518	0.245291	0.00	0.00	0.000	
	total_of_special_requests	119390.0	0.571363	0.792798	0.00	0.00	0.000	
4								•

In [23]: # Checking distribution of categorical columns
 df.describe(include=object).T

Out[23]:

count unique top freq **hotel** 119390 2 City Hotel 79330 arrival_date_month 119390 12 August 13877 meal 119390 5 ВВ 92310 **country** 118902 177 PRT 48590 market_segment 119390 8 Online TA 56477 distribution_channel 119390 5 TA/TO 97870 reserved_room_type 119390 10 85994 assigned_room_type 119390 12 74053 deposit_type 119390 3 No Deposit 104641 customer_type 119390 Transient 89613 3 reservation_status 119390 Check-Out 75166 name 119390 81503 Michael Johnson 48 115889 Michael.C@gmail.com 6 **email** 119390 phone-number 119390 119390 669-792-1661 1

9000

credit_card 119390

```
In [24]: # Fetching all categorical columns with all unique values.

for col in df.describe(include="object").columns:
    print(col)
    print(df[col].unique())
    print('--'*60)
```

******4923

28

```
hotel
['Resort Hotel' 'City Hotel']
arrival_date_month
['July' 'August' 'September' 'October' 'November' 'December' 'January'
 'February' 'March' 'April' 'May' 'June']
-----
mea⊥
['BB' 'FB' 'HB' 'SC' 'Undefined']
______
_____
['PRT' 'GBR' 'USA' 'ESP' 'IRL' 'FRA' nan 'ROU' 'NOR' 'OMN' 'ARG' 'POL'
 'DEU' 'BEL' 'CHE' 'CN' 'GRC' 'ITA' 'NLD' 'DNK' 'RUS' 'SWE' 'AUS' 'EST'
 'CZE' 'BRA' 'FIN' 'MOZ' 'BWA' 'LUX' 'SVN' 'ALB' 'IND' 'CHN' 'MEX' 'MAR'
 'UKR' 'SMR' 'LVA' 'PRI' 'SRB' 'CHL' 'AUT' 'BLR' 'LTU' 'TUR' 'ZAF' 'AGO'
 'ISR' 'CYM' 'ZMB' 'CPV' 'ZWE' 'DZA' 'KOR' 'CRI' 'HUN' 'ARE' 'TUN' 'JAM'
 'HRV' 'HKG' 'IRN' 'GEO' 'AND' 'GIB' 'URY' 'JEY' 'CAF' 'CYP' 'COL' 'GGY'
 'KWT' 'NGA' 'MDV' 'VEN' 'SVK' 'FJI' 'KAZ' 'PAK' 'IDN' 'LBN' 'PHL' 'SEN'
 'SYC' 'AZE' 'BHR' 'NZL' 'THA' 'DOM' 'MKD' 'MYS' 'ARM' 'JPN' 'LKA' 'CUB'
 'CMR' 'BIH' 'MUS' 'COM' 'SUR' 'UGA' 'BGR' 'CIV' 'JOR' 'SYR' 'SGP' 'BDI'
 'SAU' 'VNM' 'PLW' 'QAT' 'EGY' 'PER' 'MLT' 'MWI' 'ECU' 'MDG' 'ISL' 'UZB'
 'NPL' 'BHS' 'MAC' 'TGO' 'TWN' 'DJI' 'STP' 'KNA' 'ETH' 'IRQ' 'HND' 'RWA'
 'KHM' 'MCO' 'BGD' 'IMN' 'TJK' 'NIC' 'BEN' 'VGB' 'TZA' 'GAB' 'GHA' 'TMP'
 'GLP' 'KEN' 'LIE' 'GNB' 'MNE' 'UMI' 'MYT' 'FRO' 'MMR' 'PAN' 'BFA' 'LBY'
 'MLI' 'NAM' 'BOL' 'PRY' 'BRB' 'ABW' 'AIA' 'SLV' 'DMA' 'PYF' 'GUY' 'LCA'
 'ATA' 'GTM' 'ASM' 'MRT' 'NCL' 'KIR' 'SDN' 'ATF' 'SLE' 'LAO']
market_segment
['Direct' 'Corporate' 'Online TA' 'Offline TA/TO' 'Complementary' 'Groups'
 'Undefined' 'Aviation']
distribution_channel
['Direct' 'Corporate' 'TA/TO' 'Undefined' 'GDS']
reserved_room_type
['C' 'A' 'D' 'E' 'G' 'F' 'H' 'L' 'P' 'B']
-----
assigned_room_type
['C' 'A' 'D' 'E' 'G' 'F' 'I' 'B' 'H' 'P' 'L' 'K']
______
deposit type
['No Deposit' 'Refundable' 'Non Refund']
customer_type
['Transient' 'Contract' 'Transient-Party' 'Group']
reservation_status
['Check-Out' 'Canceled' 'No-Show']
______
name
['Ernest Barnes' 'Andrea Baker' 'Rebecca Parker' ... 'Wesley Aguilar'
 'Caroline Conley MD' 'Ariana Michael']
```

```
email
         ['Ernest.Barnes31@outlook.com' 'Andrea_Baker94@aol.com'
          'Rebecca_Parker@comcast.net' ... 'Mary_Morales@hotmail.com'
          'MD_Caroline@comcast.net' 'Ariana_M@xfinity.com']
         ______
         phone-number
         ['669-792-1661' '858-637-6955' '652-885-2745' ... '395-518-4100'
          '531-528-1017' '422-804-6403']
         credit card
         '***********9170' '********6349' '*********7959'<u>]</u>
In [25]: df.isna().sum()
                                              0
        hotel
Out[25]:
         is_canceled
                                              0
         lead_time
                                              a
         arrival_date_year
                                              0
         arrival_date_month
                                              0
         arrival_date_week_number
                                              0
         arrival_date_day_of_month
                                              0
         stays_in_weekend_nights
                                              0
                                              a
         stays_in_week_nights
         adults
                                              0
         children
                                              4
         babies
                                              0
        meal
                                              0
         country
                                            488
        market_segment
                                              0
         distribution channel
                                              0
         is_repeated_guest
                                              0
         previous cancellations
                                              0
         previous_bookings_not_canceled
                                              0
         reserved_room_type
                                              a
                                              0
         assigned_room_type
         booking changes
                                              0
         deposit type
                                              0
         agent
                                          16340
                                         112593
         company
         days_in_waiting_list
                                              a
         customer_type
                                              0
         adr
                                              0
         required_car_parking_spaces
                                              0
         total_of_special_requests
                                              0
         reservation_status
                                              0
                                              a
         reservation status date
         name
                                              0
         email
                                              0
         phone-number
                                              0
         credit_card
                                              0
         dtype: int64
In [26]:
         # Here we drop agent column which is not required for analysis
         # And company column has almost null equvivalent to no of row so it also not requir
In [27]:
         df.drop(["company","agent"],axis=1,inplace=True)
         df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [28]:
          # Further more customer_name, email and phone-number, credit_card columns are not r
          df.drop(["name","email","phone-number","credit_card"],axis=1,inplace=True)
In [29]:
          df.head()
Out[29]:
              hotel is_canceled lead_time arrival_date_year arrival_date_month arrival_date_week_number
             Resort
                             0
                                     342
                                                    2015
                                                                                                  27
                                                                        July
              Hotel
             Resort
                             0
                                     737
                                                     2015
                                                                        July
                                                                                                  27
              Hotel
             Resort
                             0
                                       7
                                                     2015
                                                                        July
                                                                                                  27
              Hotel
             Resort
                             0
                                                     2015
                                                                                                  27
                                      13
                                                                        July
              Hotel
             Resort
                             0
                                      14
                                                     2015
                                                                        July
                                                                                                  27
              Hotel
         5 rows × 30 columns
In [32]:
          # column country and children having some missing values so, we drop it.
          df.dropna(inplace=True)
In [33]:
          df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 118898 entries, 0 to 119389
Data columns (total 30 columns):

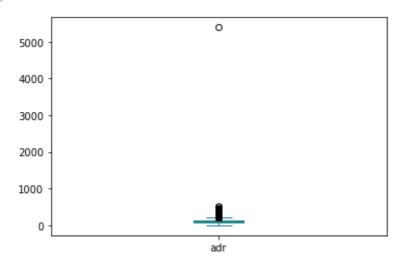
```
# Column
                                  Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                                  _____
0 hotel
                                  118898 non-null object
                                  118898 non-null int64
  is canceled
1
   lead_time
                                 118898 non-null int64
2
3 arrival date year
                                118898 non-null int64
4
   arrival_date_month
                                118898 non-null object
    arrival_date_week_number
                                118898 non-null int64
5
6
    arrival_date_day_of_month
                                 118898 non-null int64
7
    stays_in_weekend_nights
                                 118898 non-null int64
                                 118898 non-null int64
8
    stays_in_week_nights
9
    adults
                                 118898 non-null int64
10 children
                                 118898 non-null float64
11 babies
                                 118898 non-null int64
12 meal
                                 118898 non-null object
13 country
                                 118898 non-null object
14 market_segment
                                118898 non-null object
15 distribution_channel
                                118898 non-null object
16 is_repeated_guest
                                118898 non-null int64
                                118898 non-null int64
17 previous_cancellations
18 previous_bookings_not_canceled 118898 non-null int64
19 reserved_room_type
                                118898 non-null object
                                118898 non-null object
20 assigned_room_type
21 booking_changes
                                118898 non-null int64
22 deposit_type
                                 118898 non-null object
                                 118898 non-null int64
23 days_in_waiting_list
 24 customer_type
                                 118898 non-null object
25 adr
                                 118898 non-null float64
26 required car parking spaces
                                118898 non-null int64
27 total_of_special_requests
                                118898 non-null int64
28 reservation_status
                                118898 non-null object
29 reservation_status_date
                                118898 non-null datetime64[ns]
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(2), int64(16), object(11)
memory usage: 28.1+ MB
```

In [34]: df.describe().T

4.17 PIVI		L	Jala Analysis(no	iei booking)				
Out[34]:		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%
	is_canceled	118898.0	0.371352	0.483168	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.0
	lead_time	118898.0	104.311435	106.903309	0.00	18.0	69.0	161.0
	arrival_date_year	118898.0	2016.157656	0.707459	2015.00	2016.0	2016.0	2017.0
	arrival_date_week_number	118898.0	27.166555	13.589971	1.00	16.0	28.0	38.0
	arrival_date_day_of_month	118898.0	15.800880	8.780324	1.00	8.0	16.0	23.0
	stays_in_weekend_nights	118898.0	0.928897	0.996216	0.00	0.0	1.0	2.0
	stays_in_week_nights	118898.0	2.502145	1.900168	0.00	1.0	2.0	3.0
	adults	118898.0	1.858391	0.578576	0.00	2.0	2.0	2.0
	children	118898.0	0.104207	0.399172	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	babies	118898.0	0.007948	0.097380	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	is_repeated_guest	118898.0	0.032011	0.176029	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	previous_cancellations	118898.0	0.087142	0.845869	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	previous_bookings_not_canceled	118898.0	0.131634	1.484672	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	booking_changes	118898.0	0.221181	0.652785	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	days_in_waiting_list	118898.0	2.330754	17.630452	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	adr	118898.0	102.003243	50.485862	-6.38	70.0	95.0	126.0
	required_car_parking_spaces	118898.0	0.061885	0.244172	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	total_of_special_requests	118898.0	0.571683	0.792678	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.0
								>
In [36]:	# Here adr [average_daily_r	rate] col	umn has out	lier				
	df["adr"].plot(kind="box")							

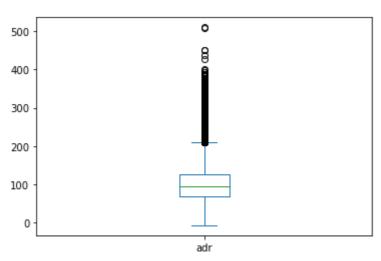
```
In [36]:
         df["adr"].plot(kind="box")
```

<AxesSubplot:> Out[36]:



```
In [37]: # droping outlier
          df=df[df["adr"]<5000]</pre>
          df["adr"].plot(kind="box")
In [38]:
```

Out[38]: <AxesSubplot:>



In [39]:	df.describe().T							
Out[39]:		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%
	is_canceled	118897.0	0.371347	0.483167	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.0
	lead_time	118897.0	104.312018	106.903570	0.00	18.0	69.0	161.0
	arrival_date_year	118897.0	2016.157657	0.707462	2015.00	2016.0	2016.0	2017.0
	arrival_date_week_number	118897.0	27.166674	13.589966	1.00	16.0	28.0	38.0
	arrival_date_day_of_month	118897.0	15.800802	8.780321	1.00	8.0	16.0	23.0
	stays_in_weekend_nights	118897.0	0.928905	0.996217	0.00	0.0	1.0	2.0
	stays_in_week_nights	118897.0	2.502157	1.900171	0.00	1.0	2.0	3.0
	adults	118897.0	1.858390	0.578578	0.00	2.0	2.0	2.0
	children	118897.0	0.104208	0.399174	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	babies	118897.0	0.007948	0.097381	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	is_repeated_guest	118897.0	0.032011	0.176030	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	previous_cancellations	118897.0	0.087143	0.845872	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	previous_bookings_not_canceled	118897.0	0.131635	1.484678	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	booking_changes	118897.0	0.221175	0.652784	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	days_in_waiting_list	118897.0	2.330774	17.630525	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	adr	118897.0	101.958683	48.091199	-6.38	70.0	95.0	126.0
	required_car_parking_spaces	118897.0	0.061885	0.244173	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0
	total_of_special_requests	118897.0	0.571688	0.792680	0.00	0.0	0.0	1.0
4								•

Data Analysis and Visualizations

```
### 1- Cancellation and 0- Not Canceled

## Here cancelation percentage is around 37% which is quite more and not managable
## then it will manageable.

plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
plt.title("Reservation status count")
plt.bar(["Not Cancelled","Cancelled"],df["is_canceled"].value_counts(),edgecolor= plt.show()
```

62.8737.13

Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64



Cancellation percentage based on hotel

```
In [53]: plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
    ax1=sns.countplot(x="hotel",hue="is_canceled",data=df,palette='Oranges')

plt.title("Reservation status in different hotels",size=20)
    plt.xlabel("hotel")
    plt.ylabel("number of reservations")
    plt.show()
```

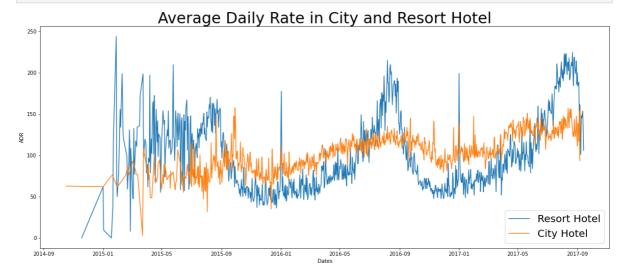


```
In [57]: # cancellation percentage for resort hotel
    resort_hotel= df[df["hotel"]== "Resort Hotel"]
```

hotel

```
cancel_perc= np.round((resort_hotel["is_canceled"].value_counts(normalize=True))*1@
         cancel_perc
              72.02
Out[57]:
              27.98
         Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64
In [59]: # cancellation percentage for City Hotel
         city hotel=df[df["hotel"]=="City Hotel"]
         cancel_perc= np.round((city_hotel["is_canceled"].value_counts(normalize=True))*100)
         cancel_perc
              58.0
Out[59]:
              42.0
         Name: is_canceled, dtype: float64
         ## City Hotel having high cancel percent which is 42 % comparision to Resort Hotel
In [60]:
```

Checking the Price Effect on Cancellation

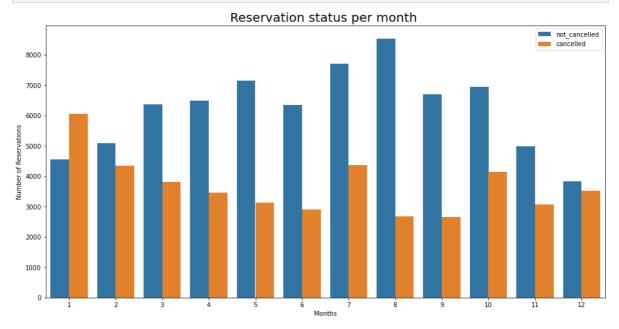


Here City hotel line is in mid of the Resort hotel as it states that the price of City hotel is less than City hotel price and spikes in the lines shows that it is due weekends and seasonal rates.

Checking Reservation and Cancellation Rate based on Months

```
In [77]: df["month"]= df["reservation_status_date"].dt.month
  plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
  ax1= sns.countplot(x="month",hue="is_canceled",data=df)
  plt.title("Reservation status per month ",size=20)
  plt.xlabel("Months")
```

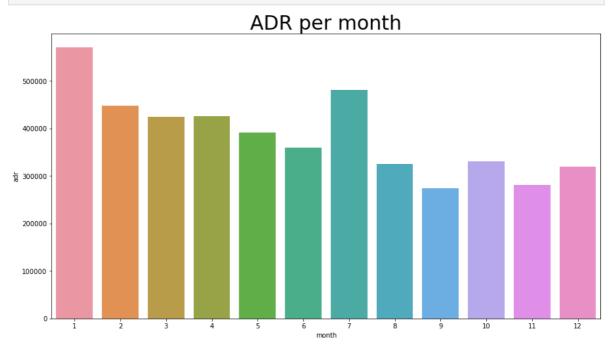
```
plt.ylabel("Number of Reservations")
plt.legend(["not_cancelled","cancelled"])
plt.show()
```



- 1.) In January there is maximum cancellation as comparision other followed by july and so on. 2.) In August there is minimum cancellation as comparision other followed by september and so on.
- 1.) In August there is maximum non-cancellation as comparision to others followed by july and so on. 2.) In December there is minimum non-cancellation as comparision to others followed by january and so on.

Checking effect of price on cancellation rate month wise

```
In [78]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))
    plt.title("ADR per month",fontsize=30)
    sns.barplot("month","adr", data=df[df["is_canceled"]==1].groupby("month")[["adr"]]
    plt.show()
```



Here Adr in August is comparatively less followed by september and in august the cancellation is low.

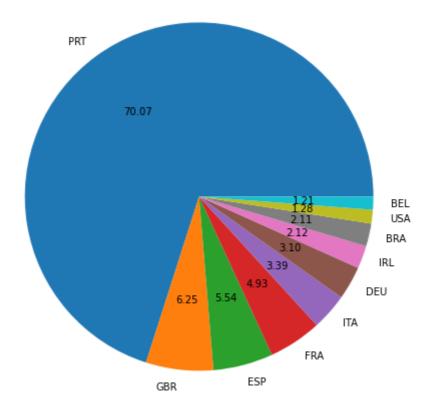
In January the ADR is high and cancellation rate is high in that particular month.

So, it proves the Cancellation depends on prices of the hotel.

Checking Cancellation rate with respect to top 10 countries.

```
In [82]: cancelled_data= df[df["is_canceled"]==1]
  top_10_countries= cancelled_data["country"].value_counts()[:10]
  plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
  plt.title("Top 10 countries with reservation cancelled")
  plt.pie(top_10_countries,autopct="%.2f",labels=top_10_countries.index)
  plt.show()
```

Top 10 countries with reservation cancelled



Here, PRT[Portugal] Country has maximum percent of cancellation rate.

Hotels Should work on price factors in PRT, Do promotional campagins adopting better system and facilites.

Checking the clients coming from which source.

```
In [86]: np.round((df["market_segment"].value_counts(normalize=True))*100,2)
```

```
Online TA
                          47.44
Out[86]:
         Offline TA/TO
                           20.32
         Groups
                          16.66
         Direct
                          10.47
                           4.30
         Corporate
         Complementary
                            0.62
                            0.20
         Aviation
         Name: market_segment, dtype: float64
```

Checking cancellation with market_segment

```
In [92]: np.round((cancelled data["market segment"].value counts(normalize=True))*100,2)
         Online TA
                           46.97
Out[92]:
          Groups
                           27.40
          Offline TA/TO
                           18.75
          Direct
                            4.35
          Corporate
                            2.22
          Complementary
                            0.20
          Aviation
                            0.12
          Name: market_segment, dtype: float64
          Here, Clients are mostly coming from Online TA and our assumption is that mostly clients
```

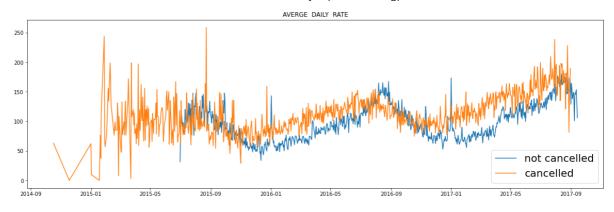
are coming from Offline TA/TO.

Cancellation Rate is mostly on Online TA.

Online Regestration is 47.44% Online Cancellation is 46.97%

It Suggest Clients book hotels by viewing sites but they when they actual visit the hotel it might be not same when they see while booking. It may be the reason for high cancellation by Online TA.

Checking ADR for cancelled and non-cancelled



In	[]:	
In	[]:	
In	[]:	