## Homework 2

## Due 09/17/2024

September 12, 2024

Analyze the worst-case time complexity of the algorithms below. You may express their complexity using Big-Oh or Big-Theta. If you use Big-Oh, you should give a *tight* upper bound on the complexity (the smallest possible valid bound). For example, if an algorithm has a complexity of  $\Theta(n^3)$ , then  $O(n^3)$  is a tight upper bound, but  $O(n^4)$  is not.

Show all work.

1.

```
Input: n: positive integer
Input: k: positive integer
1 Algorithm: LoopMystery1
2 ret = 0
3 for i = 1 to n do
4 | for j = i to n step k do
5 | for \ell = 0 to k do
6 | ret = ret + i(j + \ell)
7 | end
8 | end
9 end
10 return mystery
```

2.

```
Input: n: positive integer

1 Algorithm: LoopMystery2

2 ret = 0

3 i = 1

4 max = n \cdot n \cdot n

5 while i \leq max do

6 | ret = ret + i|

7 | i = 2i|

8 end

9 return ret
```

3. Answer the following questions about the worst-case complexity of the recursive algorithm below.

```
Input: n: positive integer

1 Algorithm: RecursionMystery

2 if n = 1 then

3 | return 1

4 else

5 | ret = 0

6 | for i = 1 to n - 1 do

7 | ret = ret + \text{RecursionMystery}(i)

8 | end

9 | return ret

10 end
```

- (a) What is the *nonrecursive* complexity of a single call to Recursion-Mystery with an input of size k?
- (b) Sketch a recursion tree for n = 4. How many recursive calls are there of size 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively?
- (c) Sketch a recursion tree for n = 5. How many recursive calls are there of size 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively?
- (d) Write a summation that approximates the time complexity for RecursionMystery(n). You do not need to simplify this summation.