EXPERIMENT - 7

IMPLEMENTATION OF UNCERTAIN METHODS FOR AN APPLICATION

AIM

To implement Monty Hall Problem using cpp programming.

ALGORITHM

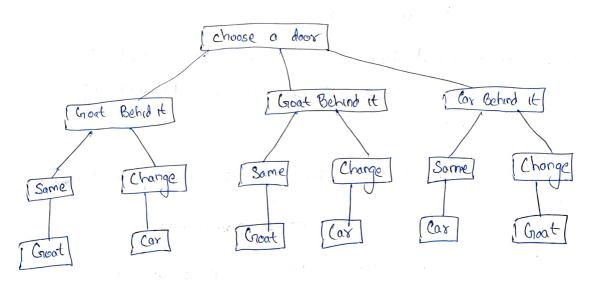
- I the main goal by the pozzle is to maximise the chances to win the game in the beginning the guest can choose one of those doors. The player can beep the same door or switch to other door the aim is to calculate the probability with and without switching
- 2. Suppose guest start from door one the host shows other door that does not contain the car
- 3 If the car is behind door 1. Then often guest picks door 1 the host opens either 2 or 3 and guest switches to remaining doors and loses
- A. If the car is behind door 2 then opter the guest picks I the host switches to 3. The guest chooses 2 and wins
- 5. If the car is behind door 3 then guest picks door number 1, the host is forced to open door 2 then guest switches to door 3 and wins
- 6. This in 2 of 3 probabilities there are more chances of winning, chances of winning is 2/3 due to switcey

According to Boyels Theosem $P(\frac{A}{3}) = P(\frac{B}{A}) \times P(A)$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \times 0 + \frac{1}{3} \times 1$ $= \frac{1}{3}$

7. The chances that is behind door I is \frac{1}{3}. As the 2 doors are left now they will have \frac{1}{2} probability of getting chosen

8. When guest chooses gate I the host shows good behind door 2 it the car is behind door 2. host opens door 3 so the probability is $\frac{1}{3}$.

WORKING



RESULT

Monty Hall problem was executed and veryled

