

parity check Matrix H.

$$H = [P \quad I_m]_{m \times n}$$

$$\underline{m = n - k}$$

$$H^T = \begin{bmatrix} P^T \\ I_m \end{bmatrix}$$

Relationship between G and H

$$G = [I_k \quad P^T]$$

$$H = [P \quad I_m]$$

$$\text{Now } GH^T = [I_k \quad P^T] \begin{bmatrix} P^T \\ I_m \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= P^T \oplus P^T$$

$$= 0$$

Syndrome Decoding

c: transmitted code

x: received code

$$x = c + e \quad e \text{ error}$$

we evaluate xH^T

$$= (c \oplus e) H^T$$

$$= cH^T \oplus eH^T$$

$$= dGH^T \oplus eH^T$$

$$= d(0) \oplus eH^T$$

$$= 0 \oplus eH^T$$

$$= eH^T$$

$$= s$$

syndrome of x.

we can identify the error position by comparing s to the rows of H^T

$$H = [P \quad I_m]$$

$$m = n - k = 6 - 3 = 3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.1 For a (6,3) systematic linear block code, the three parity-check bits c_4, c_5 and c_6 are formed from the following equations.

$$c_4 = d_1 \oplus d_3, \quad c_5 = d_1 \oplus d_2 \oplus d_3, \quad c_6 = d_1 \oplus d_2$$

- Write down the generator matrix G
- Construct all possible code words
- Suppose that the received code is 010111, decode it

Solution

$$(a) \quad P = \begin{matrix} & d_1 & d_2 & d_3 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$G = [I_3 \quad P^T]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) \quad c = dG$$

data	code
000	000000
001	001110
010	010011
011	011101
100	100111
101	101001
110	110100
111	111010

$$(c) \quad z = \cancel{01001} 010111$$

$$s = zH^T$$

$$= [0 \ 10 \ 111] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [1 \ 0 \ 0]$$

s is equal to fourth row of H^T , an error is at fourth bit.

$$z = 0 \ 10 \ 111$$

$$c = 0 \ 10 \ 011$$

$$d = 010$$

Q-2 A parity check code has the parity check Matrix

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Determine the generator matrix G .

(b) Find the code word that begins with 101...

(c) If received code word is 110110, decode this received word.

Sol

$$\therefore H = [P^T \quad I_m]_{m \times n}$$

$$P^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$m=3$$

$$n=6$$

$$k = n - m \\ = 6 - 3 \\ = 3$$

$$(a) \quad G = [I_k \quad P^T]$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) first k bit of code is data

$$c = 101---$$

$$d = 101$$

$$\text{Now } c = dG$$

$$= [1 \ 0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1]$$

$$(c) \quad S = rH^T$$

$$= [1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= [0 \ 1 \ 1]$$

S is equal to 2nd row of H^T

so error in its second bit

$$r = 110110$$

$$c = 100110 \Rightarrow d = 100$$