

Shannon - limit (Rate/B.W. & signal to Noise Ratio Trade off).

$$C = B \log_2 (1 + S/N)$$

transmitted power $S = E_b C$ when

E_b is transmitted Energy per bit and
 C is channel capacity bits/sec

$$\text{and Noise power } N = \frac{n}{2} \times 2B$$

$$= nB$$

therefore above Equation becomes

$$C = B \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{E_b C}{nB} \right)$$

$$\frac{C}{B} = \log_2 \left(1 + \frac{E_b}{n} \times \frac{C}{B} \right)$$

$$\frac{C}{B} = \frac{1}{\log_2} \log_e \left(1 + \frac{E_b}{n} \times \frac{C}{B} \right)$$

$$\frac{C}{B} \log_e 2 = \log_e \left(1 + \frac{E_b}{n} \times \frac{C}{B} \right)$$

$$\log_e (2)^{C/B} = \log_e \left(1 + \frac{E_b}{n} \times \frac{C}{B} \right)$$

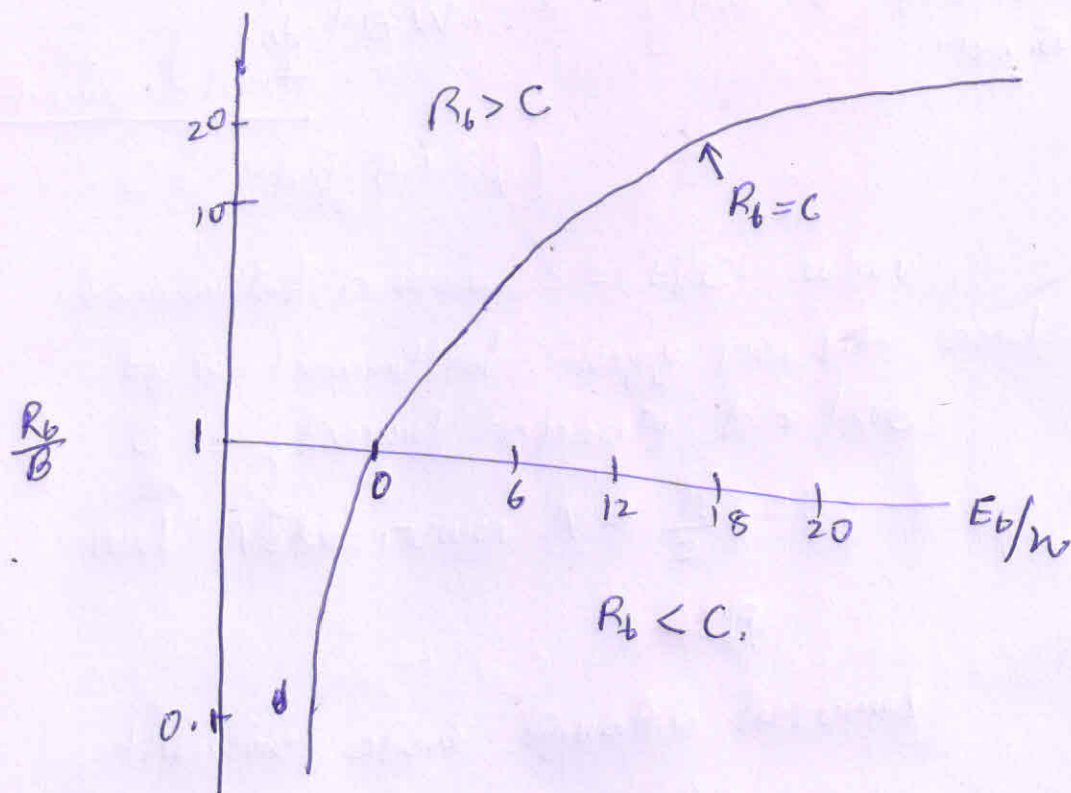
$$2^{C/B} = 1 + \frac{E_b}{n} \times \frac{C}{B}$$

$$\frac{E_b}{n} = \frac{2^{C/B} - 1}{C/B}$$

When $C = R_b$.

$$\frac{E_b}{n} = \frac{2^{R_b/B} - 1}{R_b/B}$$

$$\frac{R_b}{B} = \text{Rate B.W.}$$



Diagram

We know that

$$C_{\infty} = 1.44 \frac{S}{N}$$

$$\therefore S = E_b C = E_b C_{\infty}$$

$$C_{\infty} = 1.44 \frac{E_b C_{\infty}}{N}$$

$$\frac{E_b}{N} = \frac{1}{1.44} = 0.693$$

$$\left(\frac{E_b}{N} \right)_{dB} = \boxed{-1.6 \text{ dB}}$$

Shannon's Limit.

Q.1. Verify that $H(x, y) = H(x|y) + H(y)$

Solution We know that

$$H(x|y) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i, y_j) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$H(y) = - \sum_{j=1}^n P(y_j) \log P(y_j) \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$H(x, y) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i, y_j) \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

And

$$P(x_i, y_j) = P(x_i|y_j) P(y_j) \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

and $\sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) = P(y_j) \quad \text{--- (5)}$

So

from eq (3)

$$H(x, y) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i, y_j)$$

from eq (4)

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) [\log P(x_i|y_j) + \log P(y_j)]$$

$$\therefore \log MN = \log M + \log N$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) [\log P(x_i|y_j) + \log P(y_j)]$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i|y_j) - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(y_j)$$

from eq (1)

$$= H(x|y) - \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\sum_{i=1}^m P(x_i, y_j) \right) \log P(y_j)$$

from eq (5)

$$= H(x|y) - \sum_{j=1}^n P(y_j) \log P(y_j)$$

$$\boxed{H(x, y) = H(x|y) + H(y)}$$

Q2. Verify that $H(x, y) = H(x) + H(y|x)$.

Solution : Using definition.

$$H(x, y) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i, y_j)$$

$$\because P(x_i, y_j) = P(x_i) P(y_j|x_i)$$

$$H(x, y) = - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log \{P(x_i) P(y_j|x_i)\}$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) [\log P(x_i) + \log P(y_j|x_i)]$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(x_i) - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(y_j|x_i)$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m \left(\sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \right) \log P(x_i) - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(y_j|x_i)$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m P(x_i) \log P(x_i) - \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log P(y_j|x_i)$$

$$= H(x) + H(y|x)$$

Mutual Information

$$I(x; y) = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 \frac{p(x_i, y_j)}{p(x_i)}.$$

$$I(y; x) = \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^m p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 \frac{p(y_j, x_i)}{p(y_j)}.$$

$$(A) \quad \therefore p(x_i, y_j) = p(x_i) p(y_j | x_i) = p(x_i | y_j) p(y_j) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{p(y_j | x_i)}{p(y_j)} = \frac{p(x_i | y_j)}{p(x_i)}.$$

$$\text{so } I(x; y) = I(y; x)$$

$$(B) \quad \text{prove } I(x; y) = H(x) - H(x|y).$$

$$\therefore \cancel{H(x|y)} = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 \frac{p(x_i | y_j)}{p(x_i)}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n p(x_i, y_j) \left[\log_2 p(x_i | y_j) - \log_2 p(x_i) \right]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 p(x_i | y_j)$$

$$- \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 p(x_i).$$

$$= - \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\sum_{i=1}^m p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 p(x_i) \right) + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^m p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 p(x_i | y_j)$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^m p(x_i) \log_2 p(x_i) + \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^m p(x_i, y_j) \log_2 p(x_i | y_j)$$

$$= H(x) - H(x|y).$$